THE DAILY GAZETTE:
PUBLISHED BY
KING, REED & CO.,
Corner Sixth Ave. and Smithfield St.
JOSIAH KING, N. P. REED,
T. P. HOUSTON, H. M. LONG,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.
TERMS OF THE DAILY:
By mail, per year.........$10.00

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED IN 1786. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1870. VOL. LXXXV.—NO. 251.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
IS THE BEST AND CHEAPEST
Commercial and Family Newspaper
PUBLISHED IN WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.
No farmer, mechanic, or merchant should be without it.
TERMS:
Single subscription.........$1.50.
Clubs of five.........1.25.
Clubs of ten.........1.15.
A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a Club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents. Address,
KING, REED & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

THE RESULTS.

The elections held yesterday generally passed off quietly. No very serious riots or disturbances occurred in any of the States. In Wilmington, Delaware, and Camden, New Jersey, slight riots occurred between the blacks and whites at the polls. In New York the disturbances were trifling and a quiet and orderly election was secured. Up to three o'clock this morning we are without any very definite returns, and summarize those we have received, as follows:

The returns thus far received from New York indicate the election of Hoffman for Governor by about six thousand majority. We incline to think, however, that it will rise to fifteen or eighteen thousand. The re-election of Oakey Hall, Tammany Democrat, is conceded. The XIth and XIIth Congressional Districts which were regarded as doubtful have been saved while we have lost the XVth District. The city districts are yet in doubt.

In Massachusetts George Claflin, Republican, is re-elected by an increased majority on an increased popular vote. Wendell Phillips, the Independent candidate for Governor received a less vote than his opponents conceded him, developing but little personal popularity. J Quincy Adams, the defeated candidate for Governor, has been elected to the Legislature. All the Republican delegates went safely through.

Kentucky has gone Democratic, but there are hopes that we have gained a Republican Congressman in the eighth district. The delegation at present is entirely Democratic. Had less apathy prevailed we might have gained other members in the close districts. We expected nothing better from Kentucky, however, as she is so closely wedded to the old slave party. The colored vote throughout the State was right, being polled almost solid for the Republican party.

In Illinois we have the State ticket and the Congressional delegation remains unchanged. The Democracy counted on a gain of one, but the delegation will stand nine Republicans to four Democrats. Our majority was 51,150 for Grant in 1868. It is materially reduced on a smaller popular vote.

Michigan gives over twenty thousand majority, electing all the State officers and sending a full delegation to Congress. No report as to vote on the four constitutional amendments.

Maryland has re-elected her five Democratic Congressmen.

Delaware has probably gone Democratic, but the election is close. The colored voters were beaten away from the polls, and in many instances deterred from voting.

Louisiana has given a large Republican majority.

Florida is safe for the Republicans.

Arkansas gives signs that the Republicans have elected two members of Congress out of the three to be selected.

Virginia has filled all her Congressional districts with Republicans.

Minnesota has elected both Republican Congressmen.

Tennessee is doubtful, with strong probability of a Republican majority. The election was close. She elects a Governor and member of Congress.

We have lost nothing in Wisconsin, the delegation standing as before, Republicans 5, Democrats 1.

—By later returns it appears that we have lost the Milwaukee District, Alex. Mitchell, Democrat, being elected.

Horace Greely, the venerable journalist, has been defeated in the VIth Congressional District of New York, by the carpet bag free trader S. S. Cox, better known as "Shoo Fly" Cox.

A Bolt, *a la Commercial*, from the ranks of the regular Republican party in Chicago, has ended in an ignominious failure and the old party has triumphed. It is an unhealthy business to set up demagogues and tricksters as candidates on a reform platform, for the people generally think and consider before they cast their votes for such. The mortification and disappointment of the *Times* and *Tribune* over the result of their indirect efforts to elect the Democratic ticket of Cook county can best be interpreted and explained by our neighbor of "Brimstone corner," who has been ground in the same mill. Verily, the way of the wicked is hard.

The Reds of France, these disorganizers of society and reckless partisans to whom deliberation is foreign and wise actions unknown, have been hounding Thiers with the death cry because forsooth, the persistent efforts of the grand and venerable old statesman failed to bring France out of the war with France unimpaired and forgiven her transgressions.

That is a high colored and delicately tinted picture of the condition of affairs in Germany as furnished this morning by the special correspondent of the New York *World*. It will be remembered, however, that the *World* sketches from French standpoints and hence the picture is considerably overwrought at the expense of Prussia.

Gen. Trochu, it appears, was the opposing wedge that broke the armistice and in the name of France invited the continuance of war.

Verdun has fallen into Prussian hands by capitulation.

HORRIBLE CRIME.

A Wife-Murderer Makes his Sons Bury the Victim, and Plow over the Grave.

A dispatch from Fort Wayne on Sunday says: A most horrible murder, committed nine miles south of Lima, Ohio, has just come to light. A man named Andrew Brentlinger murdered his wife near his house, on Monday afternoon, about 2 o'clock, by stabbing her eight times in the breast and four times in the abdomen. He threatened the lives of his children if they informed on him, and by his directions two of his sons buried the body near the house, and then in order to remove all traces of the grave, plowed and harrowed all over the spot.

Yesterday his children told some of their neighbors of the affair, and an examination was immediately made which revealed the crime in all its horrible nature. Brentlinger has since confessed, and is now confined in the Lima jail. His trial will probably take place at the present term of the court. The age of the murderer is fifty; that of his victim but twenty-five. She was his second wife. He claims to have murdered her on account of her being too intimate with a neighbor.

Another Railroad Express Robbery.

[By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

San Francisco, Nov. 7.—A dispatch dated Reno to-day says that on Saturday evening the east bound train was stopped at [illegible] by five men, supposed to be deserters from Camp [illegible]. The engine and express car were detached from the train and run a few miles ahead. The [illegible] and the messenger [illegible]. A special train was [illegible] and [illegible] arrived at the place of the robbery a few hours later. A glove was found on the [illegible] with the name of [illegible] in it. [illegible] is the soldier who killed a woman at Camp [illegible] about two weeks ago and escaped from the guard house. [illegible] The parties are suspected of being concerned in the robbery near Reno.

—Rudolph Beyer, German, about thirty years of age, [illegible]

—Francis C. Sherman died at his residence in Chicago, Monday night about [illegible] o'clock, after an illness of a little more than a year. Mr. Sherman was mayor at one time, and filled other important positions of public trust. He was the owner of the well known Sherman House.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE WAR!

French Activity!

FIGHTING ON THE LOIRE!

A General Battle!

NO RESULT GIVEN!

Distress in Germany!

DESPERATION IN FRANCE!

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

FROM LONDON.

PARIS ADVICES—FLOURENS' ACCOUNT OF THE DISTURBANCE LAST WEEK.

London, Nov. 8.—The latest balloon post from Paris brings a number of the *Figaro* of the 4th inst., containing a letter from Flourens, filling two columns and giving a description of the events of the 31st of October. The arrest of the members of the Provisional Government was not terminated by force, but by agreement, concluded between Donan Schoelther on one side and a representative of the Government on the other, and subsequently ratified by them and Flourens. The agreement was that the elections for the Commune should take place on Tuesday, under the direction of Donan and Schoelther, and the elections for the new Government on Wednesday.

Flourens says: To avoid bloodshed and prove to our friends and the partisans of the Government that we were of one mind, we agreed to leave the Hotel de Ville together. On our side the agreement was completely fulfilled. The members of the Government remaining in our custody were released and we quitted the Hotel de Ville in their company. The next morning all these sacred pledges were violated. The Commune elections were postponed and abandoned, and there will be no levy en masse.

The letter concludes: Do you then wish for civil war in order to repeat at Paris the disasters of Sedan and Metz?

REASONS FOR ROCHEFORT'S RESIGNATION.

A Paris journal of the 3d inst. publishes a semi-official statement of the reasons for Rochefort's retirement, the first being a failure to hold a commune election, and the second the Government's consent to the armistice negotiations. Rochefort is equally alienated from the Flourens party.

Favre and Trochu, and five other members of the Government, wrote to Rochefort asking him to return, but he refused. He intends to begin the publication of a new paper.

EXPLANATION FROM BISMARCK.

Bismarck has furnished the following explanation of the rupture of negotiations for an armistice: "The French Government having declared through its representative, M. Thiers, its ability to accept the German offer of an armistice, on the basis of *status quo*, the Count proposed that the French name a time for holding the elections for a Constituent Assembly. The Germans promised that in such an event absolute freedom of elections should be respected, even in territory now occupied by the Prussians. Thiers thereupon withdrew to the outposts to consult with Favre, but at length returned to Versailles without power to accept the German terms."

PARIS SEALED.

King William has issued an order that no person will hereafter be allowed to enter or leave Paris. Five passengers have just been captured, and will be court-martialed for a violation of the order.

LOTHRINGEN.

Metz has been made the Capital of German Lothringen (Lorraine.)

ITS DOOM DEFERRED.

The *Times* has reason to believe that the bombardment of Paris will not begin for two weeks. King William is reluctant to destroy so grand a city, and is giving the French every opportunity to negotiate for peace.

ARRESTED.

It is said that Baron Hausman has been arrested at Versailles.

FRANC-TIREURS REPULSED.

General Twiskow reported to the Prussian headquarters here yesterday that his division had repulsed the Franc-tireurs in several engagements on the 3d inst., between Colmar and Belfort. He reports also the occurrence of several skirmishes at Rongemont and Petit Magury, between the Prussians and Garde Mobiles, in which the French lost five officers and one hundred and three men.

The French fortress at Belfort was invested on Thursday. Communication with General Werder has been re-established.

[Cable special to N. Y. World.]

THE SITUATION IN GERMANY—FEARFUL DISTRESS—MOURNING EVERYWHERE.

London, November 8.—A number of letters from *World* correspondents are received to-day, from which we extract the following:

Fearful distress and discontent are prevailing in Germany, growing out of the prolongation of the war, of which journals dare not speak, because no mercy is shown by this military government. The whole country, morally and materially, is in a most deplorable condition, and it is doubtful how long public indignation can be restrained by military discipline. Everywhere is desolation. Tens of thousands are in mourning. Prussia may yet greatly injure France, but she is so exhausted she cannot conquer her. King William must go on under the same conditions as did the Emperor after the battles of the 14th, 16th and 18th of August, when he dared not return to Paris without achieving success to efface previous disasters. King William also seeks success before daring to return to Berlin. Otherwise Prussian power will collapse like the dreams of the Emperor.

CIVIL WAR AT PERPIGNAN—HORRIBLE SCENES.

Another correspondent writing from Perpignan, 4th inst., says: Civil war has commenced here, with frightful scenes. The Colonel commanding here was assailed by bands of Reds and cut down. The chief of the gens d'armes underwent the same fate. M. de Bardas, Mayor, was stoned to death before his own house. I never witnessed a sight so horrible. Another gentleman was pursued by the mob and was killed with butchers' hammers. The National Guard are now assembling to quell the mob. All the houses and shops are closed.

MOB AT GRENOBLE.

Gen. Barral, who commanded the artillery at Strasburg, was arrested at Grenoble on a charge of treason against the Republic. The mob assembled before the General's hotel, crying out "We are the sovereign people; down with the servants of the Empire." It was with great difficulty Barral was rescued from the hands of the mob and conveyed to the prison of St. Joseph.

ARREST OF BARON HAUSSMAN.

Haussman, ex-Prefect of Paris, was arrested at his villa at Nice.

GENERAL TROCHU THE OBSTACLE.

London, November 8.—Private advices from Versailles confirm the account given by Bismarck of the suspension of negotiations for an armistice. Jules Favre, with a majority of his colleagues, favored the scheme for the election of members to the Constituent Assembly and urged the acceptance of the armistice as negotiated by Thiers. General Trochu dissented and carried his point.

SKIRMISH WITH OUTPOSTS.

London, Nov. 8.—A dispatch from Tours dated at nine o'clock this morning, says: Last night a Prussian column, with two batteries and 1500 cavalry, attacked the outposts of the army of the Loire at Paisly and Laurent Des Bois. The French were reinforced and drove them beyond Valliere. The Prussians left their dead and wounded on the field, and lost sixty-four prisoners. Our loss, four killed and thirty-one wounded.

THE SIEGE OF NEUF BREISACH.

London, Nov. 8.—The particulars of the siege of Neuf Breisach show that Fort Mortier was destroyed by bombardment on the 6th, and the French batteries defending the town dismounted. The French commander discontinued firing on Alt Breisach, which was occupied by the Prussians.

FRENCH BLOCKADING FLEET.

The French blockading fleet, comprising seven iron clads and four corvettes, is south of Heligoland.

VERDUN CAPITULATES.

Verdun has capitulated to the Prussians.

DEMONSTRATION AGAINST THIERS.

On the 31st Thiers' Hotel was surrounded by a crowd of Reds, crying "Down with Thiers!" "Down with the Traitor!" "Down with the Dupe!"

A PRICE FOR THEIR HEADS.

The Journal *les Droits des Hommes* published at Montpelier, sets a price on Bazaine's and Napoleon's heads, and has opened a subscription to pay for their assassination.

THE BANK OF FRANCE.

The *World* correspondent telegraphs, 4th inst: The Bank of France has issued twenty-five franc notes to the amount of [illegible] francs since the siege. It has a reserve of 207,000 notes of twenty-five francs each, only requiring to be numbered; 150,000 new notes will be issued. The bank is able to issue daily 1,000 notes of twenty-five francs, 12,000 notes of fifty francs, and 6,000 of one hundred francs.

The Director of the Jardin des Plantes has sold the animals to the butchers. Buffaloes bring high prices.

[Special to the N. Y. Tribune.]

FROM THE FRENCH ARMIES IN THE FIELD.

London, Nov. 8.—A correspondent of the *Tribune*, writing from Blois on the 4th, says: The headquarters of the Army of the Loire will probably soon arrive here. Daurelles is exceedingly unpopular with his troops. He has shot 118 men in one month. Officers and men threaten to shoot him, if possible, in the first battle. The headquarters of the 16th corps are still at Marchener. The troops are echloned by divisions from the forest of Marchener to Mer, where the headquarters of the 15th corps are established. A 17th corps is forming. The discipline and watchfulness, though defective, are much better than in the army under McMahon. Outpost and vidette service seem well done.

A correspondent of the *Tribune* with Garibaldi telegraphs from Dole 7th: Garibaldi has issued the following address to the Italian battalions now under him:

"Soldiers—We meet again. You are young and vigorous. I am old and infirm, but still steadfast to my principles. We fight for the Republic, universal as well as French. I rejoice to lead once more my old soldiers. Remember that to you is confided the honor of Italy. You have fought the battles of the fatherland. I hope to be worthy of you."

The battalions responded with cheers for the universal and French Republic and Garibaldi. We leave Dole to-morrow to advance.

FROM FRANCE.

MARSEILLES AND LYONS.

Marseilles, Nov. 5, via London, Nov. 8.—Esquiros reports the people are now in complete submission to the Government authorities. He therefore submits his resignation, asserting it is duty of the hour to unite against the invader. The Mayor of the city issued a proclamation annulling all acts of the Revolutionary Committee.

Vigorous preparations are making at Lyons for defense. A great quantity of provisions have been collected and all the able-bodied men have been thoroughly armed. All communication northward from Lyons has been cut by the Prussians.

ARMY OF THE LOIRE FIGHTING.

Tours, November 8.—Dispatches from the Army of the Loire report a series of successful engagements yesterday at Poisly and St. Laurent des Boise. Two battalions of Prussians, supported by 1,500 cavalry and ten pieces of artillery attacked the French advanced posts. After a combat of two hours' duration, as the French cavalry appeared to be surrounding them, the Prussians retreated, leaving two officers and fifty men killed, and seventy prisoners in our hands.

SUCCESSES ELSEWHERE.

Dispatches from Rouen report successes for the French arms at several points in that quarter.

A GENERAL BATTLE FOUGHT.

A general battle was fought to-day near Orleans. All ambulances here have been sent to the front. No news as yet received as to the result of the fighting.

FROM GERMANY.

RESPONSIBILITY DENIED.

Berlin, November 8.—All the Berlin newspapers, official and otherwise, throw the responsibility of the impending destruction of Paris on the French. The latter have thus far obstinately refused to recognize the plain facts.

THE BLOCKADE RENEWED.

Berlin, Nov. 8.—The Prussian Government, which recently gave orders for the restoration of lights and buoys at the mouth of the Elbe, has now countermanded those orders, and the work is consequently suspended.

SUPPLIED WITH CLOTHING.

Berlin, November 8.—The French prisoners are supplied with clothing by the Germans.

[N. Y. World Special.]

AMBASSADOR FROM THE POPE.

Versailles, November 7.—The Archbishop of Posen has arrived here after an interchange of correspondence with Bismarck on the mission concerning the interests of Papacy. The Archbishop comes in the capacity of negotiator between the Pope and the Court of Berlin.

FRENCH ATTACK FEARED.

Since the failure of the armistice an attack by the French in force is momentarily expected.

Other Cable Dispatches.

ITALY.

Florence, Nov. 8.—Thiers has written a letter to the Pope assuring him that the great powers will consider his case at the coming Congress. A position worthy God's vice-regent will be provided him. The King will officially enter Rome after the national elections. Preparations are actively making in all the provinces for the election on the 30th inst.

Signor Broglie, chairman of the special committee on the subject, has made a report to the Senate recommending that Rome be not made the capital of Italy until after the decease of the present Pope.

[N. Y. Herald Special.]

Rome, Nov. 4.—The grand festival for San Carlo to day fell flat, like that of All Saint's Day, last Tuesday. The splendid ceremonies customary on such days were omitted. The Pope celebrated mass and addressed a few words to the congregation assuring them at the conclusion of his allocution that the present order of things will soon come to an end, and the new year be signalized by the triumph of the papal cause. Very large amounts of money are reaching the Holy Father daily to prevent his acceptance of another monthly stipend of 250,000 francs offered by the Italian Government for his civil list. A foreign lady of distinction has just arrived at Rome who has brought a fortune as an offering to his Holiness. Twenty thousand francs were received from an English Catholic committee. An address by Signora Enchez Pauli and two thousand others was presented him, with a large donation. Also another address, signed by a still larger number of ladies, accompanied a princely gift. Its tenor is as follows: "Most blessed Father—Now that your Holiness is imitating the Son of God in his dolorous passion, allow us to imitate pious women in presenting ourselves at your feet and offering you what little support we can with our tears and prayers and our slender gifts. Let us hope that as these same pious women were the first to rejoice over Jesus risen, so we may soon be the first to show forth our joy on the day of your triumph. Let your apostolic benediction be a pledge of this hope."

AUSTRIA.

Vienna, November 8.—Correspondents assert that the French Government acts as if it were unconscious of defeat. Its tone and manner are the same as they would have been if the France had been victorious and were now before the city of Berlin.

DENMARK.

Copenhagen, November 8.—Andrews, the retiring American Minister, had an audience of leave to-day. Mr. Kramer, the new American Minister, presented his credentials. Customary speeches were made.

MARINE NEWS.

Londonderry, November 8.—The steamships Prussian, from Quebec, and Australia, from New York, arrived to-day.

Liverpool, 4:30 P. M.—Cotton closed flat. uplands, 9@9¼; Orleans, 9¼@9⅜. Sales only 8,000. Breadstuffs unchanged. Beef declined to 105s. Tallow, 42@49s. Spirits Petroleum, 9d.; refined, 1s. 6d.

MEXICO.

Revolution Rife—Government Troops Defeated.

By Telegraph to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Havana, November 7.—Advices from the City of Mexico to the 29th ult. state that a terrible revolution occurred in the State of Guerrero. The government troops were defeated and reinforcements were being hurried from the Capital. A revolutionary outbreak had occurred in Michoacan. The Northern States were complaining of excessive taxation. An attempt was made to form a political party, with Negrete as its leader, but the movement excited little enthusiasm. The object was to nominate Porfirio Diaz for the Presidency.

A revolution had broken out in Tehuantepec against the State government. The revolutionists numbered 3,000 or 4,000 fighting men.

General Council of the Lutheran Church.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Lancaster, O., November 8.—In the General Council of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in North America, the greater part of this morning's session was taken up in further discussion of the question raised by the Minnesota Synod, and the modification was finally adopted. Rev. J. H. Seicker, President of the Minnesota Synod, expressed his entire satisfaction with the report as adopted.

The afternoon session was occupied with the consideration of emigrant mission work at Castle Garden, at New York.

The education anniversary was held last evening, at which eloquent addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Krotel, of New York, and Mr. [illegible], of St. Paul, Minnesota.

Rev. Prof. Sigismund Fritschild, the delegate to the General Lutheran Conference at Liepsic, is expected to arrive to-morrow.

Loss by Fire in Cleveland.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

Cleveland, Nov. 8.—The large warehouse adjoining Coe, Hickox & Co.'s Cleveland Mills, owned and occupied by that firm as an office and for storage purposes, was nearly destroyed by fire this afternoon. The upper portion of the building was filled with empty flour barrels, but no flour was in the store. The loss on building is about $12,000, insured as follows: Franklin, Philadelphia, $1,500; Hide & Leather, Boston, $1,500; Corn Exchange, New York, and Imperial, London, $1,500 each. Loss on stock not known; insurance as follows: Western, Buffalo, $3,000; Fireman's, Astor, and Irving, New York, and Phœnix, Brooklyn, $2,500 each.

Upper Rivers.

[By P. & A. Telegraph.]

Brownsville, Pa.—River falling, with about 4 ft. 9 in. of water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 48 at 5 P. M.

Oil City.—River at stand, with 18 inches of water in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 39 at 6 p.m.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

STATE ELECTIONS!

New York Goes Democratic by a Reduced Majority—Massachusetts Republican by an Increased Majority and Republican Congressional Delegation Unchanged—Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Louisiana and Alabama Republican—Serious Disturbances in New Jersey and Delaware over the Colored Vote—Disorder Also in Arkansas—Tennessee Likely Gone Democratic—Meagre Returns from Missouri—Republicans Gain Two Congressmen in Kentucky and Lose One in Wisconsin.

NEW YORK.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

New York, November 8.

Hoffman's majority in the State, according to present figures, cannot rise above twenty thousand. Gen. Woodford's opinion, at midnight, is that the majority will not be over six thousand. We have lost the Fifteenth Congressional district, but carried the Eleventh and Twelfth, which were in doubt. The city Congressional districts are still in doubt.

WHITELAW REED,
New York *Tribune*.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

New York, 7:30 P. M.—The election passed off without disturbance. The military were not seen. There seems no doubt the entire Tammany county ticket is elected.

In the Third Congressional District Slocum, Democrat, seems elected over Webster and Whiting, Republican.

Kinsella, Democrat, is elected in the Twenty-eighth District.

Ketchum, Republican, is probably chosen in the Twelfth District.

Eighty-nine districts from various parts of the State outside the city, thus far heard from, give a Democratic gain of 2,388 as compared with the Presidential vote of 1868, when Seymour had 10,000 majority.

Troy, N. Y.—J. M. Warren, Democrat, is elected to Congress by a very large majority, probably 2,500.

8 P. M.—Second ward, Hoffman 197; Woodford, 99. Third ward, Hoffman 524; Woodford, 169. These figures indicate a total vote of perhaps 110,000, and a majority for Hoffman of over 40,000.

A few returns indicate the re-election of Oakey Hall, Mayor, though he runs far behind Hoffman.

10:30 P. M.—One hundred and ninety-two districts of the State outside the city show the net Democratic gain of 4,904. Four wards of this city thus far reported show a Democratic loss of 2,164.

The Democratic General Committee of Brooklyn report that Kings county will give 12,000 majority for Hoffman and Beach, and that General Slocum is elected to Congress in the 3d district by 8,000 majority over E. D. Webster.

Schenectady county gives 85 maj. for Hoffman, a Democratic gain of 225.

Fourteenth ward, Hoffman 4,174, Woodford 7,811—Democratic loss 1,407. Fifteenth ward, Hoffman 2,102, Woodford 1,834—Democratic gain 52. Returns received up to eleven this evening indicate that Hoffman's majority will be about 30,000.

In the Thirtieth District Wm. Williams, Democrat, is elected to Congress by 500 majority.

Later—It is estimated that the Democratic majority in the State will be about 25,000.

Tammany elects all the Congressmen in the city.

Total vote of the following wards: First ward, Hoffman 1,596, Woodford 566. Fourth ward, Hoffman 2,968, Woodford 333. Fifth ward, Hoffman 1,773, Woodford 968. Eleventh ward, Hoffman 3,102, Woodford [illegible]. Thirteenth ward, Hoffman 3,437, Woodford 869. Hoffman's majority in five wards, 11,294.

Elmira, November 8.—This city complete gives Woodford 1,412, Hoffman 1,760—Democratic gain 345.

Troy, November 8.—The majority for the Democratic Congressional candidate in the Fifteenth District is about 3,000 in the city; more in the district. A large Republican vote was given him. Hoffman's majority in the city is probably 1,500.

Woodrford's majority in Washington county is about 300.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, Nov. 8.—The voting progresses quietly but actively. The vote in Boston at noon stood for Governor—Claflin 3,574; for Adams 2,409; for Phillips 458.

For Congressmen, in the Third District—Twitchell, Republican, 2,340; Gaston, Democrat, 1,370; Cushing, Prohibitionist, 99; Redford, Labor Reform, 17. In the Fourth District—Hooper 1,254; Morse, Democrat, 920; Sargent, Labor Reform, 52.

Boston, Nov. 8.—Representatives Hooper and Twitchell are re-elected to Congress from the Third and Fourth Districts, comprising Boston, &c.

Boston, November 8.—A very full vote was cast at the State election to-day. The result in Boston foots up for Governor: Claflin, 10,046; Adams, 9,720; Phillips, 1,806. Last year Claflin had 8,272; Adams, 11,036; Chamberlain, 497.

Chelsea gives Claflin 1,064; Adams, 357; Phillips, 231. Last year Claflin had 911; Adams, 468; Chamberlin, 52.

Charlestown gives Claflin, 1,640. Adams 1,350, Phillips 482; last year, Claflin had 1,798, Adams 1,494, Chamberlin 159.

Fitchburg gives Claflin 633. Adams 343, Phillips 128; last year Claflin had 681, Adams 289.

Cambridge gives Claflin 2,142. Adams 1,494, Phillips 389. Last year Claflin had 1,573, Adams 1,446, Chamberlin 41.

New Bedford gives Claflin 1,418, Adams 795, Phillips 38. Last year Claflin had 1,599. Adams 507, Chamberlin 154.

Worcester gives Claflin 2,400, Adams 1,554, Phillips 407. Last year Claflin had 1,787, Adams 924, Chamberlin 393.

Lynn gives Claflin 971, Adams 668, Phillips 1,388. Last year Claflin had 1,253, Adams 308, Chamberlin 1,539.

Thirty-six towns, not including the above, foot up: for Claflin, 10,735, Adams, 6,225, Phillips, 2,982. The same towns last year gave Claflin 8,825, Adams 5,313, Chamberlin, 10,772.

Boston, November 8.—Returns from one hundred and sixty-eight cities and towns give Claflin 41,088, Adams 21,896, and Phillips 11,835. The same towns last year gave Claflin 35,411, Adams 20,832 and Chamberlin 7,710. Claflin will have as large a majority as last year on an increased total vote. His majority last year was 9,800.

All the Republican Congressmen are reelected. Mitchell in the Third district by about 300 plurality, and Hooper, in the Fourth, by over 2,000. Both branches of the Legislature will be strongly Republican.

Wendell Phillips has received a less vote than his opponents conceded him.

John Quincy Adams is elected to the Legislature.

ILLINOIS.

Tiskilwa, Ill., November 8.—The town of Arispec, Bureau county, gives Stevens, candidate for Congress, Fifth District, 152 votes; Ingersoll 59. Stevens' majority 93. Indian town gives Stevens 97 votes; Ingersoll 126. Ingersoll's majority 29.

Fulton, November 8.—The Republican majority on the State and Congressional ticket in the Third District is 58.

Creston—The Republican majority on State ticket is 58; for Burchard, for Congress, third district, 70 majority.

Elkhart, Logan Co.—Republican majority on State ticket 104; for Congressman at large, Logan 107 majority.

McLean, McLean Co.—Republican majority over Democratic ticket 86; Minier, Temperance candidate, 28 votes. Towanda, McLean Co., Republican majority 51. Chenoa, McLean Co., Republican majority 15.

Brighton.—Republican majority on general ticket 78.

Wilmington, Wells Co.—Republican majority on State ticket 64.

Blue Island Precinct, Cooke Co.—For Congressman at large, Logan, Republican, 17 majority. For Congressman, Wentworth, Independent, 1; Farwell, Republican, 47 majority.

Woodstock, McHenry County.—For Congressman at large, Logan, 158 majority, same on State ticket.

There is a small majority for Republican State Senators in the Twenty-third District.

Dwight, Livingston County—Republican majority on State ticket; 66 for Logan, Congressman at large.

Petersburg, Menard County.—Democratic majority on State ticket and Congress, 170.

Rock Creek—Democratic majority 12.

Athens, Menard county—Republican majority 60.

Minooka, Kendall county—Republican majority on State ticket 40—gain of 21 over the vote of 1868. Cook, Republican, for Congress, has a majority of 75.

Colona, Henry county For Congress at large, Logan, Republican, has 60 majority; Ingersoll, Republican, for Congress has 19 majority.

Desplaines, Cook county—For Congress at large, Logan has 76 majority; Farwell, Republican, has 29 majority.

Springfield, Nov. 8.—Our returns from the town of Concord foot up for Congressmen, Ingersoll, 128; Stevens, 127; Ives, 54; other State officers Republican, 151; Democrat, 108; Prohibition, 146.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Riverside precinct, Cook county, Illinois, for Congressman at large: Logan, Rep., 43; Anderson, Dem., 19. For Congressman, Farwell, Rep., 42, Wentworth, Independent, 21.

Barrington, Lake county—Logan's majority for Congressman at large, 14; Farnsworth's majority for Congress 30.

Camp Point, Adams county—Republican majority 55—a small loss.

Marengo, McHenry county—For Congressman at large, Logan 247 majority; Farnsworth 101 majority. Other Republican candidates on the ticket have about the same majority as Logan.

Chicago, November 8.—The result in Cook county is still in doubt, but the probability is that Farwell is elected over Wentworth by from 1000 to 2000 majority. Other districts remain unchanged politically, except perhaps the eighth, where Minier, Prohibitionist, has divided the Republican vote and given the advantage to Robinson, Democrat. Farnsworth, in the second district, is being closely pressed by Stoughton, Temperance and Independent, and his majority of two years ago of over 14,000 will be cut down largely.

The State has gone Republican by a reduced majority, as compared with the vote of 1868.

Barrington, Cook County.—For Congress at large, Logan, 159 majority. Farwell, 51 majority.

Evanston Precinct, Cook County.—Logan's majority, 296; Farwell's majority, 131.

Ashton, Oglo County.—Logan's majority, 62; Burchard, Republican, for Congress, Third District, 69 majority.

Franklin Grove, Lee county—Republican majority 138.

Grafton, McHenry county—Republican majority 72.

Pecatonica, Arnabago county—Logan, Republican, for Congress at large, 81 maj.; for Congress, Second district, Stoughton, Prohibitionist and Independent over Farnsworth, 60 maj.

Cortland, De Kalb county—Republican maj., Congress at large, Logan, 63; Stoughton 65 majority.

Danville, Vermillion county—county has gone Republican by about 500 maj.

Roseville, Rock Island county—Cable, Dem., for Congress, 6 majority.

Blackberry, Kane county—For Congress at large, Logan, 47 majority; Farnsworth, for Congress, 27 majority.

Morrison, Whiteside county—Logan, 227 majority; Burchard, Republican, for Congress, 211 majority.

McLean county gives Merriam, Republican, for Congress, about 1,200 majority, a Democratic gain of 500. This indicates the election of Robinson, Democratic candidate in the eighth district. Vote light.

Decatur, Macon county—Logan 187 majority; Moore, Republican, for Congress, Seventh District, 145 majority.

Chicago, November 8.—The election in this city to-day passed off quietly. The weather was pleasant during the early part of the day, but commenced raining about one o'clock and continued until the close of the polls. Only a comparatively small vote was cast up to ten o'clock. But few returns have been received at headquarters. Those received put Farwell, Republican candidate for Congress, about 500 ahead. He runs behind Logan and the other Republican candidates on the State ticket. The tickets have been so badly scratched that it will take until a very late hour to complete the canvass.

Atkinson—Republican majority on the State ticket 66; Congress, Fifth district, Ingersoll 56 majority.

Amboy—Republican majority on the State ticket 41.

Elgin, Kane county—Congressman at large, Logan, 418 majority. Representative in Congress, Farnsworth, 120 majority.

Wenona—Ingersoll's majority 17.

De Kalb, De Kalb county—Logan's majority 108; Farnsworth's majority 181.

Mt. Sterling—Democratic majority in Brown county on State and Congressional ticket 375.

Clayton—Logan's majority 93; for Congress, Fourth district, Hawley 89 maj.

Freeport, November 8.—The Republican majority in Stephenson county is about 200. Turner, Democratic candidate for the Legislature, is elected by a small majority.

Decatur.—Three wards gave a Republican majority of 180.

Paxton city gives Logan 120 majority.

Mendota—Logan 114 majority. Cook, Republican, sixth district, 90 majority.

Winfield—Cook, Congress, sixth district, 41 majority; Logan 105 majority.

Forreston—Logan 44 majority; Burchard, Congress, third district, 68 majority.

Henry—Logan 70 majority; Ingersoll 16 majority.

Aurora—Logan 809 majority; Farnsworth 417 majority.

Chicago, November 8.—At this hour, midnight, the returns from the various wards are not more than in, but it looks as if C. B. Farwell is elected to Congress from this district by from 2,000 to 3,000 majority. The balance of the ticket will probably be larger. The Republicans have probably carried the State by from 20,000 to 30,000 majority.

So far as heard from, the following Republicans have carried the following Congressional Districts: First, Charles B. Farwell; Second, J. F. Farnsworth; Third, H. C. Burchard; Fourth, E. S. Hawley; Fifth, E. C. Ingersoll; Sixth, B. C. Cook; Seventh, J. H. Moore; Eighth, Jonathan Merriam. No returns have been received from the other districts, but the Democrats have pretty certainly elected Neely in the 9th District, Rice in the 10th, and Marshall in the 11th. The 12th and 13th are disputed districts, but the chances are in favor of the election of Hay, Republican, on the 12th District, and Creles, Democrat, in the 13th. If this should prove correct, the next delegation to Congress will stand ten Republicans to four Democrats, the same as now.

Galena, November 8.—So far as heard from the Republican ticket seems to have been successful. The contest was chiefly on local candidates, in which the majorities are small. The Congressional and Legislative tickets have a large majority.

Quincy, November 8.—For Congress at large, Anderson, Democrat, 136 majority; for Congress, Cable, Democrat, 247 majority.

KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, November 8.—The election in this city passed off quietly. A pretty full vote was polled. The vote cast was William Brown, Republican, 628; James B. Beck, Democrat 600—Republican gain over the last vote 17. A very small vote was polled in the county.

Lagrange, November 8.—Lagrange precinct, official vote: Winchester (Dem.), 148; Speed (Rep.), 94.

Louisville, November 8.—A special to the *Courier Journal* says the Republicans carried Paducah to-day, Judge Black, Republican candidate for Congress, beating Judge Crossland, Democrat, 42 votes. The Democrats did not vote their strength by 200. There was no party organization of Democrats, and the election went by default. Crossland carries the county and is elected by probably 5,000 votes. The Democrats elected the Judge of the Common Pleas Court.

Bowling Green, November 8.—At close of the polls, for Congress. Lewis, (Dem.) 503; Carr, (Rep.) 658. For Circuit Judge, Halsell, (Dem.) 1,060; Bowling, 9. This is for Bowling Green precinct alone.

Eminence, Ky., November 8.—Winchester 16; Speed 61. Cumberland and Ohio Railroad tax 171; against tax 18.

Shelby City, Nov. 8.—Democratic vote 100; Radical 5.

Cincinnati, November 8.—Returns from Frankfort, Ky., 7th Congressional District, give Brown, Republican, 628; Beck, Dem. 600; Republican gain on August vote of 17. Maysville, 6th District—Rice, Dem., Congress, 246 maj. Democratic loss of 236.

Paris, November 8.—Paris precinct, official: Brown, Republican, 823; Beck, Dem., 580: Radical gain on Beck's majority in the county of 225. Fayette county stands about 50 maj. for Beck. The city of Lexington gives about 574 maj. for Brown, and Jessamin county about 50 maj. for Beck.

Louisville, November 8.—The election in this city passed off very quietly. Hardly any interest manifested on account of the general feeling that the Democrats had a large majority. The vote polled was very small. Winchester, Democrat, carries the city by 1,500 or 2,000 majority over Speed, Republican. Winchester's majority in the District will be in the neighborhood of 4,000.

Owensboro, November 8.—At the close of the polls the vote stood: McHenry, Democrat, 612; Roark, Republican, 457. The vote of the county was very small. Many persons were not aware it was election day. The county will probably give 600 majority for McHenry. The election was very quiet.

Returns from different portions of the State indicate great apathy on the part of the voters, many persons not even being aware there was an election to-day. The Democrats have certainly elected their candidates in all the districts but the Eighth. The result in this district is doubtful, but it is thought Adams, Democrat, will be elected by a small majority. Speed, Republican candidate, carried the Fourth and Fifth wards of this city, Winchester carrying the other eight.

Louisville, November 9.—Winchester, Democratic candidate for Congress, is elected by 1,600 majority. Returns from twenty towns in the State show Republican gains, owing to the negro vote. The Democrats have elected seven Congressmen from the first seven Congressional Districts, in the Eighth and Ninth the result is doubtful.

Lexington, Paducah and Bowling Green give Republican majorities. There was a large negro vote in these cities. Their vote was cast solid for the Republican ticket.

Lexington, November 8.—A special to the *Courier Journal* says: The election in our city and county to-day passed off very quietly. Beck's majority will be about 85 in the county. So far as heard from the Democrats have carried every county in the district. Mr. Beck says his majority will be not less than 3,000. Large bonfires are seen on every corner of the public square and quite a number of negroes on the street hallooing for Beck.

MISSOURI.

St. Louis, November 8.—The election is passing off quietly. The negroes are voting without molestation, and there are no indications of disturbances in any quarter. The Constitutional amendments being voted for are in brief as follow: The 1st abolishes the District Court system; 2d, abolishes the jurors' test oath; 3d, abolishes the double liability clause for the private corporations; 4th, abolishes the vote test oath; 5th, abolishes disqualifications for holding office on account of color or disloyalty; 6th, prohibits any public money from any quarter whatever from being appropriated to support any sectarian educational institutions, or any personal or real property belonging to State, county or public corporations being devoted for like purposes.

St. Louis, Nov. 8.—The election passed off quietly. Heavy rain storms prevailed nearly all afternoon which reduced the vote. Returns from five precincts of the city give Brown 2,385, McClurg 881. The counting progresses very slowly in consequence of the unprecedented scratching. The vote of the city will probably not be known to-night. Jefferson county it is estimated, gives 1,000 majority for Brown.

St. Louis, Nov. 8.—The judges in some precincts have stopped counting for the night and others are making such slow progress that there is no hope of obtaining even the approximate vote of the city to-night. Eleven precincts give Brown 3,966; McClurg, 1,217. Three precincts in the First Congressional District gave Wells, Democrat, 1,383, Johnson, bolter, 680; Smith, Rep., 277. Cole county is reported 500 for Brown. Johnson county is reported 600 for Brown. Pike county is reported 2,000 for Brown. Rolla gives Brown 250 majority.

The Brown men claim that the meagre returns from the State indicate a larger majority for Brown than is supposed.

TENNESSEE.

Memphis, Nov. 8.—The following are the official returns of this city: For Governor—Brown, Democratic, 4,921; Wisener, Republican, 1,745. For Congress—Vaughan, Democratic, 4,895; Smith, Republican, 1,635; Shaw, colored, Republican, 167. The Democratic candidates for the Legislature are elected by about the same rate as Brown.

Bolivar.—Brown, 156; Wisener 13; Vaughan 155; Smith 13

The election returns are meagre. Vaughan, Democratic, is elected to Congress in this District by probably five thousand. Jackson;—Brown 444; Wisener 53; Vaughan 436; Shaw 34; Smith 21.

Milan—Brown, 123; Wisener, 30. Congress—Caldwell, Democrat, 123. Norman, Republican, 30.

Trezevant—Brown, 159; Wisener, 18; Caldwell, 141; Norman, 20. Congressman at large, Rogers, Republican, 20.

Pocahontas—Brown, 66; Wisener, 38 Vaughan, 66; Smith, 36.

Lafayette—This town gives a Republican majority of 16.

Grand Junction—Wisener, 133; Brown, 65; Smith, 136; Vaughan, 34.

Germantown—Brown, 100; Wisener, 63—vote for Congressmen is the same.

Nashville, November 8.—The election to-day passed off quietly. Brown, Democratic candidate for Governor, carried Nashville and Davidson county by a large majority. Prosser, Republican candidate for Congress, carried Nashville by a majority of 725, is ahead in the city and county 604, with seven districts yet to hear from. The total vote as far as heard from is: Prosser 2,874, Golladay, 2,199; Peyton, 1,428. Eighth District in Summer gave Prosser a small majority. Returns from other counties make Golladay's election certain. Hamilton county elects a Democratic member of the Legislature, but gives Stokes 200 majority for Congress.

Brown is undoubtedly elected Governor, running ahead of the Congressional ticket.

First, Second and Third Congressional Districts are doubtful; remainder Democratic.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, November 8.—The election is progressing in a most satisfactory manner. Up to the hour of 1:30 P. M. no arrests were made. A heavy vote is being polled.

Baltimore, November 8.—The first seven wards of this city, comprised in the Second Congressional District, give the following majorities for Stevenson Archer, Democrat: First ward, 924; Second ward, 628; Third ward, 526; Fourth ward, 521; Fifth ward 204; Sixth ward, 408; Seventh ward, 915. Total majority for Archer, 4,026.

The Third District, composed of thirteen upper wards, give the following majorities for Thos. Swann, Democrat: Eighth ward, 969; Ninth ward, 346; Tenth ward, 373; Eleventh ward, 256; Twelfth ward, 306; Thirteenth ward, 280; Fifteenth ward, 25; Seventeenth ward, 749; Eighteenth ward, 277; Twentieth ward 301. Swann's majority will be about 5,000.

Baltimore, Nov. 8.—The Third District returns the following majorities for Swann: Fourteenth ward, 396; Sixteenth ward, 17; Nineteenth ward, 856. Swann carries all the wards of his district, and his majority over Booth is 4,665

WISCONSIN.

Racine, November 8.—City gives Lyons, Republican, for Congress, 243 majority: Republican loss of 339.

Kenosha, November 8.—City majority for Lyons, Republican, 48. Pleasant Prairie, Kenosha county, Mitchell, Democrat, 2 majority—a small gain.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—In the Milwaukee Congressional District, Mitchell, Democrat, is undoubtedly elected to Congress over Judge Lyon, Republican. This is a Democratic gain. The Wisconsin delegation will stand four Republicans and two Democrats—a Democratic gain of one.

Milwaukee, Nov. 8.—Alexander Mitchell of Milwaukee, President of the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad Company, is elected to Congress by a very handsome majority.

In the first district, Mark H. Dunnell, Rep., is elected to Congress by 3,000 majority. Second district, John P. Averill, Rep., by the same majority; Ignatus Donnelly, defeated. In the First district Alexander Midhill (Dem.) is elected by 8,500 majority. Sawyer (Rep.) Fifth district, is probably re-elected by an increased majority. Eldridge (Dem.), Fourth district, is re-elected by about the same majority as formerly. All the other Republican Congressman are elected by the usual majorities.

MICHIGAN.

Detroit, November 8—10 P. M.—Returns indicate the success of the Republican State ticket by the usual large majority. The indications are that Judge Sutherland, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Sixth district, is elected over Driggs, the returns so far showing Driggs running behind his ticket considerably. The great extent of the district may keep the matter in doubt until to-morrow. The Republican Congressmen are undoubtedly elected in the other districts by large majorities. In Wayne county, including Detroit city, the returns indicate the success of the Democratic ticket, excepting for Sheriff, which may go Republican.

Detroit, November 9, 1 A. M.—The Republican majority in Michigan is about 25,000. The majority in the First Congressional District is somewhat reduced, but Waldron is elected by a respectable majority. In the Fifth District the Democrats claim to have reduced the Congressional majority. In the Sixth District Sutherland, Democrat, is certainly elected over Driggs by from 300 to 400 majority. The disaffection in districts among Republicans has only extended to Congressmen. At this writing only two wards in Detroit are heard from and give no idea of the general result.

ARKANSAS.

Duvall's Bluff.—For Congress, Root, Republican, 103; Hanks, Democrat, 62; Democratic gain since last election 89. This county Prairie, will probably give 300 Democratic majority.

Memphis, Nov. 8.—The *Avalanche's* Little Rock special says: The day passed without collission, though very turbulent. The Radicals took possession of the precincts in two wards last night. When the regular judges appeared this morning they refused to admit them. In the First ward they were forcibly ejected from the building and proceeded to hold an election outside, permitting everybody to vote regardless of age. In the Third Ward the thing was reversed. The Deputy U. S. Marshal obtained possession with his judges and refused to admit the regular judges who held an election outside.

In Hodgett, Campbell, [illegible] and Ashley townships Deputy U. S. Marshals drove the regular judges from the polls, appointed judges and held elections. At all the regular polls the Conservative ticket was largely ahead. In two wards Marshal Akerson arrested judges under the enforcement act, but they were immediately released on bond.

DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 8.—The election in this city progressed up to now without disturbances. The colored people are generally voting, and seem earnest in asserting their new rights. There are rumors of serious riots by white men at Odessa and Smyrna. It is stated the Deputy United States Marshals at these places have been driven from the ground, the colored men prevented from voting, and the ballot boxes seized.

Wilmington, Nov. 8.—There was more or less rioting in two wards of this city, during this afternoon, between crowds of white and colored men. At 5 o'clock a sharp encounter took place, in which a large number of shots were fired. It is reported a number of persons were shot.

Wilmington, Nov. 8.—Returns from the State show general Republican gains over the vote of 1868, but not sufficient to change the result. Ponder, Democrat, for Governor, has probably 500 majority, and Biggs, for Congress nearly the same. The Republicans carry New Castle county.

NEW JERSEY.

Camden, Nov. 8.—A fight occurred to-day at the polls in Newton township, Camden county. Two colored men were shot, and four white men, named Long, Henry, Forman and Stineman, badly injured. The riot was suppressed by United States Deputy Marshals.

Newark gives Halsey, Republican, for Congress, 3,000 majority. The returns thus far received from the First District are favorable to Hazelton, Democrat; from Second District to Forker, Democrat, and Third District to Bird, Democrat.

LOUISIANA.

Washington, November 8.—A dispatch to the Union Republican Committee, from Senator Kellogg, of Louisiana, reports that New Orleans has gone Republican by 3,000 or 4,000 votes, and that the State of Louisiana is Republican by a very large majority.

ALABAMA.

Montgomery, November 8.—The election passed off very quietly. Not a single disturbance occurred. The total vote in the city is 5,638. The Republican majority is estimated at about 1,600 or 1,800.

Special Dispatches.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Lines.]

NEW YORK.

New York, November 8.—A few scattering returns have been received from the various wards. They indicate a cutting down of the Democratic vote, compared with that of 1868 for Governor, of thirty per cent. and a corresponding increase in the Republican vote. The Sixth district of the Sixth ward was Hoffman 136; in 1868 it gave Seymour 755. The Second ward, which gave Seymour 1,585, gives Hoffman 197; Woodford 99. The Third ward gives Hoffman 524; Woodford 169; in 1868 it gave Seymour 824. In the Fourth ward Hoffman has 2,968; Woodford 333.

The following Congressmen are elected: Fifth district, Wm. R. Roberts (Dem.); Sixth, S. S. Cox (Dem.); Seventh, Smith Ely (Dem.); Ninth, Fenando Wood (Dem.) The contest in the Fourth and Ninth districts is very close. McMahon (Fusion), it is thought, is elected in the Fourth district.

Robert Roseovelt defeats McMahon in the Fourth district by 4,000. Five wards give Hoffman 5,550 majority.

Poughkeepsie, November 8.—The Republican gains in the Twelfth Congressional district are very heavy. Ketchum (Rep.) is certainly re-elected by a large majority.

Syracuse, November 8.—This city gives Woodford, Rep., 263 majority. Democratic gain 231. McCarthy, Independent Rep., for Congress, 1,535 majority.

Dunkirk, November 8.—Murray, Dem., for Congress, has 539 majority in this city. Westfield gives 358 Democratic majority.

Rome—Hoffman's majority in this city is 423.

Saratoga Springs gives Woodford 187 majority—Republican gain 152; Weaver, Democrat, for Congress 396 majority.

Seneca county gives 832 of a Democratic majority.

Brooklyn—Kinsella and Slocum, Democrats, are elected to Congress. Kinsella's majority is about 2,800, Slocum's about 600. Hugh McLaughlin, Democrat, is elected Register. The Republicans elect Assemblymen in the Fifth and Eighth districts of Queens county.

The vote for Governor in this city stands as follows: Claflin, 10,046; Andrews, 8,720; Phillips, 1,805. Claflin's plurality 236.

It is said Hooper, Republican, Fourth district, is re-elected by 2,402 majority.

The total vote in the city on the question of public park is, yeas 9,257; nays, 5,009. The act has, therefore, not received the necessary two-third vote.

[By P. and A. Telegraph Line.]

Memphis, November 8.—The city elections passed off quietly. The Democratic majority on the entire ticket will be 2,000—one ward is yet to hear from. Several surrounding towns indicate a small gain for the Republicans. The Republican vote in the city is equally divided between W. J. Smith, and Shaw, colored.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Boston, November 8.—Returns from one hundred and forty-one towns give Claflin, Republican, 39,978; Adams, Democrat, 21,516; Wendell Phillips, Labor Reform, 11,552. The same towns last year gave Claflin 34,724; Adams, 20,228; Chamberlain, 7,618.

Official returns indicate that the whole Republican State ticket is chosen, and also a full Republican delegation to Congress. The two doubtful districts, Second and Third, re-elect Oake, Ames and Twitchell.

Boston, November 8.—The returns thus far received indicate that Claflin will receive 80,000 votes, Adams 50,000, and Wendell Phillips 20,000. The following is the vote of some of the principal cities and manufacturing towns: Boston—Claflin 10,046, Adams 9,720, Phillips 1,065. Worcester—Claflin 2,400, Adams 1,554, Phillips 419. Fall River—Claflin 1,105, Adams 603, Phillips 514. Charlestown—Claflin 1,640, Adams 1,350, Phillips 482. Lynn—Claflin 1,238, Adams 506, Phillips 1,086. New Bedford—Claflin 1,509, Adams 507, Phillips 154.

Sufficient returns have been received to indicate an overwhelming Republican Legislature.

John Quincy Adams, the Democratic candidate for Governor, has been elected a Representative to the Legislature from the town of Quincy.

VIRGINIA.

Petersburg, November 8.—Second Congressional District—J. H. Platt, Radical; has a majority over R. B. Balling, Conservative, in the city of 4,511. The indications are that Platt's majority in the District will be 2,000.

Norfolk, November 8.—The election passed off very quietly. A company of marines was held in readiness during the day at the custom house. Three wards give Jas. H. Platt, Jr., Republican Congressional candidate, one majority. There is one ward to hear from, in which the negroes have a registered majority of 388.

The second Congressional district re-elects Platt, Republican, and the seventh is close between Reynolds, Independent, and Harris, Conservative.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago, November 8.—The intensely exciting election results in a victory for the straight Republican ticket in this city and Congressional District. Farwell, for Congress, has probably 4,000 majority over Wentworth, fusion candidate. Twenty precincts out of ninety give Farwell 1,500. This is a bad defeat of the *Tribune*, which united with the *Times* to break up the Republican party. The colored vote was almost entirely with the straight Republican ticket. The 9th ward, heretofore heavily Democratic, gives Farwell a majority.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Third Congressional District, Burchard, Rep., elected; 2d, Farnsworth, Rep., elected; 8th, Merriam, Rep., elected. John A. Logan, for Congressman at Large in the State, has probably 2,000 majority. In 6th District, B. C. Cook, Rep., is probably elected.

MINNESOTA.

Minneapolis, November 8.—1,100 majority for Averell. St. Anthony, 1,151 majority for Averell. Majority in Hennepin county 1,800 for Averell. Pillsbury's majority for Senator 207. Hennepin county Republican Representative elected by 1,500 majority. The whole Republican county ticket is elected.

St. Paul gives Donnelly, Democrat, for Congress, 137 majority. The usual Democratic majority is between 500 and 750. Full returns from the county cannot be had to-night.

WISCONSIN.

La Crosse, November 8.—In the home of Brick Pomeroy every ward went Republican. The average majority in the city is 250. Rust, for Congress, has 301 majority.

Milwaukee, November 8.—First ward, Mitchell, Democrat, for Congress, 600; Third ward, 745; Fourth ward, 86; Fifth ward, 670; Seventh ward, 311; Eighth ward, 410; Ninth ward, 1,008. Total so far 4,210.

LOUISIANA.

New Orleans, November 8.—The election in this city yesterday passed off quietly. The Republican majority will probably be 4,000. We have no official returns, owing to the refusal of Supervisor Blanchard to allow reporters access where they are being counted. The returns from the State are very meagre; no estimate can be made. There is probably a large Republican majority.

RHODE ISLAND.

Providence, Nov. 8.—In the First Congressional District Benj. Eames, Republican, is elected by 170 maj. In the Second District, J. M. Pemberton is elected by about 800 maj.

THE SOUTH.

They are now manufacturing ice in large quantities in Memphis.

A steam road engine will be exhibited at the Virginia State Fair.

A monument to the late Robert E. Lee is to be erected in New Orleans.

The fruit crop of Orange county, N. C., is estimated to be worth $200,000.

Virginia has voted to furnish wooden legs to maimed confederate soldiers.

Scott county, Ky., is out of debt, and has a thousand dollars in her treasury.

Ten tons of zinc ore, said to be the best ever found in Tennessee, has been mined in Cooke county.

There will be a grand tournament at the fair of the South Carolina Institute in Charleston next week.

Wilmington, North Carolina, is exercised over a grand colored base ball levee, whatever that may be.

The grand jury of Chester county, S. C., have presented sixty-five negro voters for prosecution for perjury.

Census reports from the South show that the blacks are not dying out, though the increase is not as rapid as formerly.

A colored fire company of Raleigh got the trumpet offered as a premium for the best hand engine at the North Carolina State Fair.

In Preston's woods, near Lexington, Ky., on Monday, a negro man named James Jones accidentally shot and killed a little colored boy.

Gen. W. F. Brantley was assassinated at Winona, Mississippi, on the 2d inst., the third assassination in that town within two months. Winona needs reconstruction.

There was a riot in Norfolk, Virginia, at a Republican meeting on the 1st inst. Fire arms were freely used, many wounded. The crowd stampeded, but nobody was killed.

A fire at Calvert, Texas, on Sunday, destroyed twenty-five buildings and about one hundred bales of cotton. The principal merchants of the place are the sufferers.

Nashville, Knoxville and Memphis are among the points designated by the Secretary of War as stations where storm reports, meteorological observation, &c., are to be made.

Mrs. John Ryan, of Atlanta, Georgia, purchased a piece of cake at the Catholic Fair in that city a few evenings since, and found it to contain a diamond ring worth eighty-five dollars.

Two hundred and fifty Quakers from Indiana—men, women and children—passed up the Danville road, in Virginia, on an extra train, Friday, en route to a yearly meeting, to be held at Greensboro, N. C.

Monday afternoon the scaffolding around the mill of Bell, Johnson & Co., now being rebuilt in Lexington, Ky., gave way, and Mr. R. M. Webb, one of the firm, was probably fatally injured by the fall.

In New Orleans, Wednesday, Pierre Bertin and Jean Capdeville were committed as the burglars of Rochereau. Seventy-five thousand dollars in bonds, found in the possession of Bertin, were identified by Rochereau.

The Memphis *Appeal* complains that, though the fields are white with cotton, the picking force is inadequate. Many negroes are deserting the field, and efforts are making to supply their places with white labor.

Several gentlemen from Pennsylvania have recently been making a tour through Fentress and adjoining counties, in Tennessee, with a view to purchase land. They were highly pleased with East Tennessee.

Thirty confederate orphans from the Lauderdale (Miss.) Orphan School realized $500 from a concert given in Paris, Ky., recently. The *Citizen* contrasts the result with their reception in Lexington, where but $54 35 net was realized.

The Jackson *Whig and Tribune* says that a continuous stream of white-topped wagons had been passing through Jackson for the past four weeks, filled with the yeomanry of Middle Tennessee, looking for homes in Arkansas and Texas.

A gentleman, recently from the South, reports that there is not a single "country store," grocery or post-office, in Lewis Co., Tennessee. At Newberg, the county seat, there are houses, a jail and Court-house, but all are abandoned to the owls and bats.

Radical Cure Rupture Truss at Dr. Keysers 167 Liberty street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH.

☞NOTICE.
To Coal and River Men,
AND ALL OTHERS INTERESTED.

The meeting called for Monday, at Council Chamber, at 11 o clock A. M., at the request of the Committee, is hereby postponed until THURSDAY EVENING, November 10, 1870, at 7½ o'clock at LAFAYETTE HALL.
Gen. H. L. BURNETT, of Cincinnati, O.,
Hon. O. P. MORTON, of Indiana,
H. BUCHER SWOPE,
Gen. JAMES S. NEGLEY,
J. K. MOORHEAD,
Col. J. K. KERR,
And others, will address the Meeting.
no9:g89 JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor.

City Standard Time.
96 FEDERAL ST.
GENTS' WATCHES. | Mc F A D D E N 'S. | LADIES' WATCHES.
ALL MAKES, GRADES AND STYLES IN GOLD AND SILVER. WATCHES REPAIRED. CLOCKS, ETC.
A SPECIALTY. FROM $25 UPWARD to the FINEST. OPERA, LEONTINE GUARD, NECK AND VEST CHAINS, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE.
ALLEGHENY. 96

Thos. M'Fadden, Jr.

SILKS, VELVETS & DRESS GOODS.
POPLINS, ALPACAS and VELOURS.
VELVETEENS AND ASTRACHANS.
COATINGS, PLUSHES & TWEEDS.
CLOAKINGS AND BROADCLOTHS.
SEAL SINS AND DOG SKINS.
CASSIMERES, MUSLINS, CALICOS.
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, SHAWLS.
GLOVES, STOCKINGS and SOCKS.
LADIES' SUITS, LADIES' SKIRTS.
CHILDREN'S SUITS and SKIRTS.
GENTLEMEN'S UNDERWEAR.
LADIES' UNDERWEAR.
CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.
SUITS MADE TO ORDER.

McKee, Murphy & Co.,
SUCCESSORS TO J. W. BARKER & CO.
59 MARKET STREET,
BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH AVENUES.
no9:g63

1871. DIARIES, 1871.
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Just Received and For Sale by
W. S. HAVEN & CO.,
PRINTERS AND STATIONERS.
no9:g64 Cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue.

IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION of the MONONGAHELA BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION for a Charter.
In the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Allegheny, No. 635; December Term, 1870.
October 29th, 1870, the above application filed, and notice is hereby given that the same will be granted at the next term (March) of said Court, unless exceptions be filed in the meantime thereto.
Attest: JACOB H. WALTER,
no9:g80-w Prothonotary.

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE,
W. D. of Pennsylvania,
PITTSBURGH, November 8th, 1870.
THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE: That on the 4th day of November, A. D. 1870 a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of JAMES H. LOH, of Allegheny City, in the county of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the Creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Penna., before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the 12th day of NOVEMBER, A. D. 1870, at 10 o'clock A. M.
A. MURDOCK,
no9:g78 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, EVERGREENS, SHRUBS AND Greenhouse Plants,
Cultivated and for sale by
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.
Seed Store, 112 Smithfield Street, opposite P. O. Oakland Greenhouses, on Fifth [illegible] Penn [illegible] Avenue, 14th Ward. [illegible] Ward.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership heretofore existing between BRENTANO & BAUER, No. 555 Penn street, was to-day dissolved by mutual consent. A. Brentano will pay all debts of the former firm, and he is also entitled to collect the outstanding debts.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 7, 1870. no9:g66

WANTS.

WANTED.
SALESMEN.
Salesmen wanted to sell goods by sample and collect bills. Apply to S. F. HARRIS,
no8:g53 75 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—
A BOY
That Understands Running an Engine.
Apply at the O'HARA BOILER WORKS.
F. SEPHAS & CO.,
no6 Cor. Second avenue and Liberty street.

WANTED—MORE COAL DIGGERS
For the best Mine in Illinois. Written guarantees for steady work and good wages are furnished by R. A. SCHNABEL,
no8:g77 128 Smithfield street.

WANTED.—An intelligent, active BOY, about 14 years of age. Inquire at WHITEHEAD'S PARLOR GALLERY, 29 Fifth avenue. 115

WANTED—Effective Agents Everywhere to sell PROF. STOWE'S SUPERB FAMILY BIBLE (just ready) and other choice works. For circulars and terms address M. CLARKE, 93 Third avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. no6

WANTED—A BUSINESS MAN with a capital of from $6,000 to $8,000 to purchase an interest or the whole business, in a well established and paying manufactory. 30 per cent. profits. Address S. J., this office. no6

WANTED—AGENTS.—($20 per day) to sell the celebrated HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. Has the under-feed, makes the "lock-stitch" (alike on both sides,) and is fully licensed. The best and cheapest Family Sewing Machine in the market. Address JOHNSON, CLARK & CO., Boston, Mass., Pittsburgh, Pa., Chicago, Ill., or St Louis, Mo.

WANTED.—50 Laborers for Railroad; 20 Coal Miners, a Blacksmith for country; 10 girls for housework in city; 6 for country; 3 Cooks for city; several girls want chamberwork, nursing and sewing. Farm Hands, Drivers, Laborers and Boys furnished at short notice, by applying at No. 1 Sixth street, first door from the Suspension Bridge.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY.—Several good men who can give good reference as to ability and energy, to sell the WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES, on a salary. To men who prefer working in the country we will furnish a horse, wagon, harness and general outfit. Reference required.
WM. SUMNER & CO.,
No. 140 Wood street,
oc18:f10-TTHAS Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED.
MORTGAGES.
In large or small amounts on city or county property.
THOMAS K. PETTY,
no6 179 Smithfield street.

WANTED.
Fifty Coal Miners.
Wanted at SEWANEE COAL MINES, Tracy City Grundy county, Tennessee. oc31:f79

WANTED—MORTGAGES.
Thirty Thousand Dollars to Loan
in large or small amounts on property in Allegheny county at a fair rate of interest.
CHARLES JEREMY,
Real Estate Agent,
68 Grant street.

AGENTS WANTED.—Bunyan's complete works. The noblest of uninspired writings; the only complete edition published. It is profusely illustrated and printed on tinted paper. No Christian of common intelligence needs a recommendation of Bunyan's Works. For truth of doctrine and power of application and distinctness of statement they will never be surpassed. This book should have a place in every family library. Apply to I. F. HARRIS,
Publisher's Agent,
Office, 75 Grant street,
nov5:g35 Pittsburgh, Pa.

AGENTS WANTED—($225 a month) by the AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., BOSTON, MASS., or ST. LOUIS, MO.

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—Two Rooms To-Let, Furnished or Unfurnished, with Board. Also, has Boarders, at 103 Fourth avenue.

TO-LET.

TO-LET—Room 24x80, with from 4 to 6 horse steam power. Enquire of JOHN BEST & CO., Glass Works.

TO-LET—With immediate possession the three storied brick warehouse, [illegible] Wood street. Apply to McELROY, DICKSON & CO., 54 Wood street.

FOR RENT.—DAIRY FARM.
A farm containing One Hundred and Sixty acres, six miles from the city, one mile from Bellview and one-half mile from Laurel station, P. Ft. W. & C. R. R. Enquire of
JOHN WILSON & BRO.,
no3:g31 No. 90 [illegible], Allegheny City.

TO LET.—On James street, Allegheny,
A GOOD STABLE,
With accommodations for four horses. Apply at Superior Oil Works, on Saw Mill Valley Plank Road, Reserve township.

TO-LET—FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for a gentleman's sleeping room. Inquire at 134 FOURTH AVENUE.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE:
ON 44th STREET.—Two Handsome Brick Dwellings of 7 and 9 rooms respectively. Lots 46 by 100 and 26 by 127.
ON 43d STREET.—One very fine two story Brick Dwelling of 9 rooms. Lot 24 by 127.
ON BUTLER STREET.—One Handsome Brick Dwelling of 7 rooms and finished attic. Lot 24 by 160.
ON 45th STREET.—Two very fine lots 20 and 24 by 160.
ON 44th STREET.—An elegant Lot 46 by 160.
Farms, Houses, Lots of all descriptions, and Money in sums of $500 to $5,000 [illegible]
T. M. SILL & SON,
no5 Cor. Penn and 33d street.

FOR SALE—AGENTS WANTED.
PROF. STOWE'S comprehensive and self-interpreting FAMILY BIBLE. In Arabesque Marbled Edges, $10.50; in Arabesque Gilt Edges, $12.50; in Morocco—Full Gilt Panel, $15.50. J. I. ADAIR, Sewickley, Allegheny Co., Pa.

FOR SALE.—One of the best paying TAVERNS in the county, with Stock, Fixtures, Furniture, License, Lease, &c. Reasons for selling: Owner obliged to leave the State. Price $3,900. Apply at 171 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE—Engines and Boilers,
New and Second Hand, of all kinds, constantly on hand.
Orders from all parts of the country promptly attended to.
JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—SMALL COUNTRY SEAT.—Situated one mile from Port Perry. Contains three acres of rich garden land, filled with fruit of the best varieties, all bearing; 300 grape vines; one of the best springs of water at the door. The improvements are a new frame Dwelling, with 6 rooms, nearly new; also a Tenant House, with 3 rooms, Stable and other outbuildings. This property is offered at a very low figure, as the owner is moving south. Apply to
S. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth Ave.

FOR SALE CHEAP, OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—A fine COUNTRY RESIDENCE, containing 20 acres with 3 houses thereon; [illegible] from the city, on the waters of Turtle Creek Road, ¾ of a mile from Stewart's Station, Central Railroad. Also, several good Farms in good locations and houses for sale. Enquire of
WILLIAM WARD,
my11 No. 110 Grant St., opposite Cathedral.

FOR SALE—VALUABLE COAL PROPERTY.—The undersigned offers for sale, on reasonable terms, ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF COAL, more or less, the vein of coal being about six feet in thickness, and of a good quality, with sufficient surface to work and take out the same. Situate about three-quarters of a mile from F. Y. Ritts's Station, on the West Penn. Railroad, in East Deer Township, Allegheny Co. A good title will be given to the purchaser. For further particulars inquire of the subscriber, on the premises.
FREDERICK CHRIST.

FOR SALE—PROPERTY.
The two story double house, the residence of Robert S. Kennedy, Esq., adjoining the residence of Messrs. Wm. and Hay Walker and Wm. Cooper, in McClure township, on the New Brighton Road, about 3 miles from the city. The house contains 14 rooms; also, ice house and cooling room, summer kitchen and laundry and out house, convenient to the main building; the house is supplied with water and gas. The grounds, containing 10½ acres, are tastefully laid out and are stocked with an abundance of fruit and ornamental trees, small fruits, &c. On the premises are a large stable, cold grapery, out houses and gardener's house of 5 rooms. Verner Station, on the P., Ft. W. & C. R. R. is within a few minutes' walk of the house. For terms, enquire at the PEARL MILL, Allegheny.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of [illegible] street, from Marion street to east line of Mittenberger street.
SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the [illegible]
SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.
Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.
A. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. McMASTERS,
Clerk of Common Council.

HENRY G. HALE
Has now in stock the very latest styles of
FALL GOODS!
Direct from the London market, comprising [illegible] COATINGS, [illegible] SUITINGS and an endless variety of the choicest PANTALOON PATTERNS. Also, ENGLISH CORDUROY of all colors.
Cor. Penn Avenue and [illegible]

DWELLING [illegible]

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 9, 1870.

BONDS at Frankfort 95¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 110¼@110⅜.

THE ELECTION in Louisiana on Monday resulted in a very large majority for the Republicans.

The result of the elections held yesterday in a number of States is given, as far as known, in our telegraph columns.

W. P. BAKEWELL, Esq., of this city, an attorney of high standing in the legal profession and general community, who has long made the Patent business a specialty, thus acquiring large knowledge in its details and conduct, has been tendered the appointment of United States Commissioner of Patents, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Commissioner Fisher. The selection is a wise and judicious one, and we are glad to learn that the place will be accepted.

THERE certainly has been no more humane step taken towards the protection of dumb beasts than in the proposed manufacture of new cars for the transportation of cattle from the West. The one fact, that each animal shall have a separate stall, and not as heretofore be crowded in together, where the strong may trample down the weak, is sufficient to recommend it. In the rapid transit of all kinds of cattle from the West to the East, but very little is known of the suffering the poor brutes have to undergo, but most frequently they are crowded in the cars in such numbers that it is impossible for them to lie down, or when they do, the chances are against them getting on their feet again. By the time they arrive at the markets, from the very nature of things, they must be worn out and sick, and the meat unwholesome to purchasers. Arrangements, it is said, have also been made by which they may be watered and fed without unloading, and in this way avoid much suffering. If it be possible, we hope the movement, originating in Chicago, may be followed on every railroad.

PARIS.

Our news from Paris seems to point directly towards a bloody revolution in that city. As we ventured to assert, the French are universally condemned for not taking advantage of the armistice offered; while the Prussians are extolled and lauded for their endeavors to secure peace without further bloodshed. Bismarck plainly and pointedly asserts that Thiers, after hearing the conditions annexed to the proposed armistice, withdrew to consult with Favre, but at length returned to Versailles without power to accept. The truth is, harsh as the sentence may seem, the only power that Thiers wields, is over Thiers, and of Favre over Favre. There may be a few here and there that would rally around each, but these are but few in numbers, and it is folly to suppose that either the one or the other represents any actual Government in France.

It is asserted, we know not with how much truth, that Bismarck has said that he is confident the Germans will be invited to take charge of the Capital before another month. This may be but the mere creation of fancy, based however on the present condition of Paris. London specials predict from the growing dissensions in Paris, a mob will overthrow all authority and make a bloody revolution. This, too, may be more guess work, but we very much fear that the guess may prove a reality. We cannot see how it is to be avoided. Instead of unity of sentiment, growing stronger as actual danger draws near, discord and division seems to be more prevalent. Anarchy, far more than Prussian bayonets seems to be the fate of the Capital, and we should not be the least surprised to find the German soldiers called in to repress revolution.

LIBRARY HALL.

The controversy between Mr. Hess, of the English Opera Troupe, and Mr. Lane, of the Mercantile Library, is conducted, on the part of Mr. Hess at least, in a manner we sincerely regret. While Mr. Hess has always been a favorite with our citizens, while his obliging, genial, gentlemanly manner has won for him many warm friends, Mr. Lane's standing in this community as an upright, conscientious and honorable man is unexceptionable. Any attack, therefore, which Mr. Hess may make on Mr. Lane will not result to the benefit of Mr. Hess. We do not desire to take part in this controversy, and have, therefore, with the kindliest feelings towards both these gentlemen, declined to publish the communication of Mr. Hess, believing it to be based on a mistaken idea. That a misunderstanding has arisen is positive, but we think, from our knowledge of Mr. Lane, as well as from the reputation Mr. Hess has always borne in the community, that that misunderstanding could and ought to be adjusted without legal difficulties. We are compelled to believe that Mr. Hess labored under the impression that he was to have the opening of the Hall, and yet with a troupe that commanded the attendance of every lover of music, it did not require any such inducement to attract a large audience. Mrs. Caroline Richings Bernard, Miss Rose Hersee, and Mrs. Seguin, without detracting from the rest, were far more attractive than by any possibility the opening of the Library Hall could have been, and we do not believe it would have made one dollar difference to Mr. Hess, pecuniarily, whether he came there first or last. Nor have we the least doubt that Mr. Lane understood the contract just exactly as he asserts it was, and he regarded it as one not governed, in the slightest degree, by the opening of the new hall. But we also believe that the Mercantile Library did not make any engagement by the contract with Mr. Hess, and even had such been the case, we can scarcely think the sum sufficient, under an almost certainty that there has been a misunderstanding between the contracting parties, to inaugurate the opening of their beautiful hall with a law suit. Did not both gentlemen bear such excellent reputations in our midst, we might suppose there was an attempt to act dishonorably, but as it is, we sincerely hope the matter may be amicably adjusted without further personal controversy.

BRIBERY.

The result of the late elections in Pennsylvania will be, if the members of the Legislature observe the expressed will of the people, to maintain Republican supremacy in the State. After exertions almost heretofore unequalled, and with the aid and assistance of local divisions in the ranks of the Republican party, the Democracy of this State were fairly beaten at the polls. We urged during the discussions occuring in this county, that it was all important the next Legislature should be Republican, as it would be called on to apportion the State, and if the Democracy gained a majority in the Legislature, the power would be in their hands, and the State hereafter for several years would be under Democratic control. The whole effort of the Democracy was to effect this, and by such an apportionment as would divide the State into Democratic districts, secure the State Government hereafter.

They have, however, succeeded in gaining additional strength, and with that increased advantage, they boldly unmask the plot they have arranged for the next Legislature, and we can but say, it is one in no way complimentary to the Republican party, so far at least as the Independent Republican candidates are concerned. "Last winter (says the Harrisburg *Patriot*), Treasurer Mackey was defeated by a union of the Democrats and Independent Republicans. Some of the Independent Republicans are again elected to the Legislature, and a like programme can be renewed with equal success." Here is the first offer made by the Democracy, to divide the Republicans, and to insure to the disaffected minority the co-operation and support of the Democratic portion of the Legislature. We have no reference now to Mr. Mackey, being, or not being, a candidate, but only to the fact, that Democracy start out with a bid to the minority, and a promise to secure for them the next State Treasurer. This contract is good, no matter who may be nominated in the Republican caucus, whether it be Mackey, Irwin, or anybody else, so long as a dozen of a Republican minority desire to have some one else than the choice of the majority. Nor does the Democracy look to the Republican party for traitors, but, and we believe without the slightest reason, to the Independent candidates.

This contract, however, is not a voluntary offering on the part of the Democracy, but is coupled with a certain condition required of the Independent Republicans, before it can be demanded. That condition is, that while the Democracy will support the dozen Republicans as against the wishes of the majority, those dozen Republicans are to support the Democracy in the apportionment of the State. "There is," says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, "another important subject which is mixed up in this election of State Treasurer, and that is the apportionment of representatives among the people." How "mixed up," unless indeed the Democracy intend to do the mixing of Democrats and Independent Republicans, for State Treasurer, provided that disaffected Republicans will do the mixing of Independent Republicans and Democrats in the apportionments. In this way the office of State Treasurer is to be the fleshless bone offered to half a dozen men, for the return of passing the whole power of the State over into the hands of those who have nothing of their own to give, but can freely offer to bestow on Republicans, what Independent Republicans will help them to steal.

But we are not left in doubt, nor do we rely on the conjecture that this is the intent of, and will be, the effort made by, the Democratic members. The Harrisburg *Patriot* further says: "To defeat the caucus nominee of the faction, the Democrats should make any and every sacrifice consistent with honor. They owe this to the people who have been defrauded of representation by means of an unjust apportionment. *They thus obtain revenge for the wrongs of the past, and security for the future.* By uniting with the Independent Republicans, who have been themselves the victims of this overbearing and corrupt faction, a just apportionment, one which will be satisfactory to all the people, can be obtained. To attain this desirable end every selfish consideration should yield. The first step in the right direction is to secure the defeat of Mackey, *or the caucus candidate of the faction for State Treasurer, whoever that candidate may be.*"

The first question that will strike the mind of every reader is, what "*sacrifice*" would the Democratic party make in voting for a minority Republican candidate for State Treasurer. Evidently none, and the word is only used for the purpose of introducing a show of disinterested public benevolence, that is sadly out of place. More particularly is this fact self-evident, when immediately after this "laudable sacrifice" the public are informed that that sacrifice will give to the Democratic party "revenge for the wrongs of the past, and security for the future." Sacrifice and revenge are certainly curious combinations of disinterested benevolence, and worthy the analysis of Democratic philosophy. It will, however, be seen that the sacrifice proposed, is to be made by securing a Democratic apportionment through unity with Independent Republicans. This must, indeed, be a terrible sacrifice, to have the State so districted as to pass for the next seven years into the hands of the Democracy. But, in order to accomplish this, the Democracy are to unite with the Independent Republicans to defeat any caucus candidate for State Treasurer, whoever that candidate may be, and the sacrifice, therefore, is in assisting to elect a State Treasurer for the coming year, and gaining the State Treasurer for the next seven years, and in addition the control of the State Government.

The unblushing effrontery of this proposition will disgust any honest man, Democrat or Republican. While it is a direct insult to the Independent Republicans, it is just as great a mark of dishonor to the whole Democratic Party. Though the stake for which that Party is playing is greater than the bribe offered to the Republicans, though the first would gain supremacy for seven years, and the second see their favorite inducted in office for one year, and know that forever hereafter they would be powerless, yet we do not believe that the Democracy, unless they have intentionally elected that class of men, will find the majority of their members so utterly lost to all self-respect as to pocket a bribe for their votes. On the other hand, we do not believe that enough Independent Republicans can be found to make this political sacrifice and bury themselves forever hereafter. We find it as a general rule, that those who have once been to the Legislature are not very averse to going there again, and would be about the last persons in the world to divide their districts so that their re-election was an impossibility. On the bribe alone of electing a minority candidate for State Treasurer, there is no possible chance for a Democratic apportionment. Nor will the public so consider it. More than this, such a contract could not possibly be carried into effect, unless by and with the consent of the minority candidate. Such a man would be totally and entirely unfitted for his high place of trust, and would steal if the opportunity was offered him. For the Democratic Party to advocate the election of such a man, is the advice of the Harrisburg *Patriot*, and yet it talks about "honor."

We have but little fear of the result. There may be a few demoralized men, who have crept into power through the great strength of the party, who will sell their State into the hands of the Democracy for a few dollars, and who will try to creep out under the plea of the *Harrisburg Patriot*, of "faction, &c.," but they are few and far between, and will not alter the result. There are many Democrats who will not lend themselves to such a fraudulent scheme, and will not receive the bribe thus held out to them. The experiences derived from last winter so far from being favorable to the plot, are most decidedly against it, and those who thoughtlessly trifled with the unity of Republicanism, have received not only a warning, but are now aware that a vital question outside of the office of State Treasurer will be before the coming session of the Legislature. The best the *Harrisburg Patriot* could have done, was to publish the article to which we have referred. It allows the sun light to play upon it, men to analyze it, candidates to be warned from biting at the gilded hook, and ensures the election of every candidate nominated in the Republican caucus.

A PRIVATE letter from a prominent Missouri politician says that it "it looks as if four Republicans—Havens, Burdette, Smith and Parker; three Democrats—Wells, McCormack and King; and one so-called Reform Republican—Finkelnburg, will be elected to Congress from this state next month. The ninth member is doubtful, with the chances in favor of the Republican candidate. Two weeks ago all hopes of carrying the State for Governor McClurg were abandoned by the Republicans, but the action of President Grant in removing Federal office-holders who had taken part in the defection of the Brown-Schurz party has had the effect of advancing the interests of McClurg, and a strong reaction has set in in his favor."

ERIE is only the eighth city in size in our State. The list is as follows: Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Allegheny, Scranton, Reading, Harrisburg, Lancaster, and Erie, and then come Allentown, Williamsport, Johnstown and Easton.

NOMINATIONS FOR CONGRESS.

We publish the nominations made for Congress, in all the States, that held their elections on the 7th and 8th inst., with the majorities given in each district in 1869. By reference to this table, the loss or gain in the different districts may be readily ascertained. Arkansas and Louisiana voted on the 7th, and the others on the 8th inst.

Dist.	Republicans.	Democrats.	Maj. '69.
	ALABAMA.		
1.	B. S. Turner, col.	S. J. Cumming	2,111R
2.	C. W. Buckley.	M. R. Welborn	4,147R
3.	B. W. Norris.	W. A. Handley	243R
4.	*Chas. Hays.	J. G. Harris	12,015R
5.	L. J. Standefer.	*Peter M. Dox	1,114D
6.	B. O. Masterson.	Joseph H. Sloss	2,099D
	ARKANSAS.		
1.	*L. H. Roots.	J. M. Hanks	164R
2.	O. P. Snyder.	*A. A. C. Rogers	1,186D
3.	*Thomas Boles.	John Edwards	3,967R
	ILLINOIS.		
At l'ge.	*J. A. Logan.	W. B. Anderson	55,987R
		J. V. Farwell, Temp.	
1.	C. B. Farwell.	J. Wentworth, I.	8,181R
2.	*J. F. Farnsw'th	R. D. Bishop	14,418R
	John C. Stoughton, Prohibition.		
3.	*H. C. Burchard.	C. Betts	8,972R
4.	*J. B. Hawley.	P. L. Cable	1,722R
5.	*E. C. Ingersoll.	T. B. Ives	7,305R
6.	*B. C. Cook.	J. Avery	7,661R
7.	*J. H. Moore.	A. J. Hunter	5,150R
8.	J. Merriam.	J. C. Robinson	2,884R
9.	B. F. Westlake.	*T. W. McNeely	2,598D
10.	J. W. Kitchell.	E. Y. Rice	4,023D
11.	W. H. Robinson	*S. S. Marshall	3,833D
12.	*J. B. Hay.	W. Hartzell	1,642R
13.	D. W. Munn.	*J. M. Crebs	503D
	KANSAS.		
1.	D. P. Lowe.	C. Foster	15,355R
	KENTUCKY.		
1.	N. B. Black.	E. Crossland	11,877D
2.	M. J. Rourk.	H. F. McHenry	9,248D
3.	R. D. Carr.		7,166D
4.	J. M. Fidler.	W. B. Reed	11,355D
5.	J. Speed.	*B. Winchester	13,593D
6.	T. Wrightson.	W. E. Archer	7,945D
7.	W. Brown.	*J. B. Beck	10,646D
8.	H. T. Finlay.		462D
9.	G. M. Thomas.	*J. M. Rice	3,858D
	MASSACHUSETTS.		
1.	*J. Buffington.	W. W. Comstock	9,489R
		R. C. Pitman (Ind.)	
2.	*Oakes Ames.	E. Avery L. F.	8,800R
3.	*G. Twitchell.	W. Gaston	2,182R
	H. D. Cushing (Prohibition.)		
4.	*S. Hooper.	L. Morse	2,736R
	John T. Sargent (Labor Reform.)		
5.	*B. F. Butler.	A. Cook	6,237R
6.	*N.P.Banks, L.R.	John K. Tarbox	6,746R
7.	*G. M. Brooks.	Seth Adams	6,218R
	J. C. Kimball (Labor Reform.)		
8.	*G. F. Hoar.	M.S.Johnson (L.R.)	9,333R
9.	*W.M.Washburn	L. B. Jaquith	13,480R
	Alvah Crocker (Labor Reform.)		
10.	*H. L. Dawes.	R. Noble	4,770R
	MICHIGAN.		
1.	H. Waldron.	N. B. Eldredge	1,602R
2.	*W.L. Stoughton	H. Chamberlain	7,800R
3.	*A. P. Blair.	D. D. Hughes	3,000R
4.	*T. W. Ferry.	M. Ryder	9,329R
5.	*O. D. Conger.	B. G. Stout	1,724R
6.	J. F. Driggs.	J. G. Sutherland	3,395R
	MARYLAND.		
1.	H. R. Torbett.	*S. Hambleton	8,097D
2.	W. M. Marine.	*S. Archer	6,875D
3.	W. Booth.	*T. Swann	7,389D
4.	J. E. Smith.	J. Ritchie	586D
5.	J. A. Gary.	W. H. Merrick	7,748D
	MINNESOTA.		
1.	M. H. Dunnell.	C. F. Buck	9,078R
2.	J. T. Averill.	I. Donnelly	6,228R
	MISSOURI.		
1.	I. W. Smith.	*E. Wells	181D
	C. P. Johnson, (bolter).		
2.	*G. A. Finkleburg, (bolter).		5,226R
3.	W. N. Nalle (bol.)	*J. R. McCormick.	927D
4.	H. E. Havens.	W. Gilmore (bolter)	5,356R
5.	*S. S. Burdett.	G. A. Smith (bolter)	3,476R
6.	G. Smith.	A. Comingo	867R
7.	I. C. Packer.	J. H. Ellis	7,243R
		*Joel F. Asper F. T.	
8.	J. T. Hayward.	J. G. Blair.	1,606R
9.	Edwin Draper.	A. King	432R
		*David P. Dyer, F. T.	
	NEVADA.		
1.	*T. Fitch.	C. W. Kendall	881R
	NEW JERSEY.		
1.	J. W. Hazelton.	Benj. F. Lee	3,675R
2.	W. A. Newell.	Sam'l C. Forker	805D
3.	Rob't Rusling.	John T. Bird	4,124D
4.	*John Hill.	Phillip Rafferty	79R
5.	G. A. Halsey.	*O. Cleveland	2,248D
		A. Fitzpatrick, I.	
	RHODE ISLAND.		
1.	*T. A. Jenckes, I.	Nichl's Van Slyck	3,915R
	B. L. Eames, I.	Thos. Davis, I. R.	
2.	J. M. Pendleton.	Geo. H. Browne.	1,402R
	NEW YORK.		
1.	C. C. Norvell.	E. Townsend	1,393D
2.	S. B. Dutcher.	Thomas Kinsella	11,926D
3.	E. D. Webster.	*H. W. Slocum	2,864D
		R. M. Whiting, Ind.	
4.	M. T. McMahon.	R. B. Roosevelt	16,050D
		M. T. McMahon	
5.	A. J. Leggatt.	W. R. M'Roberts	
		*Jno. Morrissey	14,153D
6.	H. Greeley.	*Sam'l S. Cox	2,880D
7.	B. A. Willis.	Smith Ely, Jr	12471D
	D. H. Alpine.		
8.	Geo. Wilkes.	*Jas. Brooks	11,621D
9.	M. Ellinger.	*Fernando Wood	7,320D
		Wm. S. Hilyer	
10.	J. Westevelt.	*C. N. Potter	3,883D
11.	C. St. John.	W. C. N. Sherman	322D
12.	*J. H. Ketcham.	Wm. H. Phillips	425R
13.	J. G. Lindsley.	J. H. Tuthill	509D
14.	Minard Harder.	Eli Perry	2,744D
	John Hastings (Lab. Ref.)		
15.	J. T. Davis.	Joseph M. Warren	2,413R
16.	A. Williams.	John Rogers	2,210R
17.	*W. A. Wheeler.	George Mott	8,978R
18.	J. M. Marvin.	John M. Carroll	2,103R
	Samuel McKean (Ind.)		
19.	E. H. Prindle.	Joseph Juliand	3,365R
20.	C. L. Merriam.	Andrew Cornwall	3,348R
21.	E. H. Roberts.	Abram B. Weaver	1,366R
		E. C. Hill (L. R.)	
22.	W. E. Lansing.	Mat. J. Shoecraft	9,592R
23.	R. Holland Duell		
	*D. McCarthy (I.)		
24.	J. E. Seeley.	George B. Daniels	4,491R
25.	W. H. Lamport.	H. L. Comstock	3,808R
26.	Milo Goodrich.	Edgar K. Apgar	5,112R
	G. D. Beers.		
27.	H. B. Smith.	Lucius Robinson	5,467R
28.	F. Clarke, L. T.	J. P. Butts, S. T.	2,690R
	C. Holmes, S. T.	John H. White, L. T.	
29.	Seth Wakeman.	Jas. G. Shepherd	3,137R
30.	Lyman K. Bass.	William Williams	1,711R
31.	W. L. Sessions.	Chas. D. Murray	6,983R
	TENNESSEE.		
1.	*Rod. R. Butler,	James White	10,107R
		Alfred Kinney, Ind.	
2.	*H. Maynard.	A. Blizzard	7,722R
3.	*W. B. Stokes.	A. E. Garrett	4,380R
4.		John M. Bright	666D
5.	*W. F. Prosser.	Edw. J. Golladay	1,322R
6.		W. C. Whitthorne	3,002R
7.		Robt. P. Caldwell	1,689R
8.	*W. J. Smith.	W. W. Vaughan	910D
	VIRGINIA.		
	At large, Raleigh T. Daniel.		
1.	L. M. Norton.	John Crichter	846R
		W. W. Douglas, Ind.	
2.	*Jas. H. Platt.	R. B. Bolling	5,526R
		J. T. Pretlow, Ind.	
3.	*C. H. Porter.	Albert Ordway	4,270R
4.	W. H. H. Stowell	W. L. Owen	3,553D
5.	Alex. Rives.	R. T. W. Duke	3,161D
		Charles W. Stathan, Ind.	
6.		John T. Harris	11,544D
7.	*L. McKenzie.	E. M. Braxton	4,805D
8.	R. W. Hughes.	Wm. Terry	8,473D
	WISCONSIN.		
1.	Wm. P. Lyons.	Alex. Mitchell	429R
2.	G. W. Hazeltine.	Amasa J. Cook	5,674R
3	J. Allen Barber.	John Strachan	6,741R
4.	J. A. Watrous.	*Chas. A. Eldridge	4,483D
5.	*Philetus Sawyer.	Jos. Stringham	4,068R
6.	J. M. Rusk.	Alex. Meggett	9,687R
	GEORGIA.		
1.	Virgil Hillyer.	A. T. McIntyre	2,839R
2.	R.H. Whitely.	Nelson Tift	1,949D
3.	John S. Bigby.	W. F. Wright	1,225R
4.	Thos. J. Speer.	W. J. Lawton	151R
5.	Eph. Tweedy.	D. M. Duboise	No op
6.	W. R. Bell.	Wm. P. Price	418D
7.	Geo. P. Burnett.	P. M. B. Young	
	LOUISIANA.		
1.	Jas. H. Sypher.	L. H. Martin	1,780D
2.	*L. A. Sheldon.	Geo. A. Fosdick	1,779R
3.	C. B. Darrall.	Adolph Bailey	8,919D
4.	James McCleery.	Michael Ryan	2,465D
5.	Frank Morey.	J. D. Watkins	2,296D

*Members of the XLIst Congress.

THE EUROPEAN OUTLOOK.

The various abortive attempts made to establish a Republican Government in France, including the one which they are now essaying, are calculated to arouse our curiosity, to know why they so quickly and disastrously fail. That there is a superstructure of great and varied intelligence belonging to that people, embracing in its range the whole circle of the sciences as well as the arts, is admitted on all hands; that their reasoning powers are of the highest order, no one will gainsay; and that their administrative capacity is equal to any, is also true. Yet, with all these first rate qualifications, they appear to us like mere children playing at government, whenever they put themselves in the attitude of a self-governing people.

This singular failure in what to us seems so perfectly natural and easy, must have its solution away down in the depths of character inherited through many generations, and which can only be reached by training them back to the race from which they sprung.

As a newspaper article is not the place to enter into the profundities of such an enquiry, we propose merely to skim the surface and jot down a few speculations that the facts seem to warrant.

The Latin race, while ever noted for quickness, and a certain dash of character, which shows itself in many ways, among the most noted of which may perhaps be placed that of haste to resent an insult, whether real or fancied, is yet not self-reliant, however contradictory it may appear. Latin nations ever fall back, after a spasmodic self assertion, and bow themselves to the yoke of despotism, rather than continue the battle for personal rights. The price of liberty being eternal vigilance; they are unwilling to pay it. While their energy is great for a short season, and capable of mighty things, the spring soon loses its force, and flaccidness succeeds. The consequences are alternate seasons of total abandonment to the rule of some individual or family, and sudden convulsive shakings off of the yoke, with short-lived determinations to do their own ruling. Just now we have two examples of the latter sort, namely, in France and Spain.

We, on this side of the water, look on in our well-poised simplicity, and wonder why, when they have cleared the way of all monarchical *debris*, they do not avail themselves of the happy moment, to establish such a government as will reflect their will in all future time. The reason lies in the want of that steady pressure which must flow from the heart of each individual member of the aggregate, and is at bottom a combination of sturdy personal independence, with that modicum of common sense which teaches that some part of each individual's freedom must be given, a voluntary sacrifice, to the public good. And just here the Latin character fails. While it ruthlessly seizes upon another's rights, it cannot see the reasonableness of surrendering any of its own. The consequence is, that the various changes of government, instead of being induced by an intelligent, united effort to do away with tyranny, are only attempts to destroy one tyranny that another may take its place—in other words, are rather individual than national tumults.

The tyranny that sits so naturally upon the people of that race, extends itself to religious as well as civil government. The papacy maintains itself among them, with an ease and strength that to us appears marvellous. Our conception of religious obligation, while acknowledging entire dependence upon Deity for everything, and during every moment of life, utterly abhors the placement of a man intermediate between us, to divert and compel our obedience to him. But to the Latin, religious and political domination are alike; both natural; and only momentarily to be fought against, when they happen to bear extra heavily upon him.

Our hopes then of a firm Republican foothold upon the continent of Europe, which have been repeatedly excited, to be just as often dashed to the ground, are destined to meet constant disappointment, so long as they continue to point towards France. The character of the people forbids success, and all the endeavors of the earnest men of that nation, who have the establishment of a republic at heart, will fail in the future, as in the past.

Must we then admit that republicanism is only to continue triumphant here, and that Europe is ever to remain the prey of monarches? No, verily! The day is approaching when kingcraft will find itself at a discount there, and a Republic shall arise, when the general eye has not been watching for it: when the king himself in the plentitude of power, but the blindness of consequence, has been guiding his entire people forcibly into the path that will eventually unseat his family. I refer to the course of Prussia.

The German race possesses the fundamental requirements, in an eminent degree, which befit it for self-government. The dignity of human nature which scouts slavery as treason to humanity, is an inborn feeling among them. The patient exercise of their faculties, whether of body or mind, without producing glittering results, is fruitful to all desirable things. The honesty that governs them in word and deed is confessed by all people. These, with the determination that none shall be the slaves of another, make a foundation which only needs the superstructure of universal education to complete the full measure of qualifications needful to the true Republican citizen; and this last, thanks to the king, the Prussian people have secured.

And now, when the right moment arrives, they will, without proclaiming to the world by blast of trumpet that they are about to make "one supreme effort," go quietly about it, and establish a Republic that will be enduring, because intelligently and conscientiously administered—enduring, because, while it will attend to its own affairs without regarding the European balance of power, will be dangerous to meddle with owing to certain needle guns and other appliances of a late period, which they have found to be useful for preserving peace among men.

A. F. M.

BRIEF TOPICS.

ENGLISH NONCONFORMISTS.

The Congregationalists' Union, an important section of the Nonconformists of England, has recently been holding a conference at Plymouth, to adopt measures for the promotion of the interests of the denomination. One point of discussion was the inadequate salaries paid to a large number of Congregational ministers and a feeling was expressed in favor of the establishment of a general fund, out of which insufficient salaries should be augmented until they should reach a minimum of $750. It was argued that the ministers would thus be rendered independent of their congregations, and the voluntary system would be discouraged. One of the most prominent clergymen present, Rev. Mr. Binney, strongly opposed the scheme, stating that the village pastors were chiefly taken from a class of men who, if they received $350 a year, get more than ever they had before. He also argued that if $750 a year was to be paid to all Congregational pastors, then a recognized standard of ability for the ministry should be adopted. It is also stated that the average professional income of the clergy of the Church of England, the best educated ministry in Europe, does not exceed $750 a year.

A CURIOUS AUTOMATON.

After fourteen years of untiring labor and great privation, a German cabinet-maker of Troy, named Joseph Bergman, has produced a combination of machinery which baffles the descriptive efforts of the "local" of the Troy *Times*, who despairingly calls upon us to "imagine a beautiful miniature structure set upon a huge mass of rocks, with road-beds winding up the sides of the rocks, and streams of running water coursing down precipitous bluffs. In this house a miller sits reading a newspaper, while his face is made to display all the sensations of pleasure, surprise, and pain. Then there is a mill, showing a man working at a hopper, a woman spinning, men unloading canal-boats, a man rowing in a lake, horses moving back and forth under loads of flour, a sawmill working, a fountain playing, and a man hanging up a bird cage, all working in harmony. The most curious fact connected with this wonderful piece of mechanism is that it was commenced and finished through the influence of a dream."

IMITATION PEARLS.

Glass pearls are produced by a very singular process. In 1656, a Venetian named Jaquin, discovered that the scales of a fish, called bleak-fish, possessed the quality of communicating a pearl hue to the water. He found, by experimenting, that beads dipped into this water assumed, when dried, the appearance of pearls. It proved, however, that the pearly coat, when placed outside, was easily rubbed off; and the next improvement was to make the beads hollow. The making of these beads is carried on to this day in Venice. The beads are all blown separately. By means of a small tube, the insides are delicately coated with the pearly liquid, and a wax coating is placed over that. It requires the scales of four thousand fish to produce half a pint of the liquid, to which a small quantity of sal-ammoniac and isinglass is afterward added.

ENEMIES TO ENGINEERS.

Natural phenomena, says the London journal *Nature*, must be regarded by the engineer in the tropics. Here the boring worm will teach him salutary caution. In the East we have seen a railway train stopped on an incline by locusts. The locusts have a fancy for sitting on the rails, and when the engine-wheel touches them they are crushed, leaving the rail so oily that the wheel slips. On one line, in the locust season, sand-boxes are used with the locomotive. Oysters are, however, a newly-recorded enemy to the engineer. Some gourmand suggested the harbor of Tuticorin as a suitable place for oyster beds, and the Madras Government, doubtless appreciative of the value of oysters, either for eating or for pearls, turned a deaf ear to remonstrance. Time has, however, justified the remonstrants, for, though the projectors have got an abundant supply of oysters, the harbor of Tuticorin is now said to be in danger of total destruction by the growth of the oyster beds, and the attention of the government is seriously directed to cross the love of oysters. The Madras coast is so ill-provided that harbors are more valuable than oysters, and a campaign will be directed against the latter, although the revenue authorities hanker after the taxes on the pearl fishery.

PERSONAL MORALITY.

Rev. Charles Kingsley, in a recent address delivered before the workingmen of Southampton, remarked that "personal morality is the best safeguard of national liberty." Mr. Kingsley argued that no form of political organization can secure freedom to a people who live for mean aims and low passions, who despise the moral bonds which secure the purity and harmony of society, who laugh at the restraints of virtue, and care less for duty than for pleasure. He asserted that the moral ennervation of France during the last twenty years has been visible in her literature, in her drama, in the amusements most favored by the people, and in her laxity of opinion and of conduct. These views Mr. Kingsley expressed ten years ago at Cambridge, and on that occasion predicted that some dreadful catastrophe would some day occur in France, but did not dream when it did occur that it would be so complete, or the final plunge so awful.

The *Pall Mall Gazette*, in commenting upon this address, agrees with Mr. Kingsley's views, but thinks that England has not much cause to congratulate herself on her freedom from the irregularities charged against the French. The *Pall Mall* says that it would be easy and indeed almost pleasant to expose and comment upon the faults of others, if we could entertain the comfortable conviction that we were free from them ourselves. England, it contends, has too many defects in her social life to allow of any such exultation over neighbors. The domestic morality of England, it is openly admitted, has entered upon a period of decline, and it is argued that measures should be adopted to remove temptations that have so fearfully increased within the last few years in the large cities.

THE LOST FOUND.

The *Alta California* says: About daybreak, on Wednesday morning, the Lakeville and Calistoga stage was stopped by two masked highwaymen, near Kelsey's Creek, who pointed a musket and revolver at the driver, with the modest request that he hand over to them Wells, Fargo & Co.'s treasure-box. The request was complied with, $3,350 in gold being the amount turned over, and the driver was allowed to proceed on his way unmolested. When the stage arrived at Kelsey's the driver informed Mr. Duff Green, the agent of Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co., of what had occurred. This gentleman, with a number of other citizens, at once mounted horses and went out on the road to hunt the stage-robbers, but their mission proved unsuccessful. About 3½ o'clock on Friday morning Mr. Green was aroused from his slumbers by a loud rapping at his door. Dressing himself quickly, he started for the front door, and was surprised at seeing before him a man in a mask. Neither dwelt on ceremonies; the masked man, in a disguised voice, addressed Mr. Green, inquiring if he knew him. Mr. Green answered in the affirmative. The man in disguise, in a low tone, said: "Well, I am not the man who took the money, but if you won't betray me, I will give it back to you." Mr. Green was astonished at this remark, and promptly replied that if the money was given to him no further inquiries would be made, whereupon the other opened his coat and handed to Mr. Green the identical package containing the $3,350 which had been taken from the stage two days previous, and then took his leave. What prompted the robbers to refund the money has not yet been made known.

DARING VILLAINS.

A boldly planned and successful raid was made on the Eastward-bound train on the Central Pacific, due at Reno at 1 A. M., Saturday, by a band of robbers. As the train was leaving Verdi, eleven miles west of that point, three masked men boarded the express car, and five more immediately came to their aid from the rear cars. These five evidently came from the West on the train. Six stopped on the express car, which they detached from the main train, cutting the signal ropes, &c., and two jumped on the engine, placing pistols at the engineer's head, and commanded him to move on, which he did. Two brakesmen endeavored to keep the masked men off the express car, but pistols placed at their heads compelled their retreat. The conductor rushed forward, but pistols stopped him. Finding a hatchet, he came forward again in time to see the engine and express car separated from the train and flying down the track. The robbers then placed the fireman, express and mail messengers in the mail-room and locked them up. When within six miles of Reno, they stopped the train, broke open the express boxes, and robbed them of $41,600 in gold coin. The robbers escaped to the mountain with their booty. All the telegraph lines were cut west of Reno.

RESURRECTIONISTS IN THE DOMINION.

[From the Montreal Witness, Nov. 1.]

Regularly as every winter comes round, and the medical colleges open, we hear of cases of body-snatching, and although search warrants have frequently been issued by our courts, yet, somehow, the resurrectionists contrive to elude detection. Early last week some young Montrealers visited Sorel, and under cover of a dark night made a raid on a grave-yard, disinterred the body of a young woman who had only been buried a few days previous, and carried off the corpse. They left some of the "dead clothes" about, which led to the affair being discovered. The police in Montreal were apprised of the affair, and, although the steamboats and railway trains have been watched, no trace of the body has yet been found, although it is believed that it was brought to this city. This body-snatching, with one or two men, is quite a profession, and during a session they will bring perhaps between thirty and sixty "subjects," which are worth from $15 to $22, according to the demand and supply. We have heard of one case which occurred in a dissecting-room in this city two years ago, of the corpse of a young woman, when laid on the table, being recognized as that of a student's sister, who had died only two weeks previous. Such cases as the above are very rare, but sometimes similar ones have occurred of students being called to operate upon the corpses of those whom they had known in life.

A BASE ATTEMPT.

A startling discovery was made at the Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, on October 22d. Twenty-five quarter casks of gunpowder, seized at a Fenian store in Ireland, had been brought to Woolwich in one of the government coasting vessels, and, on being opened at the Royal Laboratory for examination, were found to contain lucifer matches and old nails in considerable quantities, mixed with the powder, in every cask. If the casks had been subject to the rough usages of a railway transit, the consequences might have been most terrible, and even with the comparative precautions taken in conveying them by water, the circumstance of their having escaped explosion is quite wonderful. After this discovery the casks were, of course, handled with particular delicacy. They were placed in a barge in the river, and the boat, being scuttled, was sunk at high tide, so that there is now no fear of the "accident" which some miscreant has endeavored to perpetrate.

NARROW-GAUGE RAILWAYS.

An Important and Economical Improvement.

The two feet gauge railway in North Wales, constructed for the purpose of transporting slate and stone to the seashore, is now used as a regular goods and passenger line. The traffic, it is asserted, in consequence of the dimished expense of construction and working, yields a revenue of thirty per cent. on the capital. The reason assigned for this large amount of earnings is, that the proportion between the dead weight and the paying weight is much less than on other railways. Thus, the engine and tender weighs ten tons, against forty tons on wide-gauge roads. The carriages on the Welsh road, transporting twelve passengers, weigh thirty hundred weight, or two and a half hundred weight per passenger, while the broad gauge carriages, transporting thirty-two passengers, weigh seven and a half tons, or nearly five hundred weight per passenger. The London *Railway News*, in commenting on the two feet gauge, asserts that "its economy and efficiency will cause it to be extensively adopted." Why should not this description of railway economy have favor in this country, especially in the construction of branch lines of roadway to points and through regions naturally limited in the amount of their business? We have in mind several instances in which much capital has been sunk in railway construction, not because railways were not important nor needed where built, but because they were constructed at too great a cost for the business at the time to be accommodated. Whereas if roads had been constructed embracing the principles of economy suggested in the "Two Feet Gauge Railway of North Wales," they would not only have paid fairly on the capital invested at the beginning, but have gradually developed the region penetrated, to the great advantage of the neighborhoods as well as to the main lines of railroads from which they branched and were to be tributary. In the immediate vicinity of Philadelphia there are several well-known cases in point. We need but name the Old Chester Valley Railroad, and extension of the Norristown Railroad to Waynesburg, which swallowed all the capital put into it; the Ebensburg Road, and the old West Chester Railroad, branching from the Pennsylvania Railroad, less disastrous, perhaps, but both working a similar result. Some trunk lines were guilty of the same error. The North Pennsylvania cost the amount of its funded debt more than it should have done for the amount of business it had at the time and then near future to accommodate. The withholding of unnecessary capital invested in its construction would have enabled the shareholders to receive dividends steadily from its completion, and the company could have increased its capacity to a gradually developing business. A cheaper road from Camden to Atlantic City than was built would also have shown more wisdom. A dozen others might be mentioned, all demonstrating the same fact, that too much money was expended in advance of the development of business; the mistake being that the roads were made to create the business necessary for their support, rather than to accommodate business in freight and passengers already in existence. A branch road from the Jersey Railroad to Swedenborough, some ten miles long, just put in operation, is another instance in which the cheap principle in railway construction on similar plan to that mentioned in North Wales might have been advantageously followed. It is contemplated to ultimately extend this branch to various towns five to fifteen miles further south, which, if done on the cheap principle suggested, may not only pay on their own immediate lines, but make the branch already constructed pay on its cost. The day, we believe, is not far distant when cheap railroads will be as common all over the country as common wagon ways were half a century ago.—*Phila. Ledger.*

FISHY.

The Mackerel Catch for 1870.

The mackereling season of 1870 is fast drawing to a close, and by the middle of November the bay fleet will have arrived home and the business closed up for the year. The shore fleet have done nothing for the past fortnight, and many of the vessels have abandoned the business and hauled up. The mackerel have struck off much earlier this season than in former years, consequently the hopes which were entertained of a good catch in October, to wind up the year's work successfully, have been dissipated. Still the catch of the season has been much larger than that of last, probably double; and most of the fleet have done a fair year's work. One schooner has been lost in the business.

The bay fleet, as a general thing, have done rather slim, the restrictions placed upon the fisheries in those waters greatly embarrassing the business. The number of vessels employed has been much less than that of the previous year, and most of them have made but one trip. A few good fares have been brought in, but the fleet as a whole will not average more than one hundred and seventy five barrels. The quality of the mackerel has not been quite as good as those caught off this shore, and the latter have been most in demand, but within the past week the bay have advanced in price, and the market is daily improving. The seizure of four vessels engaged in the business, and the loss of one on her way hither, has been a serious drawback to this branch of the fisheries, and it will prove far from profitable to many of the firms engaged in it. To sum up, the mackereling season of 1870 will prove moderately remunerative, and on the whole a little improvement on that of last year.—*Gloucester (Mass.) Advertiser.*

Dangerous Disease.

A cough in itself may not be dangerous; it is rather a prelude to one that has been regarded as almost proverbially fatal—pulmonary consumption. If people were sufficiently cautious, there would be fewer diseases of the lungs and very few of them fatal. But how is this? you will ask. A plain answer settles the whole matter. Take medicine in time; take it when you notice the first cough, or the first pain in your breast. There is no pain without there is something internally wrong, and there is seldom a cough without something wrong with the lungs, or some one of the organs leading thereto; it may be the bronchia; it may be the larynx or the trachea. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE will heal any one, or all of them. It costs a trifle to try and that trifle may, in your case, as it has done in thousands, save your lungs from permanent injury. DR. KEYSER'S LUNG CURE is a real genuine medicine; it cannot do harm to the tenderest infant, or the most enfeebled invalid; it is prepared by Dr. Keyser himself, with great care and with an especial view to meet cases of either recent or chronic coughs. If you call on the Doctor at his principal office, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, he will examine your lungs and tell you whether it will cure you. Office hours from 9 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 P. M. until 6, and from Saturday's from 7 to 9 at night. If your druggist does not keep it, send five dollars to Dr. Keyser and he will send four bottles securely boxed, by express, with full directions how to use it.

THE ONLY TOWN in the Seine Inferieure that has taken adequate measures for the reception of the enemy is Havre. That town has, unaided, fortified, provisioned, equipped and armed itself. It has procured the best firearms from England and America, paid for by means of a loan of 1,300,000 francs, raised in four days.

THE LARGEST STOCK AND GREATEST VARIETY IN THE CITY.

Consisting in part of Drugs, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery and Toilet Soaps in endless variety. A large stock of fine Liquors, comprising the celebrated Bell Whisky, seven years old, Pure Brandy, Port, Sherry, Madeira, and Blackberry Wine. All the different brands of genuine Scotch and English Ales and Porter. Preparations for the Hair, Teeth and Complexion. Housekeepers will find the best quality of Baking Soda, Cream Tartar, Washing Soda, Soda Ash, Indigo, Potash, &c., &c. Painters will find a good assortment of everything necessary to the trade—White Lead (fresh), Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Copal, Coach, White, Damar and Black Varnish, Paint Brushes. Would respectfully invite all whom it may concern to call and examine quality of goods and learn prices. We are satisfied that they will not go away dissatisfied.

THE LARGEST STOCK, THE GREATEST VARIETY OF THE CHEAPEST GOODS IN THE CITY, IS AT
JAS. E. BURNS & CO'S
Drug Store,
Cor. of Penn and Sixth
(old St. Clair) streets.

A CARD TO SENSIBLE PEOPLE.

Rational reader, if the aspect of the weather was uncertain, you would not be foolish enough to venture out without an overcoat or umbrella. Have the forecast, then, to protect yourself at this dangerous season, with something more important than either of these articles. Strengthen your stomach and nervous system; regulate your liver and your bowels, tone all your organs and cheer your animal spirits with that agreeable cordial, tonic and alterative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. So shall you surely escape the diseases which fasten upon the feeble and debilitated. "Suffer and be strong," says the proverb; but "Be strong that you may *not* suffer" is the wiser maxim—and of all strengthening preparations this is the safest, the surest, the most genial. As a remedy, as well as an antidote, for dyspepsia, fever and ague, and liver disease, there is no combination of vegetable specifics at present known which even approaches it in efficacy.

Anticipate the enemy. The elements of innumerable diseases are afloat in the raw, damp, mephitic winter air. Will you defend yourself against them, or not, good reader? That is the question. A bottle or two of the great DEFENSIVE MEDICINE OF THE AGE, Hostetter's Bitters, will so strengthen and brace up your bodily powers as to enable them to "laugh a siege to scorn." The morbid matter which was exhaled in perspiration through your pores in summer finds no such free egress now. A powerful counteracting agent is therefore needed, and you have it in Hostetter's Bitters. They neutralize the *materies morbi* from which disease originates, and regulate all the secretive organs. Nothing can be more harmless or more healthful—nothing so potent to prevent or cure biliousness, dyspepsia, fever and ague, constipation and general debility, as this wonderful corrective.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
☞Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

GRATES! GRATES!
GRATES!
Keep Your Houses Clean,
AND
SAVE FUEL,
BY USING THE
Wellman Patent Reflector Grate.
WHICH STANDS WITHOUT A RIVAL.

We claim for it the following advantages over any other in use:

1st. As a radiator of heat it has *double* the intensity.

2d. It is unquestionably the most cleanly—very little soot or ashes escaping into the room—which, in the ordinary Grate, proves so detrimental to carpets and furniture.

3d. The combustion is *perfect*. There is no waste in unburnt cinders—every ounce of the fuel is so completely consumed, that nothing remains but the finest ashes.

4th. As an economizer of fuel—there being an *actual saving* of at least 25 per cent.

5th. It is highly ornamental.

6th. It is set so deep in the chimney, that it is much safer, and also less liable to puff in windy weather.

7th. A slight motion of the shaker cleanses the entire fire, and causes it to burn with great brilliancy and intensity of heat.

Samples may be seen and references had at the store of W. BARNES, corner of 2d avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh; W. F. GOODWIN, 86 Federal street, Allegheny, or at the FOUNDRY, corner Duquesne Way and Water street, Pittsburgh.

Parties who are building, or who contemplate changing Grates, are respectfully requested to examine "The Wellman." Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

L. H. SMITH & CO.,
Manufacturers,
West Point Foundry

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
Cloaking Cloths,
IN
Astrachans, Chinchillas and Felts.
FRINGED CLOTHS,
FOR LADIES SUITS.
All Wool Poplin Plaids,
English Satins and Heavy Repps.
Diagonal Cloths and French Merinos,
Black and Colored Alpaca Poplins,
AND OTHER NOVELTIES IN
DRESS GOODS,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
Another lot of those slightly imperfect
Heavy Gray Blankets,
AT $2.50 AND $3.00 PER PAIR.
Flannels. Blankets.
Comforts, Quilts, &c.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

FURS, FURS.
ELEGANT NEW STYLES
Astrachan Sacques
SEAL SACQUES,
Elegant Sable Sets,
AND ALL THE LOW GRADES
FURS,
For Ladies, Misses and Children,
EMBRACING THE NEWEST STYLES.
M'CORD & CO.,
Offer the Largest Stock of the above Goods for inspection and at prices that cannot be rivalled for cheapness.
M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood Street.
no5

DIARIES, 1861.
Samples now ready. Discounts from manufacturers list, according to quantity. Large terms to buyers. Thirty styles, the most desirable, covering all the varieties. Orders taken now to deliver any time during the season. The best time to buy is now, when the assortment is complete. Send for price list.
J. L. READ & SON,
Booksellers & Stationers,
102 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH,
PROPRIETORS OF
"Our New Paper."

PITTSBURGH
BREWERY.
Joshua Rhodes
Having resumed the BREWERY BUSINESS at the OLD STAND, corner of Duquesne Way and Barker's alley, solicits a portion of the patronage so liberally bestowed upon him in former days.
It will be his earnest endeavor to manufacture an article of
ALE
That for EXCELLENCE and PURITY cannot be excelled.
He will also constantly have on hand a full supply of MALT AND HOPS.
oc31:f29

THE FINEST
Cream Bon Bons
AND
ASSORTED CANDIES
For Presents, can be Obtained at
GEORGE BEAVEN'S,
No. 112 Federal Street,
29:f31 ALLEGHENY CITY.

JOHN H. DALZELL. J. WILLIS DALZELL.
ROBERT B. TOWNSEND.
Dalzells & Townsend,
PORK PACKERS,
And dealers in
Bacon, Lard, Pork, Lard Oil &c.,
247 LIBERTY STREET,
(Opposite Wood.)
no7:g59 PITTSBURGH.

WINE VINEGAR.
We are receiving a lot of CASKS and BARRELS of the celebrated
E. & M. Bollman
IMPERIAL WINE VINEGAR out of a cargo just landed at Baltimore.
WATT, LANG & CO.,
172 and 174 Wood street.

DOUBLE BARREL
SHOT GUNS!
The shooting season has just commenced, and I have a fine assortment of Double and Single Barrel Shot Guns, varying in price from $8 50 to $150 00, some of them very fine. Sportsmen will do well to call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere at
JAMES BOWN'S,
oc6 136 WOOD STREET.

MORTON'S
GOLD PENS,
A complete assortment and the best PENS in the world.
ALLAN C. BAKEWELL & CO.
AGENTS FOR PITTSBURGH.
75 Wood Street.
no1

CALCINED PLASTER.—50 barrels best brand Calcined Plaster in store and for sale by [illegible]
161 First avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Low Prices for
NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
At 12 1-2 Cents.
Yard-Wide Bleached Muslins,
A SPECIAL BARGAIN.
At 22c, Heavy Gray Twilled Flannel.
At 25c., Dark Gray Plain Flannel.
At 70c, Ladies' Corsets—a bargain.
At 50c. Ladies' Gored Jean Skirts.
At $1 75,
All-Wool Felt Gored Skirts,
SLIGHTLY IMPERFECT.
MILLINERY GOODS.
HOODS AND NUBIAS.
Children's Knit Cloaks.
Children's Knit Sacques.
Ladies' Knit Breakfast Shawls,
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear.
Gents' White Shirts.
Gents' Flannel Shirts,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny.

GRAND
Clearance Sale
AT
HORNE & CO'S,
PREPARATORY TO REMOVING THEIR
Retail Business
TO
Library Hall, Penn St.
Everything marked down, and many goods to much less than cost, in order to close them out.
SPECIALTIES FOR TODAY:
100 dozen British Cotton Hose, heavy and full regular, 25 cents per pair.
Real French Corsets, Corded and 26 Whalebones, $1.00 per pair.
50 dozen 30 Spring Hoop Skirts, Fresh Goods, at 50 cents.
Norfolk and New Brunswick Co's Underwear, for Men, hand seamed, at $1.50 and up—all sizes.
Our entire importation of Trafousse Kid Gloves, bright and light in shades, and dark and blacks, sizes 5½ to 8, at $2 per pair, unexcelled by any make.
Embroideries, Hamburg and Scotch Worked, lower than the lowest.
Hamburg Embroideries, 3-4 to 6 yards, at bargains.
77 and 79
MARKET STREET.
no8

On a Par with Gold!
WE NOW OFFER
Our New Stock
OF
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS
AT
EASTERN PRICES.
BUYERS ARE INVITED TO
Examine our Goods & Prices
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood Street.

STATEMENT OF THE
REAL ESTATE
SAVINGS BANK
OCTOBER 31, 1870.
ASSETS.
Bonds and Mortgages, being first Liens of Real Estate........$ [illegible]
U. S. 1881 Bonds and par........[illegible]
Real Estate........[illegible]
Office Furniture........[illegible]
Cash........48,723 84
Total........$ 717,451 76
LIABILITIES.
Due Depositors........$650,621 63
Due Depositors, Interest, Nov. 1, 1870........16,997 78 667,619 41
Balance Contingent Fund........49,832 35
Total........$ 717,451 76
The above is a true statement.
S. S. CARRIER, Treasurer.
The undersigned Auditing Committee have examined the Books of the Bank, the Bonds, Mortgages and Securities, and counted the Cash, and find the foregoing Statement correct.
NICHOLAS VOEGTLY, JR.,
H. CHILDS, } Committee.
WM. H. SMITH,
Pres't ISAAC JONES. Vice Pres't. WM. H. SMITH.
Accoun't, [illegible] Solicitor, R. B. TODD.
TRUSTEES.
Hon. T. M. Howe, Isaac Jones,
R. W. C. Bidwell, Harvey Childs,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, C. G. Hussey,
Jacob Painter, Nicholas Voegtly,
William [illegible]
INTEREST ALLOWED on Deposits at SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM, payable to Depositors in May and November, which, if not drawn, will be added to the principal and COMPOUNDED.
Open for deposits from 9 A.M. to 3 o'clock P.M. daily, and every Saturday evening from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9, and from Nov. 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.
Office, 63 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BAILEY & CO.,
12th and Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.
BRIDAL SILVER,
French Bronzes,
FINE WATCHES,
Mantel Sets.
A very large stock in all the above lines. Goods sent by express free of charge.

AGENCY BUSINESS OF ALL kinds to be transacted in Philadelphia, [illegible]

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

Oliver McClintock
& Company,
Announce the continued arrival, from England direct, of choice selections in
Solid and Tapestry
BRUSSELS,
DRUGGETS AND FELTINGS,
In connection with the finest assortment of domestic
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings, &c.,
Offered in the city.
☞Prices lower than last season.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Avenue.
oc27

CARPETS.
FALL STOCK.
LARGE ASSORTMENT.
ALL QUALITIES,
LOW PRICES.
We call the attention of the Trade to our NEW STOCK, the largest we have offered at this season of the year. Our assortment of
Tapestry and Body Brussels
AND
Druggets and Drugget Squares,
Cannot be excelled by any in the market.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
se16:d&F

OCTOBER, 1869.
Our New Fall Stock of
CARPETS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
WINDOW SHADES,
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS
WALNUT AND BRASS CORNICES.
&c., &c., &c.,
Is now open and our customers and the public are invited to call and compare our goods and prices with the stock of any Carpet House in Pittsburgh or the eastern cities.
M'Farland & Collins
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVE.
oc14 Next to U. S. Custom House, second floor.

NEW CARPETS,
The very latest Fall Styles.
Woven Druggets,
Bordered Squares, &c
M'CALLUM BROS
51 Fifth Avenue
oc3 (Above Wood Street.)

Carpet Chain and Batting.
A full supply of CARPET CHAIN AND BATTING at Manufacturers' Prices, will always be found at
JOHN WILSON & SONS,
No. 297 Liberty Street.
☞Warps furnished on short notice.
oc6:e41 HOLMES, BELL & CO.

GLASS, QUEENSWARE &c.

100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
QUEENSWARE,
FINE FRENCH.
China and Glass.
SILVER PLATED GOODS, DINNER AND TEA SETS, TEA TRAYS AND CUTLERY.
The best imported WHITE STONE WARE and COMMON GOODS at low prices.
R. E. BREED & CO.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

REYNOLDS STEEN & CO,
124 Wood Street
Importers and Dealers in
FRENCH, CHINA, FINE CUT GLASS AND
Queensware.
☞The largest assortment at New York prices.

ESTABLISHED 1828.
HENRY HIGBY...ALBERT HIGBY...ROBT. M. CUST
HIGBY, CUST & CO.,
No. 189 Liberty St.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers and Jobbers in CHINA, QUEENSWARE, GLASS and SILVER-PLATED WARE.
The attention of all requiring goods in the above line is directed to our stock, imported directly from the best European markets, and we are now receiving a fresh and complete lot of the above goods.

WALL PAPERS.

NEW WALL PAPER.
FOR SPRING SALES,
at No. 107 Market St.,
NEAR FIFTH AVE.
We now offer to the public a stock of PAPER HANGINGS [illegible] FRESCO, MOSAIC, [illegible] DESIGNS in plain and bright colors, for Halls, Dining Rooms, &c. Also, WOOD and MARBLE DECORATIONS, TINTED and GILT PARLOR PAPERS, [illegible] CHEAP SATIN PAPERS, WHITE and BROWN BLANKS for Chambers, &c. All of which we propose to sell as low as the lowest in the market. Call and see, at
No. 107 Market St., near Fifth Avenue.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh12:y5

WALL PAPERS
At Low Prices,
For sale by W. P. MARSHALL,
no1 101 Liberty Street.

FRENCH DECORATIONS,
Gold Panels, Ceilings, Statuary, Pictures.
Buy before they advance!
no8 W. P. MARSHALL.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, [illegible]

ESTABLISHED 1809.
Enoch Morgan's Sons
SAPOLIO,
FOR GENERAL HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES
IS BETTER AND CHEAPER THAN SOAP
[illegible]
Pittsburgh Depot for Enoch Morgan's Sons Soaps and Sapolio, at
JESSE H. LIPPINCOTT'S,
[illegible]

JAMES RENO,
SEWER CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER.
[illegible]

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,
BANKERS,
No. 78 Fourth Ave.,
Buy and sell all kinds of
Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
au2:cdl

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. JONES & CO.)
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.
☞ ORDERS EXECUTED FOR THE PURCHASE AND SALE OF STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, November 8, 1870.

There has been about the usual enquiry for money to-day. The supply of loanable funds continues abundant, though not large enough to reduce the hitherto current rates of interest. The course of money indicates a healthy condition of the general trade of the city. It is neither in such excessive supply as to induce over trading and speculation, nor so stringent as to check legitimate business ventures of any kind.

The home stock market continues inactive. We have some investment demand for Bank, Bridge and Gas Stocks, but these are really too high just now, and they are quite as scarce as they are high.

We drew the attention of parties seeking investment, some time since, to the comparative value of our home Insurance stocks. We are confident that they will stand the test of a close examination, that taking them year by year they have proved themselves both safe and profitable. The handsome dividend just declared by our friends at the Eureka is a fair sample of what the best business talent of the city can do, in spite of some unusually large losses during the year. We congratulate them on their success, and trust that the coming year will put the past one to shame, and double their dividends.

The New York market is firmer to-day. Fears were expressed by our correspondents lest the troubles anticipated in the election would disturb market values, but they have been groundless.

Gold opened at 110⅝, and has raised but ⅛ during the day, closing at the morning figures.

Governments were steady, at a fractional improvement for some of the issues.

The Railway list shows rather more activity, but there is yet no very general or marked advance, although the feeling is more confident.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Monday.	Tuesday
Bonds—1881	113⅝	113⅝
5-20—1862	108⅝	108⅝
" 1864	107⅞	107⅞
" 1865	107⅞	107⅞
" 1865 new	109⅝	109⅝
" 1867	109⅝	109⅝
" 1868	109⅝	109⅝
10-40s	108⅝	108⅝
Currency 6's	110⅝	111⅛
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central	92⅝	92⅞
Do Scrip	87⅞	87⅞
Erie	23⅜	23⅜
Reading	101⅞	101⅞
Mich. Southern	94⅝	94⅝
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	108	107⅞
Rock Island	113	113⅝
Chicago & N. W.	80⅝	80⅝
Do. Preferred	89⅝	90⅝
Pacific Mail	41⅝	41⅝
St. Paul, Common	61⅝	62
Do. Preferred	80⅝	81⅝
Ohio & Mississippi	33	33⅝
Wabash	53⅝	53⅝
Do preferred	73	74
Adams Express	67⅞	67⅞

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	10⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1865	9⅝
U. S. 6s, 1881	13⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1867	9⅝
U. S. 5-20 1862	8⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. 1868	9⅝
U. S. 5-20 1864	7⅝	U. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 5-20 1865	7⅝	C. P. R. R.	[illegible]
U. S. 10-40s	6⅝	Cv. Pacifics	11⅝

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]
NEW YORK, Nov. 8, 1870.

Money market easy at 4@5. Sterling steady but unchanged. Gold quiet at 110⅝@110⅝. Borrowing rates 3 per cent. to flat. Clearances $58,000,000.

Governments firm. Coupons, 1881, 113⅝@113⅝; 5-20s, '62, 108⅝@108⅝; '64, 107⅝@107⅝; '65, 107⅝@107⅝; new '65, 109⅝; '67, 109⅝@109⅝; '68, 109⅝@109⅝; 10-40s, 106⅝@106⅝; currency 6's, 111⅝@111⅝.

State bonds dull, except new North Carolinas. Missouris, 91⅝; Tennessees, old, 61; do. new, 60; Virginias, new, 63⅝; do. old, 67; North Carolinas, old, 46, do new; 22.

5-20 prices: Canton 60⅝; Cumberland Coal 30; Western Union Telegraph 41⅝; Quicksilver 4; Mariposa 7⅝; do. preferred 11; Adams Express 67⅝; Wells Fargo 35⅝; American and Merchants Union 63⅝; United States 38; Pacific Mail 41⅝; New York Central 92⅝; do. Scrip 87⅝; Erie 23⅝; do. preferred [illegible]; Harlem 135⅝; do. preferred [illegible]; Reading 101⅝; Michigan Central 120⅝, Cleveland and Pittsburgh 107⅝; Northwestern 80⅝; do. preferred 89⅝; Rock Island 113⅝; New Jersey Central 105; St. Paul 62; do. preferred 81; Wabash 53⅝; do. preferred 73; Fort Wayne 94; Terre Haute 38; do. preferred 55; Chicago and Alton 115⅝; do. preferred 120; Ohio and Mississippi 33⅝; Cincinnati, Cleveland and Columbus 80⅝; Burlington and Quincy 150; Lake Shore 94⅝; Indiana Central 19⅝; Illinois Central 137.

Sub-Treasury balance—Gold $89,256,715; Currency $4,360,487.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, November 8, 1870.

While we occasionally hear complaints here and there in regard to business being dull and unsatisfactory, yet, after all, trade, as a general thing, is active, as much if not more so, than usual at this season of the year. There is a steady demand for nearly all of the leading commodities, as both city and country buyers are taking hold pretty liberally, though there are but few changes to make in quotations. In some branches of trade, margins, in consequence of a strong local competition, are very much reduced, but as an offset against this the volume of business is considerably increased, the fine margins being an inducement to buyers to purchase here instead of ordering in the east. We have frequently adverted to the magnitude of the grocery trade of Pittsburgh, as compared with what it was a few years ago, and the increase can be traced to the fact that the trade are satisfied with much smaller profits than formerly, and the increase in business enables them to make as much, if not more, money now than then. Nor is this increase in business confined to the grocery trade alone. The iron trade of Pittsburgh is larger and more extended now than it has ever been; large shipments are being made daily to the west and south, and, strange as it may appear, to the east also. All our mills are and have been all fall, running, many of them double turn, and, until within a few weeks past, have not been able to keep up with their orders. Then, again, the trade here for country produce, including Apples, Butter and Eggs, is large, unusually so and increasing.

APPLES—There is no falling off in the receipts but with a steady demand prices are fully maintained, [illegible] for fair to good, and [illegible] for choice.

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 60@75 cts per gallon, as to quality.

ASHES—Common soda ash, 4; refined, 4½; Pearls, [illegible]; Pots [illegible].

BAKING POWDER—Banner K-D cans $1.75 per dozen; ½-D cans [illegible]; 1 D cans, $6 per doz.

BEESWAX—Sales at 30 to 33 cents.

BEANS—[illegible] per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—[illegible] per cwt.

BUTTER—Continues dull with a supply largely in excess of the demand though there is no change in prices. We continue to quote at 25@30 for fair to good, and 32@35 for prime to choice.

BROOM CORN—Is a shade firmer, in consequence of diminished receipts and reduced stocks, and we now quote at [illegible] cts for good prime.

CARBON OIL—There is a fair jobbing demand, and standard brands may be quoted at [illegible]—usual advance for small lots.

CRANBERRIES—Are being sold all the way from $12@16 per bbl, for inferior to choice.

CHESTNUTS—$6 per bushel.

CIDER—Is selling all the way from $6@10 per bbl, as to quality.

CORN MEAL—[illegible] per bushel.

CHEESE—Is reported steady. Western Reserve, [illegible]; Ohio Factory, [illegible]; Ohio Goshen, [illegible] and New York Goshen, [illegible].

COAL—Sales of Anthracite at [illegible] per ton by the car load, delivered.

CEMENT—Sales Louisville Hydraulic at [illegible], and Calcined Plaster at [illegible] per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales of new crop Peaches (prime halves) at [illegible]. Apples, [illegible] sliced, [illegible].

EGGS—Under influence of [illegible] receipts market is [illegible], though prices are still maintained, [illegible] for fresh. The impression prevails, however, that the top has been reached, and that a decline will be next in order.

FLOUR—The market quiet and unchanged; there is a very good local demand, but the supply is ample and the receipts continue liberal. We continue to quote Western flours at [illegible] for spring, the outside figure for choice Minnesota [illegible], and [illegible] for red winter, and [illegible] for white wheat. Rye flour [illegible] and dull.

GRAIN—The grain market, if anything, is a shade steadier [illegible] a steady [illegible] [illegible]. There is no [illegible] improved demand for new corn, though there is, as yet, no advance; we continue to quote at 54@55, buying, and 58@60, selling. Sales of old at 73@75. The Barley market is a shade stronger, under the influence of the advices from Chicago, and if the advance there is sustained for any length of time, we may expect an improvement in the demand here. We continue to quote at 80@90c for Pennsylvania and Ohio Spring, and 90c@$1 for Fall.

GROCERIES—The excitement usual at this season of the year begins to prevail; one of our dealers has already received supplies of new crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses, with advices of more on the way. $1.30 for choice Molasses, and 12½c for Sugar are the ruling figures for the new crop, and 85@90c and 12½c for the old. The crop being estimated at 130,000 hhds—which is 40,000 hhds over last year,—and the news from the "Islands" being quite favorable, it is thought by many that prices in January will rule low. Against this it is contended that the stock held in this country is smaller than it has been for many years, at this season—that the jobbing trade of all the cities is without a month's supply—that it will require large supplies to make up the deficit, and hence the present prices will be maintained in the beginning of the year. From Small & Co.'s New Orleans Circular of the 2d inst., we quote prices for new crop, then ruling, with a downward tendency:

SUGARS—Fair, 9⅝@10⅝c; Good fair, 10⅝; fully fair, 10⅝@10⅝; prime, 11⅝.

MOLASSES—Common, 67; fair, 70; prime, 73@74; choice, 75.

COFFEE—With an improved demand the market closes firm, the tendency of prices being upward, particularly in the finer grades. Late news from Rio indicate an advance there. This news confirmed, importers will most likely hold coffee in bond until after the duty is reduced Dec. 31st next, and realize larger profits than they can command now.

From E. C. Small & Co's. Coffee Circular we notice stock in first hands in Baltimore:

November 3, 1870	7,358 bags.
January 1, 1870	16,986 bags.
Stock in the United States, in first hands, November 3, 1870	44,137 bags.

RICE—New crop Carolina is on the market at greatly reduced prices. The crop, like all Southern products of this year, will be larger than the last, and prices consequently rule lower.

REFINED SUGARS—Are on the advance in the eastern markets, ⅝@¾ being asked over prices of last week. It is thought a still further advance will take place in a few days in consequence of the small production consequent upon the close of the year's business and stoppage of refineries usual at this season.

HAY—Is selling from country wagons at $15@18 per ton. Baled is selling on wharf at $15@17, and in demand.

HONEY—Sales at 30@35 cts.

HOMINY—Small sales at $6 per bbl.

HUSKS—Sales at 3@3½ cts.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $2.25 per bbl and eastern at $1.75.

LARD OIL—Is quoted at $1.16@1.18 for Extra No. 1, and 83@85c for No. 2.

MILL FEED—Sales of middlings at $1.50@1.75, according to quality. Seconds may be quoted at $1.10@1.20.

ONIONS—Dull though unchanged; $3@3.50 per bbl for fair to good: and $4 for prime silver skins.

POTATOES—Sales of Buckeys and Prince Alberts at 70@75, and Peach Blows at 80@85. Sweets scarce and firm at $4.25@4.50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—We can report some small sales of Shoulders at 15⅝@15⅝, and plain sugar cured hams at 24. Lard is lower. Mess Pork $25@25½ per bbl. New meats have opened up in the west about 50 per cent lower than at the same time last year.

POULTRY—Live chickens quoted at 50@55c per pair, and dressed at 12@14 cts per lb. Live Turkeys, $1.00@1.50 each; dressed at 16@18 cts per lb.

RAGS—Quoted at 4@4½.

SAPOLIO—Sales Enoch Morgan's Sons—six dozen case at $6.50.

SALT—Is quoted at $1.60@1.65 by the car load, with the usual advance for small lots in store.

SEEDS—Flaxseed is in demand at $2.10@2.12 with little or none offering. Nothing doing in clover or timothy seeds.

TALLOW—Rendered, at 8⅝@8⅝c.

TURNIPS—Very dull; may be quoted at 70@75c per bushel.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
TUESDAY, November 8, 1870.

The oil market is quiet and dull, and devoid of any new characteristics worthy of special notice. It was thought some months ago, that if crude would drop down to 9 cts. and below it that there would be an improved demand, as it was believed, that there would be considerable inquiry to put in tank on speculation. The price has declined to 9 cts and below, but the expectations in regard to an improved demand, have not thus far been realized. Parties who have empty tanks, and there are not many full ones in this market, still incline to belief that prices are likely to go lower, basing their belief on the fact that the production is large, nearly double what it was at this time last year, as well as the best part of the exporting season is over; and, besides, it is contended that trade is likely to be dull during the next three or four months, as it is probable that most of the refineries will suspend operations after they have filled contracts put out some time ago for this and next month. It is characteristic of the trade that business is generally dull from December until towards spring, unless stimulated by speculation, and of this there is not much prospect just now. In regard to the year which is now drawing to a close, business upon the whole has been much more satisfactory, particularly to manufacturers, than the one preceding; there has been an absence of that wild speculative mania which prevailed during the greater part of 1869, and notwithstanding the sales in the aggregate have been much smaller, the shipments have been considerably larger, and our manufacturers generally will close the year with a much larger balance on the right side of profit and loss account. We do not want to convey the idea that the refining business is all that could be desired, but that, as compared with last year, it is in much better shape, and our manufacturers in much better condition.

CRUDE.

Sales in lots of 1,000 bbls on spot at 8⅝; 1,000 do at 8, 13-16; 2,000 seller November at 8⅝; 2,000 seller all year at 8⅝; 2,500 buyer all 1871 at 12⅝. Seller next 6 months 8⅝ bid. Market quiet but steady, particularly for anything this side of January.

REFINED.

Dull but unchanged. November offered at 22⅝; December at 22⅝; December to February, 22⅝ bid; buyers option first half next year, 24; sale 1,000 each April to June at 23⅝.

RECEIPTS CRUDE.

Commercial Oil Works 298, account D. C. Herbst; Liberty Oil Works 878, account same; Petrolite Oil Works 450, account R. S. Duncan; Commercial Oil Works 222, D. Hostetter. Total 1,848.

SHIPMENTS REFINED OIL PER A. V. R. R.

J. M. Riter, 210 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros. & Co., Phila.

STATEMENT OF CRUDE OIL SHIPPED BY P. R. R. AND A. V. R. R. OIL LINE, DURING WEEK ENDING NOV. 5, 1870.

By H. C. Ohlen, from Scrubgrass, to H. C. Ohlen, New York, 80 bbls.

By Fisher Bros. from Parker to Malcolm Lloyd, Philadelphia 2,078 bbls.

By J. Bushnell from Parker to Truscott & Co., Columbia, 402 bbls.

By R. S. Duncan from Parker to W. P. Logan, Hestonville, 281.

By R. S. Duncan from Parker to W. P. Logan, Philadelphia, 720.

By D. C. Herbst from Cochran to Poultney & Moale, Baltimore, 482 bbls.

By T. Chess from Franklin to Wallace, Curtis & Co., Philadelphia, 80 bbls.

By T. King, from Foster, to Poultney & Moal, Baltimore, 240 bbls.

By T. King from Cochran to Poultney & M., Balti, 162.

By T. King from Scrubgrass to Poultney & Moale, Balti., 80.

Total	5,285 bbls. of 45 gals.
Total to Phila.	2,878 bbls
Total to Baltimore	964 bbls
Total to New York	80 bbls
Total to Hestonville	281 bbls
Total to Columbia	402 bbls
Grand Total	5,285 bbls

[By the A. & P. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, PA., November 8—12:30 P. M.—Refined, November, 22⅝@22⅝c; December 22⅝@22⅝c; December and March 22⅝c; January and June 23⅝@23⅝c; April and June 23⅝@24c. Crude 11⅝c; no sales reported and the market is very dull.

NEW YORK, November 8, 1:45 P. M.—Market dull; crude 12c; refined 23⅝c.

NEW YORK, November 8, 3:45 P. M.—Market dull with crude at 12c and refined on spot at 23⅝@23⅝c. November contracts at 22⅝c. No sales and market dull.

OIL CITY, Nov. 8—8:15 A. M.—River falling with 20 inches water.

OIL CITY, Nov. 8—11:20 A. M.—Market very quiet and firm; Irrespective lower at $3 05 to $3 10; Gravity lower at $3 20 to $3 30; Irrespective Oil City $3 40 to $3 45; Gravity Oil City $3 50 to $3 55. Weather clear and pleasant.

TITUSVILLE, November 8, 1:15 P. M.—Market very quiet and unchanged in every particular; prices nominal at $2.90@2.95. Weather clear and cool.

PETROLEUM CENTRE, November 8, 11:20 A. M.—Market very dull and nothing doing, and holding at $3.10; offering at $3.05 for light oil gravity and $3.25 asked.

ROUSEVILLE, November 8, 11 A. M.—Market very dull and nothing doing; a few offers were made at $3.05; there was no disposition to sell or buy; no sales.

NEW YORK, November 8, 1:45 P. M.—Market dull; crude 12c; refined 23⅝c.

PLEASANTVILLE, November 8, 11 A. M.—Market quiet at $2.60 to $2.65.

TIDIOUTE, Nov. 8.—Market quiet and unchanged in prices. Very little changing hands at $3.

Markets by Telegraph.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, November 8, 1870.

FLOUR—Extra spring is quiet and firm.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring quiet at 95⅝@96c; this afternoon the market is fairly active at 95⅝@96⅝c.

CORN—No. 2 mixed quiet and steady at 57c; this afternoon market is dull.

OATS—No. 2 quiet and ⅛@⅛c higher; sales at 35⅝@35⅝c.

RYE—Market active and prices have advanced 1@1½c; sales at 68c for No. 2.

BARLEY—No. 2 quiet and 1c higher at 80c.

HIGHWINES—Market closed quiet with buyers at 81c and sellers at 82c for iron bound.

MESS PORK—Market quiet at $24 for old; $21 for new, cash; $19, December, gold; $13, gold; $12, seller December.

HOGS—Market active at $6.50@6.90.

CATTLE—Market dull at $3.25@6.

New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Cotton dull and is a shade lower; sales 3,000 bales uplands at 16⅝c. Flour dull and drooping; sales 10,000 barrels superfine $4.90@5.10; extra, $5.55@5.85; choice, [illegible]; white wheat, [illegible]; Ohio, $5.50@6.25; St. Louis, $6@6.75. Wheat more active and 1c lower; sales 103,000 bush No 2 spring old at $1.16, new spring $1.20@1.26; winter red and amber, $1.30@1.37; white Michigan, $1.40. Rye quiet and unchanged, western 86c. Barley dull but unchanged; sales 7,000 bush western at $1. Western malt firm, with sales at $1.25. Corn opened firm, but closed dull and heavy; receipts, 7,000 bush; sales, 38,000 bush; mixed, [illegible]c, closing at 80c. Oats in fair demand and advanced 1c; sales, 35,000 bush; Western, 55@57c; Ohio, 57@59. Hops quiet and unchanged. Coffee dull but unchanged. Sugar firm; sales 400 hhds Cuba, 9⅝@10⅝; Porto Rico, 9⅝@10⅝c. Molasses dull but unchanged. Rice dull but unchanged; at 6⅝@6⅝c. Petroleum quiet but unchanged; crude, 12c; refined, 23c; Turpentine quiet, at 46c. Butter steady. Cheese quiet and unchanged. Whiskey dull; 400 bbls wood bound, 87@88c; iron [illegible], closing at inside rates. Pork dull but unchanged; sales of 250 tierces mess at [illegible]; prime [illegible]; prime mess [illegible]. Beef quiet and steady. Bulk meats dull but unchanged. Hams in pickle 15@16c. Middles heavy. Lard dull but unchanged; sales of 250 tierces new steam at 13⅝@14⅝c; old 15@15⅝c; kettle 15⅝@15⅝c; also 150 tierces seller December at 13⅝c.

Latest—Flour dull and declining. Wheat quiet and weak; new spring $1.20@1.26, winter red amber $1.30@1.35. Rye dull but unchanged [illegible]. Oats firm, western unchanged; Ohio 57@58c. Corn dull and drooping; mixed 80c. Eggs dull but unchanged; fresh [illegible]; limed [illegible]. Pork quiet and unchanged; mess spot [illegible], seller November [illegible], four months [illegible]. Beef unchanged; bulk meats dull and nominal; bacon dull and drooping. Lard demand light but holders firm; prime steam spot 14⅝@15 to arrive 14⅝; for January and February 13¼ asked and 13 offered.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, November 8.—Cotton quiet at 15@15⅝c. Flour dull but unchanged; superfine winter $4@4.25; extra winter $4.25@4.60; double extra $4.60@4.75. Wheat dull but unchanged; No 2 red winter $1.17@1.18; No 1 red winter $1.24. Corn in fair demand and firm mixed in bulk 40c; do white 45c; choice white in sacks 70@71c. Oats dull and drooping, closing lower at 40@44c. Barley firm at 74@95c. Rye firm at 70@72c. Whiskey dull but unchanged at 86c. Tobacco: hemp and bagging unchanged. Provisions: brisk jobbing demand. Pork $25.50@26. Bulk meats lower; shoulders 11c; clear rib 15@15⅝c; do clear 16c. Bacon: shoulders 14⅝c; country clear 19⅝c. Lard easier at 14⅝c for new.

Cattle unchanged at $5@7. Hogs weak at $6.25@7; receipts of hogs 650 head.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, November 8.—Tobacco firm and active; sales 65 hhds; trash to good lugs, $4.50@6.50; low to good leaf, $6.75@14.75. Bagging—demand good; hemp, 28c; flax, 29c. Cotton dull and declined, middlings, 14⅝c. Flour quiet and steady at $5.50. Grain—beyond small local sales there is nothing doing. Provisions—new mess pork sold at $24.00; new lard, in tierces, 15c; in kegs, 16⅝c; bulk shoulders, 12c; bulk sides clear ribs, 16⅝c; do clear 17c. Hogs lower; sales to packers $6.20@6.90 for medium to choice;3,000 in pens; none killed to-day. Whiskey steady at 85@86c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, November 8.—Cotton dull and declined, with middling at 15⅝c. Flour and Grain quiet and unchanged. Groceries steady and in moderate demand. Oil quiet and unchanged. Linseed 90c. Lard $1.15@1.18. Eggs firm at 31c. Butter steady. Cheese steady. Cloverseed dull but unchanged at $9.25@9.75. Hogs dull but unchanged at $6.50@7.00; receipts 1,100 head; no slaughtering. Green dull and nominal. Weather too warm. Whisky dull but unchanged at 84@85c. Apples heavy; receipts depress the market; common $1@1.50; prime to choice $2@3. Potatoes dull at $2@2.50. Gold 110⅝. Exchange par. Money market easy.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, November 8.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firm and advanced 1c; No 2 white Wabash $1.20; No 3 $1.20; amber Michigan $1.15; regular white Michigan $1.17; No 1 red Wabash $1.18; No 2 $1.14; No 3 $1.09. Corn active and advanced 2c; No 1 72c; No 2 68; high mixed 60@61; new mixed offered at 57c; no grade 49c; new yellow 66⅝c. Oats quiet and unchanged; No 1 43⅝c; No 2 42c; Michigan 42c. Clover Seed steady at $5.33⅝. Freights to Buffalo quiet at 5c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, November 8.—Corn firmer; mixed 80c; white 84@85c; yellow 50c. Bacon scarce; shoulders 15c; clear sides 21⅝c. Hams 25@28c. Sugar firm; prime 11⅝c. Molasses firmer; prime 68@69c; others unchanged. Cotton easier, with sales of 6,800 bales; good ordinary 14⅝@14⅝c; low middling 14⅝@15⅝c; middling 15⅝c. Receipts, 10,372 bales; exports to Liverpool, 1,795 bales. Sterling 20⅝d. Sight ⅝ premium.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, November 8.—Flour steady. Wheat dull but unchanged; western $1.28@1.30. Corn firm; yellow 78@83c. Rye quiet and unchanged at 60@70c. Oats quiet and unchanged at 46@49c. Mess pork $26.00@26.50. Bacon scarce and firm; clear rib 19⅝c. Lard dull but unchanged at 16c. Whisky quiet and unchanged at 89@90c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, November 8.—Flour dull but unchanged. Wheat firm; Indiana red, $1.30@1.40; amber, $1.40@1.45. Rye steady at 93c. Corn excited and higher; mixed 78@85c. Oats steady. Petroleum dull but unchanged; crude, 15c; refined, 22⅝c bidding. Whiskey firm; iron, 90c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 8.—Cotton dull and nominal at 14⅝c; receipts 2,910, exports 1,285 bales. Flour dull; sales at $4.75@6.75. Corn—none in market. Oats steady at 48@50c. Bran is active at $21. Lard dull at 16@17c. Bulk sides at 16@17c. Bacon, shoulders 15c—no sides in market.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, November 8.—Flour: extra spring nominal. Wheat in good demand at full prices; No 1 $1.01, No 2 96c. Oats: No 2 nominal. Corn: rejected unsettled, 54⅝c. Rye: No 1 nominal. Barley: No 1 lower, 75c. Hogs quiet and weak.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, November 8.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull but unchanged; No. 1 red $1.20; No. 2 $1.16@1.17. Corn: No. 1 old 70c; No. 2 68c. Oats 23⅝c. Petroleum: crude $4; refined quiet at 20@20⅝c for car load lots.

Detroit.

DETROIT, November 8.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat steady; extra $1.35⅝@1.36⅝. Corn: demand fair and advanced. Oats do at 43@44c. Potatoes dull and nominal.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—This being election day there is scarcely any business done, and prices are unchanged.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, November 8.—7 cars i s ore, Shoenberger, B & Co; 2,000 blooms, Nimick & Co; 74,000 shingles, J A Hays & Co; 8,000 ft lumber, Cromlow & Coon; 16,000 do do, Frazier Bro; 8,000 do do, G A Mundorff; 100 bbls lime, Crystal Glass Co; 175 bxs starch, Arbuckles & Co; 145 do do, E Heazelton; 125 do do, Rinehart & S; 140 bbls apples, W J Steel & Bro; 10 cases tobacco, Dilworth, H & Co; 11 do do, S H Baird; 10 bxs cheese, J Daub; 8 cases shoes, W E Schmertz; 25 bbls oil, W H Howard; 80 bbls cider, Voigt, M & Co; 141 do apples, 8 bxs dry grapes, A A Hall; 50 bxs starch, Seghmyer & V; 250 do do, S P Shriver & Co; 150 do do, Haworth & D; 50 do do, Strickler & M; 50 bbls oil, F Sellers & Co; 28 bales b corn, P Duff & Son; 1 car ore, Brown & Co; 2 do do, Dilworth, P & Co; 2 do do, Lewis, Oliver & P; 2 do do, Brown & M; 1 do do, Bryan & C; 3 do do, J Painter & Son; 1 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 1 do do, Union Iron Mills; 1 do s pipe, H H Collins; 25 bbls apples, Woodworth & D; 195 sks oats, S B Floyd & Co; 1 car lumber, G Muise; 1 car ore, Coleman, R & Co; 60 bgs oats, J & W Fairley; 120 hfs herring, J Conner; 4 cars fire brick, Anderson & Woods; 5 bbls peas, W Haslage & Co; 60 bxs soap, S P Shriver & Co; 275 bgs mill-feed, Dorrington Bros.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, November 8.—20 bgs buckwheat flour, J Porterfield; 13 bbls eggs, Voigt, M & Co; 10 do, 20 do potatoes, 25 do apples, H Rea Jr; 8 bbls apples, Houck, J & Co; 48 do potatoes, Vanfossan & F; 2 sks wool, W Barker; 20 rolls leather, J Hammett & Son; 10 pails tobacco, Arnsthal & Son; 298 bbls apples, Ira Lackey; 25 bales hops, M Heckelman; 30 do do, J White Jr; 320 bbls apples, W H Graff & Co; 13 bxs farina, Haslage & Co; 20 bbls pears, J R Canfield; 4 dgs lard, S H Baird; 40 bgs feed, H Conrad; 62 kgs apples, 6 kgs a butter, 9 bbls flour, 30 do peas, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 20 bbls eggs, J A Graff & Co; 37 bbls apples, P B Decker; 10 bbls h wines Schaaltz & H; 30 bbls peas, Voigt, M & Co; 6 kgs pickels, D W Gaasit; 4 bales broom corn, Wright & Beebe; 5 bbls lard oil, Watt, Lang & Co; 20 bbls peas, 14 do buckwheat flour, Voigt, M & Co; 61 hides, J Hammett & Son; 25 bbls h wines, Robb & Herron; 20 do do, J McCullough; 200 bbls flour, Shomaker & Co; 100 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, November 8.—1 car wheat and oats, Robb & Herron; 1 car mill feed, George Stewart; 46 sks barley, Gilmore, Straub & Co; 27 sks barley, 1 bbl apples, Fred Schilds; 23 sks barley, Z Wainwright; 29 sks barley, A McBride; 5 kegs bolts, Hubly, Adams & Co; 9 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 16 kegs 1 beer, Fred Jacobs; 10 drums tobacco, S P Shriver & Co; 2 bales hops, Hogel & Bros; 15 bales cotton, Holmes & Bell; 35 bales cotton, S M Harper; 3 cars staves Robertson & Co; 46 bales b corn, H R M'Cleland; 25 bbls h wines, Litzel & M; 25 do do, Shipton & Wallace; 1 car barley, Pier, Dannals & Co; 100 bbls flour, 10 tons ship stuff, Schomaker & Co; 40 bbls green peas, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 30 do do, Bruggerman & Co; 100 bbls flour, A Kirkpatrick; 47 sks d apples, 56 do peanuts, I Dickey & Co; 18 bales b corn, Jas Cleming; 2 cars bulk corn, Scott & Gisal; 2 do wheat, A M Marshall; 850 bushs wheat, Bomgardner & Son; 21 bales cotton, E Hyde & Son; 100 bbls flour, Leghmyer & Co; 10 bales broom corn, Jas Connor; 3 bales cotton, Kennedy & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, November 8.—26 bgs buckwheat flour, Jos Craig; 1 car cooperage, Raiya & R; 1 car lime, Johnston & Co; 50 bbls flour, Adams & Knox; 2 rolls leather, Luckcamp & Keefer; 27 bgs feed, Johnston & McFarland; 7 bbls cider, G Myers; 2 cars wheat, McCracken, G & Co; 3 tubs cheese, B Jenney; 1 car lumber, Grush, Reiminsnyder & Co; 1 do do, McCain & Forrester; 176 pcs pipe, J W Barr; 30 bgs feed, 5 bbls flour, Geo McConnell; 1 car corn, Hippley & Seckert; 10 bbls apples, Brenneman & Reno.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, November 8.—26 bgs potatoes, E Heazelton; 21 do do, J D Strouse; 42 do oats, 7 do turnips, 4 do corn, R Skillan; 20 sks corn, M Bryan; 48 bbls oil, D O'Shearer; 2 bbls whisky, M McCullough, Jr & Co; 5 bdls hides, G H Anderson; 1 bbl eggs, 3 do butter, L J Blanchard; 28 sks oats, Scott & G; 10 sks corn, C Reiter; 2 cars metal, Lewis, Oliver & P; 48 sks wheat, J Megraw; 2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 150 bbls apples, David Davis; 28 sks flour, Voigt, M & Co; 1 car lime, Henderson & Bro.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD, November 8.—5 cars metal, L Childs; 1 car grain, McHenry & Hood; 119 bdls s iron, J Dunlap; 1 car metal, J Moorhead; 150 bbls cement, Owens & Mooney; 14 sks oats, W Welsh & Co; 40 bgs buckwheat flour, J H Lippincott; 12 sks rags, A W Bustin; 100 bdls paper, Smith & Frances; 100 do do, H Frances; 75 bbls cement, J I House & Co; 10 sks wheat, W Moore; 4 bdls leather, G N Hoffstott; 32 sks bones, B Pflaum; 1 car metal, Everson, P & Co; 7 rolls leather, G H Anderson & Co.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, November 8.—4 pkgs eggs, W Scott; 10 bbls flour, J H Irwin; 251 bxs w glass, R C Schmertz; 2 bbls whiskey, J Wilbert; 3 do do, E J Roberts; 315 gals stoneware, W D Cooper, 96 sks wheat, 75 do oats, Keil & Ritchart; 1 pkg cigars, G Wells; 13 sks wheat, McCracken, G & Co; 4 bdls pelts, W Flaccus & Co; 40 sks feed, R H Conway; 4 bbls flour, C West & Bro.

GENEVA PER BELLE, November 8.—4 pkgs butter, 3 do eggs, J J Petitt; 78 gals stoneware W D Cooper & Co; 3 pkgs butter, M W Rankin; 100 sheep, C C Smith; 30 bales hay, S Patterson.

STEAMSHIPS.

NATIONAL LINE,
BETWEEN
New York, Queenstown and Liverpool,

Spain,	France,	Helvetia,
Egypt,	Denmark,	Erin,
Italy,	England,	Virginia,
Holland,	The Queen,	Pennsylvania.

One of the above first-class, full-powered iron Steamships sails as follows:
EVERY SATURDAY from New York,
WEDNESDAY from Liverpool,
THURSDAY from Queenstown.
Cabin passage $75 and $65, currency. Excursion Tickets $130, currency.
Steerage passage from New York to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry, $30 currency. Steerage passage from the above places to New York, $32 currency.
Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Antwerp, Gothenburg, Christiania, Copenhagen, &c., at very low rates.
TO LONDON DIRECT, $75, $65 and $35 currency. For further particulars, apply at the Company's office, 69 BROADWAY, N. Y., or to
JOHN J. McCORMICK, Agent,
GAZETTE Building, corner Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ Drafts for sale on England, Ireland, Scotland, &c., at the lowest rates.
oc18:f62-MWF

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS, numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,
143 SMITHFIELD STREET.

PLUMBERS, GAS FITTERS.

L. S. FULTON........O. J. M'GANN.
FULTON & M'GANN,
Practical Plumbers,
GAS AND STEAM FITTERS.
Fifth Avenue, near High Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Lead Pipe, Gum Hose, Gas Fixtures, Bath Tubs and Wash Stands, Iron Pipe and Fittings, Ale and Beer Pumps, and Steam Cocks always on hand. Public and Private Buildings fitted up with Gas, Water and Steam Heating Apparatus. Jobbing promptly attended to.

PAINTING, GRAINING, &c
JOHN T. GRAY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
GRAINER AND GLAZIER
No. 54 NINTH STREET,
(Late Hand street,) Pittsburgh, Pa.
oc26:d9-MWF

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly with 4 feet 4 inches in the channel. Weather clear and pleasant.

No arrivals to report excepting the regular packets.

The Julia departed for Zanesvile, with an average trip.

The Brill was to have left Cincinnati for this port on Monday.

The tow Sam Clarke arrived from Louisville with several barges in tow, containing about 2,300 oil barrels.

The Juniata, Capt. C. L. Brennan, will depart for Cincinnati at noon to-day without fail. She is a large side wheeler and offers superior inducements to passengers. Messrs. Kirker and Boden are associated together in the office.

The Messenger and Mollie Ebert are announced to depart for New Orleans on the first rise, as is also the Glendale for St. Louis.

Capt. Frank McCosh is in the city.

One of the largest and most powerful tugs for the coal trade between this city and New Orleans, is the new and substantial craft the "John A. Wood" now ready for the next rise to go to work. She is supplied with magnificent machinery, and has two batteries of boilers three in each. These are of leviathan size, 26 feet long and 40 inches in diameter. They are stoutly made, exhibiting that superiority of manufacture which marks all the work of Messrs. F. Rephan & Co., the builders, and proprietors of the old established O'Hara Boiler Works, of this city. If such boilers ever blow up we will lose faith in superior mechanical workmanship. Messrs. Rephan & Co. have now in their shops two sets of large boilers for other new boats, and we are glad that their abilty in this direction, as well as in all others in the manufactures they undertake, is becoming fully appreciated.

—We clip the following from the Cincinnati *Gazette* of Monday: We mentioned, in Tuesday's *Gazette*, that a man named Bryan, had brought suit, in the Common Pleas Court at Marietta, against the owners of the exploded Harry Dean, for personal injuries, and for the value of freight lost, and that the case was to be called Wednesday. Well, it was called, and, upon trial, the jury stood 11 to 4 in favor of the owners of the boat. The plaintiff died next day, Thursday. Another suit has been brought by the administrators of another victim of the Harry Dean disaster, in the same Court, but we understand that it will be compromised on payment of the owners of $5,000.

—While the U. S. Local Inspector, at St. Louis, was testing one of the boilers of the towboat Florence No. 2, last Thursday, by hydrostatic pressure to 195 pounds, a sheet of the middle boiler gave way, showing a defect in the material. The *Democrat* says: The test illustrated one of the beneficial results of a thorough inspection, as, had the boiler been under steam at the time the sheet gave way, the whole column of steam would, according to the inspectors, have been projected upward through the cabin and pilot house, the boiler being located immdiately under the latter. The rent made in the boiler was 26 inches long and about 6 feet in a transverse direction.

—So often had the steamer Brill been mentioned by the newspapers, that many people along shore between Pittsburgh and here, received the impression that she was of the same magnificent appearance as the Great Republic, and were on the *qui vive* to get a look at her. They were surprised and disappointed in seeing a very light draught sternwheel steamboat. The Brill will re-ship here and return to Pittsburgh to-day.—*Cin. Gazette*

—Says the Cincinnati *Commercial*: Captain Ike Thompson has sold or traded the Charmer to Admiral John James for the Emperor, giving $1,500 to boot. We hear that Admiral James will continue the Charmer in the Marietta trade, while Captain Thompson will place the Emperor in the Lou'sville and New Orleans trade.

—The Formanizing of the James Howard is being done by an expert from St. Louis, at an expense of $1,000. The cabin is nearly completed, the boilers in position, and the machinery is almost ready to be put up.

—Captain John S. Patterson is lengthening the cabin of the C. B. Church, at St. Louis, by putting ten rooms on a side. Next trip he will extend her texas.

—The Great Republic left St. Louis for New Orleans on Saturday night with a good trip and engagements below.

—Captain W. J. Rusk and George Phillips have purchased the H. S. Turner, at St. Louis, for $25,000.

—Capt. Pink Varble's new towboat, Cub Pilot, was launched from Richards' shipyard Saturday.

—The Lorena was to leave Memphis for Louisville on Sunday, having repaired her boilers.

RIVER PACKETS.

REGULAR PACKET FOR WHEELING, MARIETTA, PARKERSBURG and PORTSMOUTH. The new and elegant
GRANITE STATE........CAPT. WASH KERR
Will leave here for above points every FRIDAY at 4 P. M. Will receipt passengers and freight through to Chillicothe, all parts on Kanawha river and to Cincinnati.
no4 GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO., Agents.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET—Leaves Pittsburgh every TUESDAY at 12 M. Leaves Cincinnati SATURDAY at 10 A. M. The new and splendid Sidewheel Packet
JUNIATA........C. L. BRENNAN, Commander.
Will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS & CO.,
no7 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS and NEW ORLEANS.—The first rise The fine steamer
MOLLIE EBERT,
G. W. EBERT........Commander
S. PEPPARD........Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
G. H. GHRIEST & CO.,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

FOR LOUISVILLE, CAIRO AND ST LOUIS.—The fine passenger steamer
GLENDALE........Capt. J. M. HARE,
JAS. MELLON, Clerk, will leave as above.
For freight or passage, apply on board, or to

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR MEMPHIS and NEW ORLEANS.—The staunch and fast steamer
MESSENGER........Capt. ROBERT GREENLEE,
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports direct, on first water.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
GEO. H. GHRIEST & CO.,
oc7 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

Laing & McKallip,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
GRAIN, FLOUR AND FEED,
Hydraulic Cement, White Lime, Calcined and Land Plaster, and Anthracite Coal,
No. 347 LIBERTY ST.,
oc25 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN McKIRDY........A. TAYLOR.
Jno. McKirdy & Co.,
General Commission Merchants,
Flour, Grain, Seeds, Feed, &c.
No. 351 Liberty Street.
jn29:d PITTSBURGH, PA.

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T. GORMLY, 1812.
W. M. GORMLY,
Wholesale Grocer,
271 LIBERTY STREET,
(Directly opposite Eagle Hotel.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Meanor & Harper,
FLOUR, GRAIN AND PRODUCE
Commission Merchants,
No. 330 LIBERTY STREET.
Consignments solicited. oc7

W. C. Armstrong,
(Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,)
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
ap19:z29 No. 25 MARKET STREET.

L. J. BLANCHARD,
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
No. 396 PENN STREET.

M. STEELE........J. A. STEELE.
M. STEELE & SON,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c. &c. No. 28 OHIO STREET, near East Common, Allegheny City.

JOHN SHIPTON........S. WALLACE.
SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. [illegible] Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.

HENDERSON, J. & BROTHERS, [illegible] Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and [illegible].

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for TWO STAMPS.
sp2

☞ MANHOOD HOW LOST! HOW RESTORED.—Just Published in a sealed envelope. Price, six cents. A LECTURE ON THE NATURAL TREATMENT, and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhoea, or Seminal Weakness, and impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, &c., by ROBT. J. CULVERWELL, D. D., author of the "Green Book," &c. "A BOON TO THOUSANDS OF SUFFERERS." Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, to CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York, Postoffice box 4586. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents.
my3:w30T

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world, the only true and perfect Dye. Harmless,—Reliable—Instantaneous—No disappointment—No ridiculous tints—"*Does not contain Lead nor any Vitalic Poison to injure the Hair or System.*" Invigorates the Hair and leaves it soft and beautiful; Black or Brown. Sold by all Druggists and dealers. Applied at the Factory, No. 16 Bond street, N. Y.
aul:a76

OILS.

F. A. BATES........J. R. GOLDSBOROUGH.
BATES & GOLDSBOROUGH,
BROKERS AND SHIPPERS OF PETROLEUM,
Corner Duquesne and Eighth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Represented by J. S. Miller, Oil City, Pa. and by D. C. Herbst, Parker's Landing, Pa. no8

M. EDWARDS,
Dealer in Petroleum,
INSPECTOR OF CRUDE OILS.
OFFICE—SILL'S BLOCK, Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh. no5:g51

F. A. DILWORTH,
Commission Merchant
FOR THE SALE OF
PETROLEUM.
Pittsburgh office, Sill's Block. | Philadelphia office, 106 Walnut street.

W. H. EDGERTON,
Petroleum and Cooperage Only,
OFFICE
PERRY BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSBURGH, PA. no2:g21

B. D. MOORE,
BROKER AND DEALER IN
OIL BARRELS AND STAVES.
OFFICE: SILL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,
no2:g22 PITTSBURGH.

Burke & Wood,
Brokers in Petroleum, Cooperage, &c.,
Perry's Building, Duquesne Way.
Philadelphia Office: C. C. BURKE, 101 Walnut street. no2:g3

Logan Brothers & Co.
123 WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
EIGHTH AND DUQUESNE WAY, PITTSB'G.
Commission Merchants in
PETROLEUM.
Warehouses Delaware river, terminus of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. no1:g18

Pittsburgh Oil Co.,
PROPRIETORS.
LEO OPPENHEIM & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS AND BROKERS
in
PETROLEUM,
Its Products,
AND
LUBRICATING
OILS.
Office: Perry Building, Duquesne Way. Warehouse: 338 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov9:g15

OIL STORAGE.
The undersigned will receive proposals for the
Storage of Refined Oil
At their warehouses, at Greenwich Point,
ON THE RIVER DELAWARE.
They have Warehouse capacity of over 250,000 SQUARE FEET and Two Wharves with 18 FEET OF WATER at low water. Address,
A. R. McHENRY & CO.,
No. 112 WALNUT.
J. M. ELLIS & SONS,
oc24 No. 225 WALNUT, Philadelphia.

W. W. McClelland & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Lubricating, Lard, Linseed, Carbon,
AND
HEAD-LIGHT OILS.
OFFICE: ROOM 5, GAZETTE BUILDING, Pittsburgh, Pa.
☞ All orders promptly filled, and Oils delivered free of charge in quantities to suit purchasers in the city. au13:b69

Tack, Bro. & Co.,
PERRY BUILDING,
Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh.
DEALERS IN
Crude & Refined Petroleum.
TACK BROS.,
Philadelphia.
je29

WARING & KING,
Commission Merchants and Brokers in
Petroleum and its Products,
DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY.
Philadelphia Address
WARING, KING & CO.,
ap19 109 WALNUT STREET.

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.
Herbert W. C. Tweddle,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.
ECLIPSE RAILROAD AXLE OIL. Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
LOCOMOTIVE, ENGINE, MACHINE SHOP. Will cut screws.
SAW MILL AND PLANING MILL OILS. Adapted for high speed.
SPINDLE OIL, WOOL OIL, TANNERS' STUFFING and FINISHING OIL, HARNESS OIL. HEAD-LIGHT OIL, BENZOLE, GASOLINE, PARAFFINE.
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use upon many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

HOTELS.

MAHONING HOUSE,
ORRSVILLE,
(Mouth of Mahoning,)
JOSEPH FREEMAN,
Proprietor.
GOOD BEDS and GOOD BOARD. Accommodations for fishing and hunting parties. no2:g16

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,
ED. BARKER, Proprietor,
Cor. Penn St. and 11th, formerly old Canal.

WINE OF LIFE.—The great Blood Purifier and Delicious Drink, WARNER'S VINUM VITÆ, OR WINE OF LIFE, is free from any poisonous drugs or impurities, being prepared for those who require a stimulant. It is a splendid appetizer and tonic, and the finest thing in the world for purifying the blood. It is the most pleasant and delicious article ever offered to the public, far superior to brandy, whisky, wine bitters, or any other article. It is more healthy and cheaper. Both male and female, young or old, can take the Wine of Life. It is in fact, a life preserver. Those who wish to enjoy good health and a free flow of lively spirits, will do well to take the Wine of Life. It is different from anything ever before in use. It is sold by Druggists; also at all respectable saloons. Price $1.00, in quart bottles.
ap26:w97

JOHN I. HOUSE........EDW. HOUSE........WM. M. HOUSE
JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, corner of Smithfield and Water streets, Pittsburgh.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,
No. 80 Fourth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH
CASH CAPITAL........$300,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall,	John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon,	Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott	Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Leech,	Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd,	

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. te19:h43

Max Schamberg,
No. 163 SMITHFIELD STREET,
(Between Sixth and Seventh avenue.)
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Foreign Exchange and Passage.
Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Silver, &c., bought and sold on Commission.
Postal Money Orders on Europe issued under guarantee of the North German Post Department.
Foreign Money bought and sold.
Inheritances and Legacies collected in Europe.
Passage Agency of all first-class English and German Lines. no6:g53

Tradesmen's National Bank,
WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND AVE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
Gold, Coupon Bonds and Stock
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY, President,
W. VANKIRK, Vice President,
oc9:dAT CYRUS CLARKE, JR. Cashier.

Allegheny Savings Bank,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
ORGANIZED IN 1845.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections, and proceeds promptly remitted.
Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.
DIRECTORS:

James L. Graham,	John Benn,
A. Moore,	G. Wettach,
D. DeHaven,	Andrew Ackley,
	S. H. Geyer.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.
JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. ju16:a10

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK,
Of Pittsburgh.
No. 83 FIFTH AVENUE.
Capital Stock........$500,000.
J. W. COOK, President,
R. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
te25:28 W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

THE DIAMOND SAVINGS BANK,
No. 6 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL........$240,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
Deposits in sums of $1 and upwards received. Interest allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to collections, proceeds of which will be remitted promptly.
DIRECTORS:

James M. Cooper,	Abraham Garrison,
James E. J. Allison,	Andrew L. Robinson,
Wm. Hinds,	L. Widerheld,
Jos. Fleming,	N. P. Sawyer,
	Wm. D. Cooper.

President—N. P. SAWYER.
Cashier—JOHN S. SCULLY. le9:y82

CITY BANK,
112 FIFTH AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL........$100,000
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all and in all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES McCABE, Vice President.
W. N. MORGAN, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:

D. Ihmsen,	James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke,	Hugh Keating,
Patrick Kane,	Terence Campbell,
Chas. B. Barr,	James Phelan,
Chas. Magina	H. A. Freyvogle,
R. J. Grace,	Thomas Barnes.
N. Stupy.	

jel:k5 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT CO.
Of Pittsburgh,
FOR THE
Safe Keeping of Valuables,
Under guarantee, and the renting of Safes in its
Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,
No. 83 Fourth Ave.
President—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President—HENRY FLOYD.
DIRECTORS:

William Phillips,	Byron H. Painter,
Henry Lloyd,	Jos. S. Morrison,
William Rea,	George Black,
William M. Lyon,	Curtis G. Hussey.
Jas. I. Bennett,	

Sec'y and Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.
Open daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

COMMERCIAL BANKING COMPANY,
No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.
CAPITAL........$200,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:

ALEXANDER BATES,	JOHN LINDSAY,
A. H. ENGLISH	D. S. MACRUM,
W. H. EVERSON,	JOHN Q. PHILLIPS,
W. O. HUGHART,	R. F. WILSON,
	JACOB KLEE.

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.
Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.,
(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.)
DEALERS IN
Exchange, Coin, Coupons,
And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
Government Bonds.
ALSO
Sight Draughts on London.
my1:s63

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS,
57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.
ja20:al

THE STRONGEST AND BEST SECURED, as well as most profitable investment now offered in the market.
7 Per Cent. Gold
FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,
Coupon or Registered
(AND FREE OF U. S. TAX,)
Principal and Interest Payable in Gold, issued by the
Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota R. R. Co.
The small remaining balance of the Loan for sale at
90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.
Interest payable May and November.
J. EDGAR THOMPSON, } Trustees.
CHARLES L. FROST, }
The Bonds are issued at $20,000 per mile against the portion of the line fully completed and equipped.
The greater part of the road is already in operation, and the present earnings are largely in excess of the operating expenses and interest on the bonds. The balance of the work necessary to establish through connections, thereby shortening the distance between St. Paul and Chicago, 45 miles, and 90 miles to St. Louis, is rapidly progressing, in time for the movement of the coming grain crops, which, it is estimated will double the present income of the road.
The established character of this road, running as it does through the heart of the most thickly settled and richest portion of the great State of Iowa, together with its present advanced condition and large earnings, warrant us in unhesitatingly recommending these bonds to investors as, in every respect, an undoubted security. A small quantity of the issue only remains unsold, and when the enterprise is completed, which will be this Fall, an immediate advance over the subscription price may be looked for.
These bonds have 50 years to run, are convertible at the option of the holder into the stock of the Company at par, and the payment of the principal is provided for by a sinking fund. The convertibility privilege attached to these bonds cannot fail to cause them at an early day to command a market price considerably above par. U. S. Five-twenties, at present prices return only 4½ per cent. currency interest, while these Bonds pay 9½ per cent., and we regard them to be as safe and fully equal as a security to any Railroad Bond issued; and until they are placed upon the New York Stock Exchange, the rules of which require the Road to be completed, we obligate ourselves to rebuy at any time any of these Bonds sold by us at this date at the same price as realized by us on their sale.
All marketable Securities taken in payment free of Commission and Express charges.
HENRY CLEWS & CO.,
32 Wall Street, New York.
FOR SALE BY
S. McCLEAN & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.
TOWNSEND, WHELEN & CO., Philadelphia.
BARKER, BROS. & CO., Philadelphia.
KURTZ & HOWARD, Philadelphia.
BOWEN & FOX, Philadelphia.
DeHAVEN & BRO., Philadelphia.
Of whom Pamphlets and information may be obtained.

LAOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,
TIN ROOFERS and Manufacturers of all kinds of Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Brackets, Ventilators, &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Roofing, Cornices, &c. in Copper or Sheet Iron work. No. [illegible] Allegheny City, Pa.

IRON AND STEEL.

LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT IRON.
And Heavy Hardware.
Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head Bridge and Skein Bolts,
NUTS, WASHERS, and COACH SCREWS, HARROW TEETH, PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, &c.
BOLTS, SPIKES and WROUGHT IRON SHAPES for Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.
FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends slit by machinery, HOOK and EYE SCREW and SCREW and STRAP HINGES. Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Ruber Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Cap, Sand Band, Single Tree and other labor saving odd shapes of iron. Send for prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 92 Water St., and 114 and 116 First avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Etna Iron Works,
SPANG, CHALFANT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Boiler Plate
AND
WROUGHT IRON TUBES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. of Sandusky St. and West Penna. and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R's, Allegheny City.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA. no4:g40

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
OFFICE: No. 339 Liberty Street,
my28:z46 PITTSBURGH, PA.

DUQUESNE WORKS.
Coleman, Rahm & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
IRON, NAILS, STEEL,
Axels and Springs.
DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA
FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG AND DROPPER BARS, FLANGES, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS WEDGES and HARROW TEETH SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS, cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A B STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.
All Goods First Class and Warranted.
OFFICES AND WORKS—16th street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

Pittsburgh Steel Works.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Refined Cast Steel
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO,
Best Refined German Plow & Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS AND FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa. au16:n41

PITTSBURGH
Novelty Works.
FOUNDED A. D. 1833.
MOORHEAD, ADAMS & CO.,
Manufacturers of KEYSTONE STANDARD (Fairbank's Patent) PLATFORM AND COUNTER
SCALES.
Janus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.
Corner of FIRST AVENUE and GRANT STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Sheffield Steel Works.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel,
RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water and 160 First streets.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE and WAREHOUSE—30th 21st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &c.

ESTABLISHED 1858.
JOSEPH BECKHAUS,
1204 Frankford Avenue,
(Above Girard avenue.)
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Manufacturer of exclusively first-class
CARRIAGES,
NEWEST STYLES.
Clarences, Landaus, Landaulettes, Close Coaches, Shifting quarter Coaches, Coupes, Barouches, Phaetons, Rockaways, etc. Suitable for private family, and public use. Also HEARSES of most modern styles and finish.
Designs and prices furnished when desired.
Workmanship and finish second to none in the country.
Fine and varied stock completed, on hand, and in the works. Orders receive prompt and personal attention.
All work warranted. se10:h59

JOHN Q. WORKMAN........H. RICHARD DAVIS
WORKMAN & DAVIS,
Successors to WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., manufacturers and Dealers in
Carriages, Buggies,
SPRING & BUCK WAGONS.
42, 44, 46 and 48 Beaver St., Allegheny.
Repairing neatly and promptly executed. Orders for New Work gotten up in good style and warranted to give satisfaction in every particular.
☞ Newest style of work constantly on hand.
SOLE AGENTS for the New Haven Wheel Company's make of SARVIN'S PATENT WHEELS and Rapp's Patent Quick Shifter and Anti-Rattler for Shafts.
H. RICHARD DAVIS having purchased the interest of Alex. and Wm. D. Moore, in the late firm of WORKMAN, MOORE & CO., the business will hereafter be continued at the old stand, under the name and style of WORKMAN & DAVIS. Orders solicited.
JOHN Q. WORKMAN,
H. RICHARD DAVIS,
Late with Citizens' National Bank, Pittsburgh.

LIVERY & SALE STABLES.

Robt. H. Patterson & Co.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WILL ON EVERY SATURDAY HOLD AN
AUCTION SALE
OF
Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,
And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.
JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

JOHN H. STEWART........ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.
Livery, Sale and
COMMISSION STABLES
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works.
Northwest corner of West Common, Allegheny.
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice, Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewery Vaults, &c. Head and Foot Stones, &c.
Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

FORT PITT Boiler, Still and Tank WORKS.
CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR FIRE BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS. OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS. CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS. STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES. PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Cor. 2d, 3d, Short and Liberty Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
☞ Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh8:89

O'HARA BOILER WORKS
F. REPHAN & CO.,
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, OIL TANKS, STILLS, AGITATORS, SALT PANS, GASOMETERS, SETTLING PANS, PRISON DOORS, CHIMNEYS, BRICHEN FIRE BEDS, &c.,
Cor. of Second Avenue and Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Repairing done promptly. Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.
F. REPHAN, formerly Manager at CARROLL & SNYDER'S. no4

Riesick & Bro.,
FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF
SAFES AND VAULTS.
NO DAMP. NO MOULD.
ENGINES AND MACHINERY,
BREWERY WORK, REPAIRING and PUTTING UP MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC CEMENT. Corner 17th and PIKE STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
no16:o68

Samson Boiler Works,
BRENNEMAN & WARD.
Manufacturers of STEAM BOILERS, TANKS, OIL STILLS AND SHEET IRON WORK, Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Particular attention paid to repairing. se15:d54

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY
AND
Pipe Works.
Corner Carroll and Smallman Sreets,
(NINTH WARD,)
PITTSBURGH, PA.

WM. SMITH,
MANUFACTURER OF
Cast Iron Bowl Pipe,
FOR
GAS AND WATER WORKS.
My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general
Castings for Gas and Water Works
I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

WEST POINT FOUNDRY,
L. H. Smith & Co.,
Corner Duquesne Way and Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Manufacturers of the celebrated
ANCHOR SAD IRON,
which is PLANED, not GROUND, and therefore superior in finish to any other.
☞ Send for Price List. au10:b71

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,
Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER
WASHINGTON WORKS,
FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions, Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office No. 19, corner First and Smithfield streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:z69

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO.,
IRON CITY FOUNDRY,
Manufacturers of
Bridge, Rolling Mill,
Blast Furnace and
Machinery Castings.
Corner Liberty and Twenty-Third Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa. nov4:z6

ROLLS

THOS. CARLIN & CO.,
Fourth Ward Foundry & Machine Works.
SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Built to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.
my14:o6

PROFESSIONAL.

D. W. ELDER,
Attorney at Law
No. 116 Fifth Avenue. (Second Story.)
nov2:g81 W

N. NELSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
From November 1st, may again be found at his office, No. 116 Fifth avenue, from 1 to 4 P. M. and on Saturdays 9 to 12 A. M. Conveyancing, Examination of Titles and Orphans' Court Business specially attended to. nov9:g89-w

H. B. SWOOPE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
And United States District Attorney, will attend to professional business entrusted to him, both in Federal and State Courts.
OFFICE in CUSTOM HOUSE, 2d story. oc29:f3

JOS. M. GAZZAM, JNO. SHANNON, WM. H. LOWE.
J. M. Gazzam & Co.,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, AND SOLICITORS IN EQUITY AND BANKRUPTCY.
OFFICE: No. 96 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Professional business attended to in all the Federal, State and County Courts, including Patent and Admiralty Cases. Titles examined. Conveyancing promptly executed. Collections made throughout the United States through reliable correspondents. oc21:f8

G. W. DeCAMP,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
Has removed to No. 87 GRANT STREET, Pittsburgh. Will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties.

ARCHIBALD BLAKELY,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 116 FIFTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

H. H. McCORMICK,
Attorney-at-Law,
No. 88 GRANT STREET.
☞ Prompt attention given to all kinds of legal business.

A. BAILIE,
ALDERMAN AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Collector of city and county taxes for the First ward, Office,
127 LEACOCK ST., Allegheny.

Samuel McMasters,
ALDERMAN, EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE and POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, No. 109 GRANT STREET, opposite St. Paul's Cathedral.

WM. B. NEEPER,
ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.
Office, 112 Fifth avenue.
Special attention given to conveyancing and collections. Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

TAYLOR & FALLOWS,
SUCCESSORS TO PERCIVAL BECKETT, Civil, Mechanical and Mechanical Engineers and Solicitors of American and Foreign Patents, Office, No. 59 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa. 72 Wood [illegible]
Branch Patent Office, Washington, D. C. [illegible] Evening Drawing Class for Mechanics on Wednesday.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.—After Oct. 16th, 1870, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Ex.	12 50 am	Mail Train	11 [illegible]
Mail Train	8 10 am	Fast Line	12 1[illegible]
Brinton Ac.	10 20 am	Cincinnati Ex.	[illegible]
Cincin'ti Ex.	[illegible]	Pittsb'gh Ex.	[illegible]
Phila. Express	3 50 pm	Pacific Ex.	10 05 pm
Fast Line	7 40 pm	Way Passn'r	10 20 pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Wall's No. 1	6 30 am	Wall's No. 1	8 20 am
Wall's No. 2	11 [illegible] am	Brin'n Ac No. 1	7 20 am
Wall's No. 3	3 05 pm	Wall's No. 2	[illegible]
Johnstown Ac.	4 05 pm	Johnstown Ac.	9 30 am
Wall's No. 5	6 05 pm	Wall's No. 3	[illegible]
Wall's No. 4	5 10 pm	Wall's No. 4	[illegible]
Wilkinsb'g Ac.	8 50 pm	Wall's No. 5	7 30 pm
Walls No. 6	11 00 pm	Brin'n Ac No. 2	1 20 pm
		Wilkinsb'g Ac.	10 00 pm

Cincinnati Express and Pacific Express leave daily. All other trains daily, except Sunday.

The Church Trains leaves Walls Station every Sunday at 9:02 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrives at Walls Station at 3:10 p. m.

For further information apply to
W. H. STORRS, Agent.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.

A. J. CASSATT,
je12 General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.

From June 19, 1870, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1 [illegible] a m	Fast Line	12 42 a m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6 3[illegible] a m	Wheeling Ex.	[illegible]
Chicago Mail	7 03 a m	Pacific Ex.	[illegible]
Erie & Yan Ex.	[illegible] a m	Chicago Mail	[illegible]
Chicago Ex.	10 4[illegible] a m	Cleveland Ex.	[illegible]
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	[illegible] p m	Erie & Yen Ex.	[illegible]
Pacific Ex.	[illegible] p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	7 0[illegible]
W'ellsville Ex.	[illegible] p m	C. & St. L. Ex.	7 [illegible]
Erie Express	[illegible] p m	Erie Express	11 [illegible]
DEPART FROM ALLEG'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	[illegible] a m	Leetsdale Ac.	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	10 13 a m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible]
" "	11 [illegible] a m	Enon "	[illegible]
New Castle "	[illegible] p m	New Castle "	10 [illegible]
Enon "	[illegible] p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	[illegible] p m	Bea'r Falls "	[illegible]
Bea'r Falls "	6 23 p m	Leetsdale "	[illegible]
Leetsdale "	10 43 p m		
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	1 13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9 50 a m

☞ Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ Pacific Express arrives daily.
☞ Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ Fast Line arrives daily, Mondays excepted.
☞ All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MYERS, Genl. Pas. & Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, Gen'l Manager.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA R. R.—On and after MAY 29, 1870, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

(ALLEGHENY TIME.)

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springd'e No. 1	6 40 a m	Mail	[illegible]
Freeport No. 1	8 20 a m	Freeport No. 1	[illegible]
Express	10 [illegible] a m	Claremont Ac.	11 10 a m
Claremont Ac.	1 [illegible] p m	Express	[illegible]
Freeport No. 2	[illegible] p m	Springd'e No. 1	[illegible]
Mail	[illegible] p m	Freeport No. 2	[illegible]
Springd'e No. 2	[illegible] p m	Springd'e No. 1	[illegible]

Above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 8:00 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:30 P. M. and arrive at Allegheny Junction at [illegible] P. M.

Through tickets to Butler and Hannahstown may be purchased at Walker's Stage Office, No. 3 St. Clair street, near the Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny.

For further particulars apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.
ROBERT NEILSON,
my30 Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, June 6th, 1870, 3 through Trains daily (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Union Depot for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	LEAVE PITTSBURGH.	ARRIVE AT PITTSBURGH.
Day Express	7 30 A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Night Express	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Way Passenger	9 30 A. M.	
Mail Train		[illegible] P. M.
Brady's Bend Acc'n	3 25 P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
Soda Works	6 15 P. M.	[illegible] A. M.
1st Hulton	6 40 A. M.	[illegible] A. M.
2d Hulton	[illegible] P. M.	[illegible] P. M.
3d Hulton	11 [illegible] P. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Parnassus	11 [illegible] A. M.	[illegible] P. M.
Church	1 00 P. M.	10 1[illegible] A. M.

Express trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation trains stop at all stations.

Silver Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, both ways between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocten.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l Sup't.
jel8 JAMES H. BRAY, Ticket Agt.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after WEDNESDAY, July 6, 1870, Trains will arrive at and depart from Depot, corner of Grant and Water streets, as follows—city time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Mail Train	6 50 A.M.	1st McKeesport Ac.	6 40 A.M.
Glenwood Ac	7 10 A.M.	Glenwood Ac	[illegible] A.M.
Way Passenger	9 05 A.M.	West Newton Ac.	8 25 A.M.
1st McKeesport Ac.	11 00 A.M.	Express Tr'n	10 [illegible] A.M.
Expr's Train	3 15 P.M.	2d McKeesport Ac.	2 10 P.M.
West Newton Ac.	4 30 P.M.	Way Passen'r	[illegible] P.M.
Braddock's Ac.	5 20 P.M.	Mail Train	6 10 P.M.
2d McKeesport Ac.	6 20 P.M.	Braddocks Ac.	7 00 P.M.
3d McKeesport Ac.	10 40 P.M.	3d McKeesport Ac.	9 50 P.M.
West Newton Church Tr'n	12 45 P.M.	West Newton Church Tr'n	10 10 A.M.

*Sundays only. All other Trains daily except Sunday.

D. D. ANGELL,
je8 Master of Transportation.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY PAN HANDLE ROUTE.—CHANGE OF TIME.—On and after SUNDAY, June 11, 1870, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

Pittsburgh Time.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Express	[illegible] a.m.	12 13 noon
Fast Line	10 48 a.m.	[illegible] p.m.
Southern Express	[illegible] p.m.	12 [illegible] mid.
Mixed Accommodation	[illegible]	[illegible]
McDonald Accommod'n	11 [illegible]	[illegible]
Steubenville Accommod'n	[illegible] p.m.	[illegible]
McDonald Accommod'n	[illegible] p.m.	[illegible] p.m.
Sunday Church Train	12 [illegible]	9 [illegible]

The 10:48 A. M. Fast Line will leave daily. The 12:13 noon Express arrives daily. All other trains run daily except Sunday.

W. L. O'BRIEN,
General Ticket Agent, Columbus, O.
W. W. CARD, Sup't., Dennison, Ohio. jel3

HARDWARE & CUTLERY.

BEAVER FALLS CUTLERY CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Table Knives and Forks,
Pocket Knives,
Butcher Knives,
Bread Knives,
Carving Knives,
AND OTHER
ARTICLES OF CUTLERY
OF SUPERIOR MAKE.
Beaver Falls Cutlery Co.,
BEAVER FALLS,
oc1 PENNA.

Logan, Gregg & Co.,
DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
No. 52 Wood Street.
Meat Cutters and Stuffers,
HORSE SHOES AND NAILS,
Nail Rod,
BUILDING HARDWARE.
WHICH WE OFFER AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.
Merchants are invited to examine our stock.
Orders by mail will have prompt attention.

COAL AND COKE.

Charles H. Armstrong,
DEALER IN
Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,
And Manufacturer of
COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.
OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward; also, Second street, Eighth ward, and at foot of Ross street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward.
Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to me through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.
Refer to whom I am supplying: [illegible]

Oscar F. Lamm & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONNELLSVILLE COKE,
DEALERS IN
Youghiogheny and Anthracite Coal
PITTSBURGH, PA.
OFFICE: ROOM No. 5, Gazette Building.
☞ Orders respectfully solicited.

COAL! COAL!
YOUGHIOGHENY GAS COAL CO.
This Company are now prepared to furnish the best Coal of any size or quantity, AT FAIR RATES. Office and Yard adjoining the Connellsville Railroad Depot, foot of Try Street, Pittsburgh.
Orders addressed to either Mines, West Newton, Pa. or to Yard, will be promptly attended to.
M. F. O'NEILL, Secretary.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Offices to
No. 567 Liberty Street,
[illegible]

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

HOME NEWS.

Allegheny Councils will meet to-morrow night.

The Chapel of the Penitentiary will be dedicated to the worship of God this afternoon.

A part of Dinsmore tunnel on the Panhandle Railroad caved in yesterday detaining the trains for about an hour.

Yesterday a Warrant was issued by Mayor Callow for the arrest of Joseph Maitland for deserting his wife Margaret.

Willie Pearson, the little boy 18 months old, run over by the Rebecca street car on Saturday afternoon, died yesterday from his injuries.

Correction.—The agent who had his money stolen from him at Deisch's grocery, on Main street, was not a representative of Ellis & Co.'s oyster house, but of Steele & Co.'s.

We are glad to note that Hall Patterson, Esq., has been appointed and commissioned by Gov. Geary a Notary Public for the city of Pittsburgh. The appointment is a good one.

Lost—Between the *Gazette* office and the Mayor's office, Monday afternoon, a small diamond bosom pin attached to a silk cravat. A suitable reward will be paid for the same if left at this office.

Western University.—The next term will commence on Monday, the 14th inst. The quarterly examination, to which all the friends of the institution are invited, will take place next Thursday and Friday.

A Literary Society is to be organized in connection with the Allegheny Library. A meeting of those interested will be held Friday night at the Library to take the preliminary steps toward an organization.

Home.—Rev. W. A. Folan, one of the most accomplished pastors in the Catholic Church of this diocese, returned home yesterday, after a pleasant continental tour. His many friends will be pleased to welcome him.

Mayor's Office.—There were twenty-two cases before His Honor, the Mayor, yesterday morning, of which number seven paid the fines imposed upon them and the remaining fifteen were committed to the Workhouse and jail.

A Shed covering the boilers at Hutchison's Foundry, corner of Water and Sandusky streets, Allegheny, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning, about five o'clock. The flames were subdued before any damage had been done to the main building.

The *Chronicle* last night announced that it had received the London *Illustrated News*, with graphic war pictures, etc. This could be said with greater truth regarding the *Every Saturday* and *Harper's Weekly*, nearly all of whose pictures are *Graphic* ones.

A Raid was made on a disorderly house, First street, Allegheny, by the police, late Monday night. Mary Harris, Mattie Wilson and Mollie Duffie were captured. Yesterday the Mayor committed Mattie and Mollie to jail for thirty days each, and Mary for ten days.

Megraw has received a choice new stock of those fine, fragrant cigars—the brands which he makes a speciality, and which every lover of the weed is familiar with—which he is prepared to sell wholesale or retail. For anything in the tobacco line go to Megraw's, No. 75 Ninth street, and you'll surely be satisfied with the investment.

Pittsburgh Female Institute.—We are indebted to Prof. G. J. Luckey for a copy of the "Proceedings of the Stated Annual Meeting of the Pittsburgh Teachers' Institute," held during the year ending September, 1870. It is printed with paper back, and in addition to the minutes of the Institute, contains the names of the members and officers, and rules governing the Institute.

The Meeting To-Morrow Night.—Every citizen interested in the commerce of the Ohio River should be in attendance to-morrow night at Lafayette Hall. The meeting will be addressed by Gen. Burnett and Senator Morton, of Ohio, and Hon. H. B. Swope, Gen. James S. Negley, Col. Kerr, and Gen. Morehead, of Pittsburgh. The meeting is an important one, and should be largely attended.

"**Public Deaf and Dumb School**" is a sign on the First Ward School house. From the constant hammering on iron, the noise of machinery and general turmoil incidental to the many workshops surrounding the school building, we should imagine that there is no lack of deaf scholars therein, and indeed the constant noise is calculated to make them dumb. The school house should be located in some less noisy place.

Unmailable letters.

The following letters are detained in the Pittsburgh postoffice for nonpayment of postage:

Dougherty, Mrs. Sophie, Sewickly, Pa., 3 cents.

Moline Plow Co., Moline, Illinois, 3 cents.

McCoy, Charles F., Baltimore, Md., 3 cents.

Symmetricalcook, N. P., Cleveland, Ohio, 3 cents.

Westminster College Literary Society.

The Philomath Literary Society of Westminster College of New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, elected a declaimer for their twelfth annual contest on Saturday, November 5th. The election was very close. J. T. McClurkin, of New Wilmington, Pennsylvania, and James J. Wilson, of Irwin Station, Pa., were the candidates. McClurkin received twenty-three votes, and Wilson twenty-one. McClurkin a majority of two. Both of these gentlemen are good speakers and they do honor to themselves and the society.

A Smasher.

"George the Smasher" has at last been discovered, and any persons having a curiosity to see the distinguished individual can do so by calling on Warden Scandrett, who has him in charge for the present. He was discovered at Singer & Nimick's mills in South Pittsburgh, where he was exercising his propensity to smash things, and when arrested by Officer Stemler and taken before Justice Barker he attempted to deceive the magistrate as to his identity by giving his name as George Linker, but it was "no go." The Justice knew him, and Stemler caught him smashing windows, so George was committed to the care of Warden Scandrett for four days.

New Market House.

The Market House question is agitating the minds of the people of the Twelfth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth Wards to a considerable extent just at present. They want a market house but there is quite a difference of opinion as to where it should be located. That a market house is a necessity in that locality there can be no doubt, and that it should, in order to make it a paying investment to the city, be centrally located is equally true. We learn that the sub-Committee for the Market Committee met last evening to prepare a report to the Market Committee of Councils. We think in view of the importance of the matter that it would be well for the entire Committee to view the different sites proposed before they make a final report to Councils, as they will be then prepared to act knowingly in the matter.

The Western Insurance Company—Election of Officers.

The annual election of a Board of Directors for the staunch and reliable Western Insurance Company of this city was held yesterday, and by a full vote the following gentlemen were re-elected unanimously: Messrs. Alexander Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr., James M'Auley, Andrew Ackley, Alexander Speer, David M. Long, John R. McCune, Charles S. Clarke, William S. Evans, Joseph Kirkpatrick, Philip Reymer, William Morrison and D. Duncan. The company has just closed a prosperous year, and that the direction of its affairs has been entirely satisfactory to the stockholders is evidenced in the complimentary manner of their re-election. The Secretary, Mr. W. P. Herbert, and his assistant, Mr. Earl S. Gardner, are the right men in the right place, and such with whom it is a positive pleasure to have business relations and dealings.

Second Ward, Allegheny—A Division Opposed.

We mentioned a few days ago that efforts were being made looking to division of the Second ward, Allegheny, and the formation of new ward to be called the Tenth, out of the "Mill District." The project meets with general favor we understand among the residents on the hill, but there are others in the ward who are opposed to the division. The matter since it was first mentioned in the *Gazette* has been discussed freely, and created considerable excitement. Those opposed to the change propose to-night to hold a meeting and institute measures to prevent the consummation of the dismemberment. The meeting will be held in the school house, and from the feeling manifested there will doubtless be a large attendance. It is probable that a remonstrance against the decision will be sent to Councils, which meet to-morrow night.

Thirty Days.

George Woods attended St. Bridget's Fair in the Eleventh ward, and before going there, it appears, he had been at a bar-room and filled himself with bad whiskey. He had not been in long before he undertook to run the Fair, but was prevented from so doing by officer McGready, who took him in charge. George was not pleased with this interference on the part of the officer, and undertook to chastise him and struck him with his fist. The officer returned the favor in such a way that Woods was quite willing to compromise and accompany him to the lock-up. Yesterday morning, when he was brought out for a hearing, after hearing the testimony the Mayor imposed a fine of $10 on him for being disorderly in the Fair and $10 for striking the officer. George was not "flush," and in default of payment for his fun was sent to the Workhouse for thirty days.

"Reform" Movement.

The general impression was that the fate of the "reform" ticket at the late election would have a tendency to deter any further attempts to distract and divided the Republican party, and so scarce were those who had engaged in the foolish movement that it was currently reported that Major Burnell was offering a large sum to obtain one, desiring to present him to the public as a curiosity. The Major, we believe, did not find one, at least he failed to advertise him, but recent developments would indicate that there are at least a few of them in the city yet. Mr. Geo. Finley, a gentleman connected with the movement, residing in the Twenty-first ward, recently issued cards of invitation to several Republicans and others, requesting them to meet with him at the Lincoln school house to talk over the political situation and form a "Citizen's Association." The meeting was held Monday night, and was attended by twenty-eight Democrats and five "Reform" Republicans, making a total of thirty-three all told. What will be the result of Mr. Finley's movement we are unable to say.

What it Costs.

Mayor Brush has a regular scale of prices for little amusements, to which he adheres as faithfully as does his gentlemanly Clerk to the fee bill, and sometimes a fellow who enjoys two entertainments in one evening is required to pay the stipulated price for both. This fact was demonstrated in the case of Francis [illegible] McGuigan and Lawrence Pike, who were arrested at the Union Depot, Monday evening, for disorderly conduct. When arrested the accused were conducting themselves in a very disorderly manner, and when Officer Johnson attempted to take them in charge they abused him shamefully by striking and kicking him. Yesterday morning when the cases came up for a hearing, the above facts appearing in the evidence, the Mayor, in passing sentence, remarked that the regular charges for disorderly conduct such as these men were guilty of before the arrest was ten dollars, and his charges for striking an officer were twenty-five dollars, from which he never deviated, and as the defendants had indulged in this luxury to a considerable extent, he would impose a penalty of [illegible] dollars upon each of them, and in default of payment, commit them to the Work House for thirty days each. They did not have the collateral, and went to Claremont.

EDUCATIONAL.

City Schools—Meeting of the Central Board of Education—Reports of the City Superintendent and Secretary—The High School—Report of Special Committee—The Finances.

A regular monthly meeting of the Central Board of Education was held at their rooms on Fourth avenue, yesterday, at two o'clock P. M.

Members present: Messrs. Aiken, Chadwick, Cuddy, Clark, Fleming, Getty, Hamilton, Harrison, Hartman, Laufman, Mitchell, Nobbs, Shaw, Sims, Taylor, Young and President Wilson.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

The Secretary read a report from the Howard sub-district asking for an additional teacher. Received and filed.

Also a communication from the Board of the Springfield sub-district stating that the additional teacher allotted to said district should have been of the intermediate grade instead of the primary, and also asking an appropriation for the difference in salary.

Mr. Young moved that the change be made and the appropriation granted.

Mr. Nobbs moved as an amendment that the matter be referred to the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, with power to act.

The motion was adopted as amended.

CITY SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

The Secretary read the following report from the City Superintendent, G. J. Luckey, for the month of October:

GENTLEMEN: I beg leave to submit the following statement of the condition of the public schools of the city for the month of October:

Days of session, 21; male teachers employed, 34; female, 236; an increase of one over the previous month.

The enrollment of pupils was as follows: Males, 4,502; females, 4,792; total 9,294.

Average attendance: Males, 3,900; females, 3,932; total, 7,832. The increase on the enrollment is 260, and on the average attendance 225 over the previous month.

Enrollment for October, 1868		8,445
"	" 1869	8,735
"	" 1870	9,294

Enrollment at evening schools: Males, 1,291; females, 166; total, 1,457.

Average attendance: Males, 794; females, 166; total, 960.

Teachers employed: Males, 18; females, 23; total, 41.

In view of the interest manifested by all the schools in drawing and the gratifying progress made in that branch of study during last year, I would respectfully recommend the employment of a teacher of drawing and penmanship. This I believe would maintain the interest and secure still better results in the way of progress in these important branches, and the services of a well qualified teacher could be obtained for about the same salary now paid grammar teachers.

The report was received.

Mr. Shaw moved that the matter relative to the employment of a teacher of drawing be referred to the committee on teachers and salaries.—Accepted.

SECRETARIES' REPORT.

Mr. Serjeant reported the expenses of the board for the month at $25,054.42, paid as follows:

For salaries	$14,617.82
New High School building	9,696.58
Incidental expenses	740.02
Total	$25,054.42

HIGH SCHOOL.

The Secretary read the report of the principal of the High School, from which we take the following:

The school was in session 21 days in the month of October.

Total enrollment was males, 103; females, 110; total, 213.

Normal School—males 1, females, 56; total, 57.

On account of the absence of the principal of the Commercial Department the statistics from that school were not reported.

The report was received and filed.

Mr. Laufman presented a report from the Finance Committee, from which we obtain the following:

Balance October 1	$52,075.07
Received from City Treasury	2,535.72
Received from State	10,309.66
Total	$64,920.45
Warrants paid	28,838.81
Balance in Treasury October 7	$36,080.64
Less warrants unpaid	3,000.00
True balance	$33,080.64

In regard to the claim of Mr. Mullen, a blind man, for exoneration, the committee recommended the same.

In the case of Mr. Todd, who asks for an exoneration on gas stock, the committee declined to make any report.

The report was received and the exoneration of the blind man allowed.

The matter of Mr. Todd's application was referred back to the committee.

Mr. Laufman, from the Committee on High School, reported that the committee had granted a furlough to Prof. Johnson, of the High School, and asked the board to confirm the action.

The report was received and the action of the committee confirmed.

Mr. Laufman read a communication from the Superintendent of High School, recommending the purchase of one of Estell's programme clocks—Referred to the Committee on High School, with power to act.

The Secretary read the report of the visiting committee for the month of October, setting forth that the High and Colored schools had been visited and found in good order.

The report was received and filed.

The Secretary read a communication from the City Superintendent relative to the use of books in the ward schools not authorized by the Board, stating that in Duquesne, Forbes, North, Washington and Springfield districts Osgood's American Primer and First Readers are used, and in Colfax district Osgood's series of readers are the only readers in use.

Mr. Nobbs moved that the matter be referred to the Committee on Text Books. Adopted.

SPECIAL REPORT.

The Secretary read the following report of a special committee on exonerations:

Gentlemen: Your special committee to whom was referred the claim of Messrs. Jones, Jeremy, and Pearson, would respectfully report having examined said claim, and find that the County Commissioners reduced the assessment of said claimants for the year 1869, and that the school taxes on the whole assessment have been paid. Your committee would therefore recommend that $54.60 be refunded, that a warrant for said amount be authorized in favor of said parties. Your committee would also recommend that the claims referred to them for abatement be also allowed, in accordance with exonerations granted by the County Commissioners, viz.: J. P. Smith, $3; Patrick Smith, $8.70; and W. D. Kettenberg, $1.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Hartman presented the Auditors report, from which it appeared that the receipts for the year ending June 1st, including a balance on hand June, 1869, of $5,189.87, amounted to $179,145.01.

The expenditures amounted to $180,151.52, exceeding the receipts $1,006.51.

The expenditures were as follows:

Teachers salaries, all of the Public Schools of the city	$138,091.99
Expenses of High School	4,310.92
" " Colored School	1,176.04
" " Deaf and Dumb School	41.24
" " City Superintendent's Department	2,973.54
General expenses	2,768.31
Taxes refunded	429.67
High School building	29,029.20
Outstanding warrants of year ending June 1, 1869	1,319.62

In addition to the above, warrants to the amount of $2,362.13 were outstanding, not having been presented for payment.

The report was accepted, and on the motion of Mr. Nobbs ordered to be printed with the annual report of the City Superintendent.

Mr. Mitchell asked that the number of grammar teachers in the Washington district be increased one, and the number of primary teachers be reduced one.

Mr. Harrison applied for a primary teacher for the Minersville sub-district.

On motion of Mr. Shaw the several applications for teachers were referred to the Committee on Teachers and Salaries, with power to act.

On motion of Mr. Mitchell the Secretary was instructed to issue no warrants to the teachers of any of the schools until the reports of their respective principals are on file in the office.

On motion adjourned.

THE O'HARA BOILER WORKS.

F. Rephan & Co.'s Successful and Prosperous Manufacturing Establishment.

One of the oldest establishments, and now one of the most prosperous of the city devoted to the manufacture of steam boilers, oil tanks, stills, agitators, salt pans, gasometers, settling pans, prison doors and general sheet iron works, is that known as the O'Hara Boiler Works, located at the corner of Second avenue and Liberty street. Since the enterprising and practical business firm of Messrs. F. Rephan & Co., assumed the proprietorship the trade directed towards the works has day by day grown larger, compelling the recent enlargement of the works and the introduction of much new and costly machinery to facilitate the proper execution of orders received. There was and is good reason for this new life infused into an old and always favorably known establishment. Mr. Rephan has brought into the firm a lifetime of practical mechanical knowledge of all the departments of the workshop and a practical knowledge of how to conduct the business acquired through long experience. To this was added indomitable energy and studious application to business, thus assuring the patrons of the firm that their orders would be well and faithfully executed in the best and most satisfactory style of workmanship. They manufacture only from the very best quality of materials, employ none but skilled and entirely competent mechanics in the several departments of labor, and exercise most rigid care that no piece of their workmanship, either large or trifling, leaves their establishment that will not sustain the high mechanical reputation they have gained and propose to retain. Their contracts are invariably based on reasonable prices, and no advantage is ever sought or taken over the purchaser. But recently the firm have supplied several new boats with boiler batteries, and have just placed in the new staunch tug boat James A. Wood, now at our wharf, six heavy boilers, twenty-six feet each in length and forty inches in diameter. They have sets of boilers under way for other new steamboats building. Steam heating boilers for public halls, churches, &c., they make a specialty of, and have supplied Coleman's new Opera House with a pair twenty-four feet long and forty-four inches in diameter. They also supplied the new Mercantile Library building and hall with the heating boilers, which prove eminently satisfactory in use.

In the business office of the firm will be found our esteemed and courteous friend Mr. Ernest W. Morrow, a gentleman proverbial for his affability and straight-forward and honorable dealing. He is always at his post, pleased to meet with his own friends and those of the firm, and especially with those having business orders to be filled. In conclusion, we commend Messrs. Rephan & Co. to the patronage and confidence of our friends, and hope the large share of prosperity they have hitherto enjoyed may be greatly increased, for none are more worthy and deserving.

Homes for Working Women.

It was announced in these columns some time ago that a new work was about to be commenced by a number of Christian ladies, the object being to establish a "*Boarding House for Young Working Women.*"

We now learn that the ladies have perfected their organization by electing for

President—Mrs. Rev. E. Y. Garrette.
Vice President—Miss Mary Bryan.
Treasurer—Miss Elizabeth Wade.
Secretary—Mrs. Thos. McFadden.
Managers—Mrs. Rev. Laird, Mrs. Jas. Foster, Mrs. Claney, Mrs. Ewing, Mrs. McCullough, Mrs. Dickinson, Mrs. Clapp, Mrs. Sanderson, Mrs. Sadie Campbell, Miss Kate McKnight, Miss Hattie Bryan, Miss Blackstock.

The ladies are soliciting contributions to a fund with which they propose to provide a suitable plainly furnished house as a boarding place for homeless working women where boarding will be furnished at the actual net cost, thereby providing a *help* not a *charity*; and yet the movement is actuated by a purely charitable and Christian motive, and in its practical operation is calculated to save from destitution, despair and vice a class in the community which needs just such a cheap and secure asylum as this to carry them over their time of doubt and uncertainty. Its beneficiaries will be such as are disposed to help themselves and only need timely but temporary aid until an opportunity to do so is secured. The institution will afford the advantages of a Christian home with educational privileges. About $800 have already been contributed, while $1,200 or $1,500 more is required to carry out the proposed project. We understand that the managers will call upon the people generally. We hope that those whose hearts and stores have been abundantly blessed, will aid their abundance give freely to this benevolent enterprise, and see to it that the Home for Working Women shall be added to our other eleemosynary institutions.

BUSINESS TRAINING.

How Our Young Men Are Educated and Trained for the Active Duties of Mercantile Life—Not a Theoretical but a Practical Method of Imparting Instruction.

Few Mercantile Colleges in this country deservedly occupy as high place in public estimation as the old Iron City College of Pittsburgh, on the corner of Penn avenue and Sixth street. Through long years it has prospered, continually adding to its educational facilities, daily becoming more useful and systematic in its instruction, and all the while contributing to business circles experienced and practical accountants, thorough-going merchants and manufactures. Its diploma of graduation is universally regarded in all parts of our country as unmistakable evidence of the qualifications and business knowledge and acquaintance of the person holding it, for to none is it bestowed unless earned worthily and by hard work. Years ago the Mercantile Colleges failed to afford satisfaction. They were excellent institutions, wherein a young man or young woman might acquire a sound theoretical knowledge of the science of accounts and the methods of business. But, when thrown into the selfish and exacting world the student was amazed at his profound ignorance of the practical part of business. He had to take minor position or place, and upon a theoretical foundation build up a practical mercantile education. Not so now, at least so far as the old Iron City College is concerned. Having almost a life-time of observation and experience, Messrs. Smith & Cowley have found out the deficiencies of a theoretical education, and have engrafted on the old plan a practical system which bears golden fruits. The college is made in the first place a training school, wherein book keeping, mercantile calculations, the drawing of business papers, interest, discount, shipping, etc., are taught to students. After they have acquired a sound theoretical knowledge of all that pertains to business life in this department, they graduate into full and active business life, or, in other words, discard the theoretical and enter the practical walks of business life. Here we have a large sized *town* of merchants, bankers, commission men, manufacturers and jobbers for the several hundred pupils are conducting several businesses, and all are the buyers of and sellers to each other. We recently had the pleasure of strolling among these embryotic business men and were surprised and charmed with the systematic order of things as found, and marveled at the perfection attained in this feature which is peculiar alone to the Iron City College. As we enter we find the post-office and commercial centre of business. Over this Prof. Smith, the accomplished principal, presides. When a scholar graduates from what we may call the preparatory class, he reports here, purchases his capital in the college currency, imitation green backs and script, representing one-fourth cent to the dollar, and sets himself up in business. There is a central emporium from which purchases in dry goods, groceries, etc., are made, the prices varying each day and quoted on the bulletin. Then there is a bank where notes are discounted, bills of exchange and collection issued and paid, and interest allowed on deposits. Business is conducted not as a play but as actual business, where value is either gained or lost. If in the transactions of those several hundred *houses*, all dealing with each other and intermingling commercially, there is made on any one set of books an error in balance of one cent, it is discovered next morning when all the books are examined and each set acts as a check on the other. The careless merchant is assessed in proportion to the nature of his blunder, in college currency, and the mistake is heralded to the entire college. A scratched figure, an erased entry, blotted book or mis-drawn cheque, note or draft is similarly assessed and proclaimed, for the motto is "Be sure your sins will find you out." Hence, a spirit of emulation arises and the students are scrupulously nice and exact in keeping their accounts and transacting their business, and all around the books are kept in the neatest and most correct manner imaginable. When business is finally wound up the balance in profit and loss account is made up to the student if he has conducted a profitable business, but if through error or bad judgment his business has been a losing one the loss is actual, although of course trifling. The students alternately keep merchandize stores, commission houses, banks, railroad, steamboat offices, etc., thus acquiring knowledge in all lines of trade. They give and buy notes, make out invoices, are compelled at times to get discounts on good endorsed paper and are subjected to the hardships and inconveniences as well as afforded the pleasures of an active business life on comfortable capital. A student has thus in school the experience in practical mercantile affairs that would be afforded in a first class and rigidly conducted counting room; and better too, for he has wider range of business than any one firm could offer, no matter how varied their trade might be. Penmanship is taught by Professor Alex. Cowley in his own unequaled system, and during his morning lectures all business is suspended. The students are taught a plain, neat and matter-of-fact style of penmanship, and while all write handsomely after a brief training some are masterly experts in the art.

The great advantages and high character of the Iron City College draws pupils from all parts of the land, and the attendance at all seasons is very large. The Faculty, presided over by Messrs. Smith, and Cowley, is made up of thorough accountants, and the members are courteous and polite in their dealings with the students, and exact stringently the same line of conduct from them in their dealings with each other, and relations with their instructors. To those having sons to educate and fit for active business life we heartily recommend the "Iron City Commercial College."

EAST BIRMINGHAM COUNCILS.

Regular Meeting—Street Improvements in the Borough—The New Lockup—Gas Lamps Erected—Pay of the Officers, &c., &c.

Last evening a regular monthly meeting of East Birmingham Council was held in the Walton Engine House.

At half-past seven o'clock Burgess Schultze called the meeting to order, when the following members were present: Messrs. Hahn, J. Jones, Larkins, N. Jones, and Burgess Schultze.

The minutes of preceding meeting were approved.

Mr. Jones, from the Street Committee reported the completion of the Twentieth street sewer, and the progressing in the paving of that thoroughfare and Larkins alley.

Mr. Hahn presented the report of the Police Committee showing that they had appointed Gus Wittowsky, D. Sheppard and Robert Ross were appointed as policemen at a salary of $50 each per month. He also offered a plan of the lockup, the building, if erected as designated, to cost $1,000 at least. Reports accepted. The appointment of the police was confirmed, with the proviso that the police should light the street lamps.

Mr. Larkins, of the Gas Committee, reported the erection of lamps as ordered.

The same gentleman also reported that the Market Committee had decided to secure funds by the sale of Market House bonds bearing 7-3-10 per cent. interest. Accepted.

A number of citizens were now admitted on the floor of Council to present their grievances in reference to Larkins alley. They complained that the grade of that thoroughfare between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets was altogether too high.

The Borough Regulator presented a "compromise grade" which was somewhat lower than that established. Upon motion of Mr. Jones this grade was adopted.

Warrants were ordered for the payment of a number of bills, among which was one in favor of the Regulator for $350 and the police officers for $120 65.

The street Committee reported that $288 had been expended for street improvements during the month.

Mr. Jones moved that the Street Commissioners be paid at the rate of $3 per day. Carried.

On motion, Messrs. D. Thompson, A. J. Rapp, J. Campbell, John Brown, Sr., John L. Gordin, H. Estep, and William Finch, Sr., were appointed on the commission.

A petition was received asking for a gas lamp at the corner of Seventeenth and Jane streets. Prayer of petitioners granted.

The Gas Committee was instructed to confer with that of Birmingham, and get that borough to pay one half of the cost of erecting a lamp at the corner of Seventeenth and Josephine streets, the dividing line between the corporations.

Petitions asking for gas lamps at the corner of Eighteenth street and Merriman's alley, and Nineteenth street and Larkin's alley, were referred to Gas Committee.

The Police Committee were instructed to receive proposals for the building of the proposed new lock-up, the bids to be reported to a special committee of Councils, to be called at the request of the chairman of the committee.

Mr. Larkins moved that the Fire and Gas Committees be instructed to purchase twenty-five gum coats for the use of the Walton Hose Company. Carried.

Adjourned.

THAT PETITION.

The Cess-Pool Question—More of It—The Exact Situation.

EDITORS GAZETTE: Inasmuch as there appears to be a diversity of opinion in regard to a certain petition presented to Councils a few weeks since, remonstrating against the present monopoly in granting permits for the cleaning of cess-pools, and praying that the Board of Health be instructed to remedy the cause of complaint; and knowing the GAZETTE is the recognized official organ for the city and may be relied upon—would you confer a favor upon many persons interested, by republishing the action of Councils, and also a list of the yeas and nays, omitted in your report at the time, and thus set at rest this much vexed question, at least so far as those bodies are concerned.

COUNCILMAN.

—The following is an extract from the minutes of Common Council relative to the above matter which gives the required information:

[From Minutes Common Council Sept. 26, '70.]

Mr. D. L. Fleming—A remonstrance against the present mode of giving permits to cess pool cleaners. Read and accepted.

Also, the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Board of Health be requested to grant the prayer of the petitioners and allow other parties than those using or owning steam apparatus, the privilege of cleaning cess-pools.

On the passage of the resolution the ayes and nays were called with following result:

Ayes—Messrs. Arthurs, Barton, Barker, Beymer, Bradley, Carroll, Caskey, Chalmers, Creegan, Daum, Diamond, Fedder, D. L. Fleming, John Fleming, Fulton, Jahn, Jamison, Jones, Kohne, Lyons, Mattern, Meyer, Miller, Moore, Moorhead, McCoy, McKelvey, Negley, Oliver, Sr., Pender Preston, Schleiter, Schmertz, Siebert, Slaidle, Shoeb, Sneathen, Verner and Walker—39.

Nays—Messrs. Albeitz, Black, Duff, Edwards, Gazzam, Hare, Morgan, Oliver, jun., Seitz, Sims, and President Tomlinson—11, and the resolution was read three times and passed.

H. McMASTER, Clerk.

The following explains itself:

Editors Gazette: Will you please state, for the benefit of those making inquiry, that there has up to this date been no action in Select Council on the night-soil petition, Select Council having adjourned without "finishing up" a number of papers from Common Council, that being among them.

Respectfully,
E. S. MORROW,
Clerk Select Council.

The Clerks request us to state that any citizen can at all times obtain such information as may be required relative to this or any other matter in the proceedings of councils by calling upon them.

Floral and Otherwise.

We have received from the well-known florists and nurserymen, Messrs. John R. and A. Murdock, No. 112 Smithfield street, a select list of bulbs, plants, &c., for the trade at this season of the year, which will be of interest to those who love to cherish winter flowers. The list embraces Hyacinths, of delicate hues and colors, single and double early Tulips, late Tulips, parrot Tulips, Narcissus, Polyanthus, single and double Narcissus, Crocus Plants of various hues and colors, winter blooming monthly Carnations, Bouvardias, Ixias, Lycopodiums, Ferns, Begonias, Camellias, etc. The collection is remarkably fine and must please all florally inclined. In addition to bulbs and plants, we would direct attention to the very fine collection of sweet trilling Canary Birds and cages, Fish globes and Aquariums, Rustic baskets and stands, assorted fern cases, flower pots, French importiles, Hyacinth glasses, etc., of which a large stock is carried. The firm supply exotic, fresh and delicate flowers, cut from their own conservatory, in bouquets, wreaths, baskets and crosses, for concerts, parlors, churches, weddings and funerals at reasonable prices, and have cut flowers in profusion always on hand in their store. Favor them with your orders, and our word for it you will be satisfied in your dealings with them. Orders by mail are promptly and carefully attended and executed.

THE COURTS.

United States Court—Judge McCandless.

TUESDAY, Nov. 8.—Court met at ten o'clock A. M., Judge McCandless on the bench.

In the case of the United State vs. Charles H. Elliott, on motion of T. M. Marshall, Esq., defendant was allowed to pay into court the sum of $400 and cost to await the action of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue on proposition of compromise.

In the case of the United States vs. George W. Jones, et al., the defendants were granted leave to pay into court the sum of one thousand dollars and all costs in this and other cases against them.

In the case of the United States vs. Daniel Robinson et al., the defenant had leave to pay into court the sum of $1,561.10 and all the costs to await the action of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to compromise.

The next case taken up was that of William Clark vs. Wm. Robb, an issue of bankruptcy. The jury found that the allegations set forth in the specifications filed against the bankrupt's discharge were not true.

Supreme Court—Full Bench.

TUESDAY, Nov. 8.—Court commenced at 10 o'clock, A. M.; present, Chief Justice Thompson and Justices Read, Agnew, Sharswood, and Williams.

The following business was transacted:

Cook et al vs. Mackrell. D. C. Papers filed.

Patterson's appeal. Protonotary ordered to tax costs in this case.

Jones et al vs. Wagner. Argument continued.

Tradesman's National Bank vs. Third National Bank. C. P. Argued by Col. Kerr for plaintiff in error, and Acheson contra.

Verner vs. Carson. C. P. Argued by Bruce for plaintiff in error, and Acheson contra.

Schriver & Co. vs. City of Pittsburgh. C. P. Argued by Reed and Acheson for plaintiff in error, and by Slagle contra.

City of Pittsburgh vs. Jno. S. Shaffer. D. C. Argued by Slagle for plaintiff in error, and by E. P. Jones and D. T. Watson contra.

IMPORTANT CASE.

Grading and Paving—Who Shall Pay For It.

The case of the City of Pittsburgh vs. Shaffer, argued in the Supreme Court yesterday by Mr. Slagle, City Solicitor, for the plaintiff in error and plaintiff below, and by Messrs. D. P. Watson and E. P. Jones, contra, involves a principle of more vital interest to the citizens of this city than any other case of a local character taken to that tribunal for decision.

HISTORY OF THE CASE.

Shaffer, the defendant in the case, owns property on Dinwiddie street between Rose street and Centre avenue, and in 1866 desiring to build he obtained permission from Council, by resolution, to fill up the street in front of his property to the grade established by the City Engineer. The work was done at his own expense and to the satisfaction of the city. In 1868 Councils, by ordinance, directed the City Engineer to advertise for proposals for the partial grading of Dinwiddie street, which extends from Fifth avenue to Centre avenue, and the Engineer, pursuant to his instructions, advertised, received proposals and the contract for grading the street from one terminus to the other was let. The grading was done but no work whatever was done on that portion of the street between Rose street and Centre avenue which had previously been filled up to the established grade, by Mr. Schaffer, the defendant. When the assessment was made, however, the property between Rose street and Centre avenue was assessed proportionately with other property on the street. Mr. Schaffer refused to pay the assessment and the matter was taken into the District Court on a case stated, and judgment entered for the defendant, and was then taken to the Supreme Court on a writ of error.

It was ably argued on both sides and the decision will be looked for with interest.

NEWTON'S STORY.

A Strange tale—How he lost $100—A disastrous Steamboat trip—Difficulties on the way.

Yesterday Mr. John Newton, residing in Magee street, this city, arrived home after an absence of several months. He relates in substance the following strange story of misfortune: Leaving the city some time ago he obtained employment at a place located a few miles below Wheeling. As a result of his labors he managed to stow away about $100, outside of expenses. With this sum he started home on a steamboat, the name of which cannot be recalled. During the fog night before last the boat grounded near glass house riffle, just below Allegheny and the passengers disembarked. Newton was among the first. He descended the plank and had hardly stepped on shore before he was knocked down senseless. The night was dark and the other passengers, not observing, travelled over him. How long he lay there he does not know, but when he awoke he says he found himself laying on the bank, up from the water's edge, and away from the boat. A slight investigation developed the fact that he had been robbed of his $100. His boots also were missing. He managed to find his way home, and mourns the loss of his money. We give the story as it was told us; that's all.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—It is seldom that an actor or actress has the pleasure of appearing before such an audience in Pittsburgh as was assembled at the Opera House last evening, to hear and see Mrs. Scott Siddons' rendition of Juliet, in Shakespeare's great tragedy of "Romeo and Juliet," which, were it not for the extravagance in which the author indulges in one or two particulars, might well be styled the master-piece of his productions. It is, however, those very extravagances which we discover when reading the play that makes it the more thrilling, interesting and entertaining when well personated on the stage. The character of Juliet is one of the most difficult, perhaps, of all his creations, and consequently is seldom rendered as it should be, and as Mrs. Siddons rendered it last evening. Her appreciation of the character is perfect, and her personation of it faultlessly true to what we believe to have been the author's idea. Shakespeare has in no other of his works introduced or created a character the personation of which requires the same versatility of talent, and we doubt if Juliet was ever more faithfully portrayed than by Mrs. Siddons last evening. She was ably supported throughout. Mr. Gotthold's Romeo was a masterly piece of acting; in fact, we have seen it played by men of acknowledged genius, the announcement of whose names in connection with the character is sufficient to fill the largest theatres in the Eastern cities, in a manner far inferior. Mr. Gossin, as Mercutio, evinced more than ordinary talent; and the remainder of the cast was exceedingly good. This evening "School for Scandal" will be given, with Mrs. Siddons in the leading role.

ACADEMY.—There was a large audience at the Academy last evening, to see the Weber Blondes in "Ixion, or the Man at the Wheel," one of the most amusing burlesques imaginable. To say that it was well rendered would only be to repeat what every one who seen the Weber Troupe knows. This evening "Pluto will be given."

VARIETIES.—The entertainment at the Varieties last night was an exceedingly enjoyable affair. Mr. Aimes gives not only the best variety entertainment in this city, but in the country, and for less money. The attractions are innumerable and exceedingly brilliant.

Wax Works.

Every body knows about Mrs. Jarley's Wax Works in that inimitable Old Curiosity Shop of the great magician who has gone on. But every one has not heard of the reproductions in tableaux vivants of the idea of Dickens, which has during the past two winters delighted and amused the good people of Washington, Baltimore and Philadelphia. The wax works in these instances were personated by the leading young people of the vicinity, while the part of Mrs. Jarley was taken by Miss Harley, of Washington, a young lady who has only been induced to exhibit in public her wonderful powers of humor and sense of the ridiculous, by her charitable feelings, and she has made, we believe, a rule that she will never perform excepting for some charitable purpose, and that one-half the profits of each exhibition shall be applied to the object which she herself may name. Her success heretofore has been unbounded, and she is constantly deluged with applications for her good offices, so that she is so often forced to decline, that we consider Pittsburgh fortunate in having secured her for the latter part of the present month, when she expects to visit some friends here and will give one exhibition, under the auspices of Calvary Church, East Liberty. Already the note of preparation has been sounded, and dozens of the best known of our young ladies and gentlemen are being enrolled in the list of "wax figgers." The exhibition will undoubtedly be one of the richest, rarest and most enjoyable ever presented in our city.

Handsome Lamps.

The new lamps put up in front of the main entrance to Library Hall, on Penn street, are the finest specimens of manufacture in that line of which our city can boast. Each post is of bronzed iron, standing as high as the ordinary class. Around the base and extending upwards are two wide bands winding around and crossing each other, similar to two regalias worn reversely. Upon one of the bands is inscribed "Mercantile Library." At the top of this ornamentation is an open book, with "1870" heading the page. The post is further ornamented at the top by a sort of cornice work, which is surmounted by the lamp—octagonal in shape and containing six burners instead of one. These burners extend out several inches from the main pipe, and when lit up throw a powerful radiance for a much greater distance than the ordinary lamps. The frame of the lamp is elegantly carved in a new and elegant pattern. The whole is crowned with a spread eagle, which completes the work. As works of art as well as a public convenience, the lamps are the best we have ever seen. They were manufactured in Philadelphia. The Library Hall Managers even in so small a matter have exhibited the same taste and appreciation of the beautiful which has characterized their whole arrangement of the building, and makes it one of the finest in the country.

Bankruptcy Sales.

This remarkable sale of which we have frequently spoken before, as conducted by N. Whiting, Auctioneer, at No. 61 Wood street, still continues. We attempted yesterday to see again, for ourselves, how it was progressing, and after a half hour's hard work and close squeezing we succeeded in getting into the middle of the eager crowd of purchasers. Much of this crowd was made up of ladies, whose external drapery was sadly damaged by their efforts to get near enough to the goods to examine them; while we stood in the midst, a dozen patterns of pure silk poplin of as many colors and tints, very fine and beautiful, were sold to the pleased ladies for $19 to $12 each—worth at least $20. A variety of other articles, such as hose, half-hose, table cloths, cloths, cassimeres, ladies' and gents' underwear, blankets, etc., etc., were in rapid succession knocked down at extremely low figures. We were quite surprised that goods were allowed to go off at the bids, sometimes ridiculously low, but there was no reserve; a bid was in every instance followed by a sale and delivery. We learn that the sales up to Saturday night had aggregated $83,000. The stock is of course reduced to that extent, but a heavy balance remains for the regular sales this week. Attend to it readers—make hay while the sun shines.

Four Months.

William Woods, a notorious thief, was provided with quarters at the expense of the county for the winter. He was on a drunk Monday and attempted to robb the cash drawer of the Manchester railway company, but was detected before he accomplished the job; he was arrested by officer Tetley, who conducted him to the lock-up. Woods was very disorderly and resisted the officer with all his force. At the hearing yesterday morning the Mayor imposed a fine of $50, and in default of payment he was committed for four months to the Work House.

After the hearing he made a proposition to some of the officers that if they would help him out of the scrape he would turn up a large amount of stolen goods. He referred them to a shoe store in Allegheny, which he stated had been robbed, and said he knew where the "swag" was secreted. The officers visited the store and saw the proprietor, who informed them that his place had not been robbed, that he knew of, and the fellow was taken to his winter quarters.

As you pass up Fifth avenue to-day drop in at the Continental. You can get a nice dish of oysters there on a moment's notice.

ALLEGHENY GAS EXPLOSION.

Further Investigations—A Leak in the Main Pipe—Excitement in the Neighborhood.

The circumstances attending the explosion of gas at 324 Beaver Avenue, Allegheny, on Saturday, were of such a character as to warrant a further investigation of the matter. It was asserted by some that the explosion occured from a leak in the meter; an examination proved this theory to be incorrect, and then it was stated that the gas generated from a kerosene lamp had been the cause. This theory was just within a bare possibility but it was exceedingly improbable and gained little credence. Fire Marshal Butler at last took it in hands and has developed the true cause. It seems that the ground in the vicinity is "made ground" and that in it the gas pipes were laid. Subsequently the ground sunk to such an extent that the joints of the pipes were twisted, and the gas escaped. Thus escaping it permeated the entire neighborhood and reached the cellars adjacent. From this gas originated the explosion of Saturday. Since the investigation was made and the result announced there has been much excitement in the vicinity and many people have quit using the gas for fear of explosion, though this would hardly help matters, unless all fire was kept away from the premises. The pipes will be taken up and the leaks stopped as soon as possible.

A year or so ago a similar accident occurred in Allegheny from a similar cause, resulting in the almost complete destruction of the residence of Mr. Bradley and the death of a little child, the circumstances of which are still in the remembrance of our readers.

REPEATING.

Two Men Vote on One Naturalization Paper—A Prosecution.

"Repeating" at elections is said to be a favorite game in New York, but we have no knowledge of just such a case as is brought to light in North Union township, Fayette county.

District Attorney Swoope filed an information in the United States District Court yesterday, charging Patrick O'Flaherty and another person unknown, with illegal voting at the October election in North Union township, Fayette county. It is alleged that O'Flaherty voted upon naturalization papers issued in his name, and afterward another man whose name is unknown, presented himself, and was permitted to vote on the O'Flaherty papers. A process was awarded, and made returnable forthwith.

The election officers were of course honest men, but they must have been extremely ignorant to permit two men to vote on the same paper. They have a queer way of doing things some places as well as others.

The Singer Attachments.

The new Family Singer, the most perfect in use, is provided with the following attachments: The Corder, adapted to all kinds of cording; the Tucker, which will make any width of tuck; the Quilter, which acts as a guide in quilting; the Adjustable Binder, for folding on and stitching any kind of width of binding on the edges of garments; the Trimmer, for guiding and stitching on braid, velvet or ribbon, without basting; and the Embroiderer, which executes a variety of real embroidery. Call at the Agency, No. 20 Sixth street, or send for a circular. Straw & Morton, agents.

Balance of Stock Arrived.

The widow of Mr. J. A. Tobias arrived here yesterday with the balance of the large and extensive stock of clothing which was imported and manufactured by J. A. Tobias, deceased, consisting of the finest brands of imported cloths and cas meres; also, agent for King William and Crown Prince suits. Mrs. J. A. Tobias, on account of declining health, wishes to return to England to reside with her brothers-in-law, the celebrated English watchmakers, Tobias & Co. The goods are open to public inspection. This is a rare chance to buy bargains, 13 St. Clair street.

N. B.—Storekeepers are invited to examine this large and extensive stock of clothing. tf

Large peremptory public sale of building lots in Allegheny. Tremont street is at present monopolizing the attention of real estate buyers. Another large sale of lots takes place by order of the Fort Wayne road tomorrow (Thursday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock. In looking around we really cannot see a more attractive place for profitable investment than Tremont street. See Advertisement on fourth page by A. Leggate, Auctioneer.

Go to Urling, Follansbee & Co.'s and buy your clothing, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street. You cannot fail to be satisfied.

The Proposed Armistice in France between the contending hosts is but the precursor of peace, and with the ratification of peace, travel to the Continent from our shores will be resumed in larger measure, probably than ever before. To such as look forward to a trip it is but necessary to hint that Liebler is prepared to supply them with trunks and traveling appurtenances from No. 110 Wood street. They will go nowhere else to make their purchases.

Miner's Book House is still the centre of attraction to book buyers, especially at the evening auction sales. Fine bargains are offered of light literature, bound and in paper covers, in fact at prices unprecedented. Many of these publications are by favorite authors. The stock is still full and affords ample opportunity to make good selections.

Fancy Dress Goods, gloves, notions, hosiery ladies underwear, knit goods for the winter season, shawls, skirts, ribbons, feather and flowers, at the fashionable emporium of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street. All the styles and goods for the season. Ladies call there in making your purchases.

At the cash clothing store of Urling, Follansbee & Co.'s, corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue, you can buy to best advantage.

The place to go for confectionery, is the elegant saloon of Youngson & Co., corner Diamond aney and Smithfield street. Youngson makes a specialty of preparing suppers for banquets, balls, parties, &c., and on all occasions guarantees satisfaction in this difficult line. Give the establishment a call.

Holtzheimer understands how to manage a restaurant—the success which has attended the Continental is an evidence of this fact. Drop in there and test his skill in catering to the taste and wants of a hungry man.

Best Fits, best goods at Urling, Follansbee & Co.'s one price cash store, corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue.

Save time by dining at the Continental. You will find it much more convenient than going out home. The Continental is on Fifth avenue, just below the postoffice.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The rainy season has set in on the Pacific coast.

—The steamers Thuringia, Nevada and Europa, from Europe, arrived at New York yesterday.

—Judge Cox, of the Cincinnati Common Pleas Court, yesterday granted a divorce to a woman who had married her own uncle.

—Fred. Biebusch, a notorious counterfeiter, who jumped his bond at St. Louis a few days ago, was caught Monday night in the upper part of the city, where he had been concealed.

—Dr. S. G. Menzies, former inspector of tobacco at Cincinnati, was recently indicted by the United States Grand Jury on a charge of accepting bribes. The doctor has given bonds for his appearance.

—The machine shop of the new water reservoir, at St. Louis, was burned on Monday night. Loss on machinery, which was owned by Knapp & Co., of the Fort Pitt Iron Works, Pittsburgh, $30,000. No insurance.

—The Ohio State Board of Equalization permanently organized yesterday by electing Wm. S. Grosbeck as President, Auditor Goodman as Secretary, B. J. Loomis as Assistant Secretary and Bottsford as Sergeant-at-Arms. The Board then adjourned till the second Tuesday in December.

WORK is about to be commenced on the St. Johns and Indian River canal in Florida. The engineer on the enterprise, Mr. Flanigan, of New York, has arrived in Jacksonville, and is preparing the work for the dredge-boats. It is thought the canal will be completed in eighteen months, so that a steamer drawing four feet of water can run from the dock in Jacksonville to any point on Indian river.

MASTER GUSSIE OMELER, a ten year old Nimrod, while hunting near Savannah the other day, spied what he thought to be a noble piece of game, and, drawing a bead, brought down a magnificent eagle, which measured thirty-two inches from the beak to the tip of the tail and six feet ten inches between the tips of the wings.

THE Georgia Legislature granted State aid to the Macon and Knoxville Railroad to the amount of $15,000 per mile, and it is thought work will be commenced immediately. The enterprise is intended as a continuation of the Cincinnati Great Southern Railroad, and is a very important work.

MARRIED:

OLIVER—SHIELDS—On Tuesday evening, November 8th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. Mr. Van Cleve, JAMES B. OLIVER, of Pittsburgh, and AMELIA N., daughter of Thomas L. Shields, of Edgeworth.

DIED:

CHALFANT—On Tuesday morning, November 8th, 1870, WILLIE, only son of George A. and Margaret J. Chalfant, aged 14 months.

Funeral from the residence of his grandmother, Mrs. Henry Chalfant, in Wilkins township, TO-DAY at 11 o'clock A. M.

PEARSON—On Tuesday, Nov. 8th, WILLIAM WALLACE, son of John and Mary Pearson, aged 18 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON at 3½ o'clock, from his parents' residence, No. 8 Patterson's alley, near Rebecca street, Allegheny City.

MARX—On Tuesday morning, at 2 o'clock, HENRY MARX aged 54 years.

His funeral will proceed from 172 First avenue, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

CLARK—On Monday evening, November 7th at half past eleven o'clock, MAGGIE G. CLARK, only daughter of John and the late Lizzie Clark, aged 2 years and 6 months.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY at 10 o'clock, from her her father's residence, 94 Federal street, Allegheny City.

WILLIAM J. DICK & CO., UNDERTAKERS, 118 GRANT STREET. Every variety of Coffins constantly on hand, and every description of funeral furnishing goods at lower prices than they can be had elsewhere. The best carriages and hearses in the cities furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co., Patent Metallic Burial Cases.

WASHINGTON, PA.

(Correspondence Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, PA., Nov 7, 1870.

We are trying to patiently await the coming of the Chartiers Railroad. Hope deferred maketh the heart sick. We are beginning to realize the meaning of this. And must we go to Pittsburgh another winter in those miserable old coaches? The very thought is terrible. For our comfort we are confidently assured that the railroad will be completed to Canonsburg by the middle of winter. Good news, and we sincerely hope it may prove true.

We had a rare treat here last week; two lectures by Mrs. Dr. Haggart, of Indiana. The subject of the one, "Woman's True Culture," of the other, "Let there be Light, or Woman's Suffrage." This lady acquitted herself grandly. We have never had the pleasure of listening to a finer orator. On the platform she is the perfection of grace. Her attitudes and gestures are faultless. With a fine voice well modulated and under perfect control, and with an articulation singularly distinct, she completely charms her auditory. In comparison with Anna Dickinson, she will suffer in no respect. She has had but two year's experience, and this rather limited, in lecturing. She will render entire satisfaction to any audience: she will do more, she will perfectly delight them. We speak advisedly.

The Young Men's Christian Association of our place will furnish us with a course of seven lectures this winter. We are anticipating great pleasure and profit.

A nice affair—V. Harding, the superintendent of the M. E. Sunday School, had a sociable at his house last evening, for all the officers and teachers of the school, numbering about forty. It was hugely enjoyed. Well it might be.

AMICUS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE PITTSBURGH & CONNELLSVILLE R.R. Co.,
PITTSBURGH, October 14, 1870.

☞ **NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.**—Notice is hereby given that the stock transfer books of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company will be closed November 1st next, and so remain until after the annual meeting of stockholders, on the first Monday, 5th day of December next.

JOHN H. PAGE, JR.,
Secretary and Treasurer.
oc17:f3l-MWF

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA.,
PITTSBURGH, November 2d, 1870.

☞ **NOTICE TO ASSESSORS**—

The Assessors Duplicates for the Triennial Assessment for A. D. 1871 are now ready for distribution at the office of the County Commissioners.

Assessors will please call immediately and get their books, as they will be required to return them on or before the first day of January next. By order of County Commissioners,

W. H. McCLEARY, Clerk.
no3:g53

☞ **PUBLIC NOTICE.**—Having been appointed GAS and GAS METER INSPECTOR for Allegheny county, notice is hereby given that until the necessary office and Mechanical Testing Machinery can be provided, I will be found at the OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL FOUNDRY AND PIPE WORKS, Twenty-third street, near Penn, Pittsburgh.

S. H. SMITH,
fe23:n18 Gas and Gas Meter Inspector.

☞ **BOUNTY.**

$100 Bounty Collected

For all soldiers who enlisted between May 4th and July 22d, 1861, who were discharged for disability before serving two years, and who have heretofore received no bounty.

The undersigned has removed his office to GAZETTE Building, corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and is now prepared to collect claims speedily and at moderate rates. Call on, or address, with stamp.

B. F. BROWN,
Claim Agent, GAZETTE Building
Corner Sixth avenue and Smithfield street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

P. McARDLE,
Fashionable
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Keeps constantly on hand CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS; also, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

No. 93 1-2 Smithfield St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Gent's Clothing made to order in the latest styles. ap19

NEW FALL GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

Cloths, Cassimeres, &c.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER,
Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

EDUCATIONAL.

Iron City College,

Cor. Penn and Sixth Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

The most popular and successful Business College in the United States.

An Institution for the thorough, practical education of young and middle-aged men, with advantages possessed by no other school in the country. Students can enter at any time. No class system. Each Student receives individual instruction.

For Circulars giving full particulars, call at the College, or address the Principals.

SMITH & COWLEY.

P. S.—The School is always open to the inspection of visitors, who are cordially invited to call and examine our system of practical actual business training.

S. & C.

NEW GOODS
Now Ready!

Hats, Bonnets,
Ribbons,
Feathers,
Flowers,

And all the Latest Styles in

LACE GOODS, JEWELRY, &c.,
At Bottom Prices,
AT
Mrs. S. C. ROBB'S,
No. 91 Federal St., Allegheny.

$50.00 REWARD!

The Park Commission of the City of Allegheny offer the above reward for the arrest and conviction, or information leading thereto, of the person or persons perpetrating the vandalism on West Park on the night of the 29th ult., whereby the metallic cup of the "BOY FOUNTAIN" was broken, the Humboldt Memorial and the surroundings defiled, and the plants and flowers plucked up by the roots. The Commission regard it as due to themselves as well as the community, that no efforts be spared in bringing the scoundrels to justice, and with that object in view the co-operation of all good citizens is invoked, and the above reward offered. By order of Commissioners,

J. R. OXLEY, Secretary.
no8:g54

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing Frank Ardary to Erect an Iron-clad.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That Frank Ardary be and he is hereby authorized to erect an iron-clad blacksmith shop at corner Fourt enth street and Liberty avenue.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no8

A. H. English & Co.,
98 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Publishers of OSGOOD'S PROGRESSIVE SERIES OF SCHOOL BOOKS, including Osgood's Reader and Speller, Dean's Arithmetic, Burtt's Grammars, and Cowley's System of Penmanship.

☞ All orders by mail promptly filled. no7:g58

Eclipse Coal Hod.

I am now prepared to furnish dealers with any number of my new improved patented Coal Hod at very low rates. All orders should be sent to the patentee, FRANK L. BLAIR, 232 Beaver street, Allegheny City, or apply to J. DUNLAP, Pittsburgh.

RUBBER TUBING.

All sizes of India Rubber Tubing, constantly on hand, at

J. & H. PHILLIPS,
Agents for this city.

EDWARD HERLINE .... HOWARD B. HAMILTON
HERLINE & CO.,
LITHOGRAPHERS, ENGRAVERS and PRINTERS, No. 321 CHESTNUT STREET, entrance 30 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.

☞ Special attention given to Checks, Drafts and Bank Lithography.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

FISHER'S DOUBLE EXTRA NEW BUCK WHEAT put up in small sacks for family use; also, new kiln dried CORN MEAL in sacks.

For sale by JNO. A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CHEAP
STOVES AND TINWARE,
FENDERS,
COAL BOXES,
FIRE IRONS, &c., &c.
P. C. DUFFY'S,
146 Grant street.

FIRE IRONS. FIRE IRONS.—Now is the season for purchasing the above articles. I have as fine an assortment of Fire Irons and Stands as any house in the city, and invite my customers to call and examine before purchasing. Some of the above goods are very fine and will be sold low at

JAMES BOWN'S,
136 Wood Street.

NITRATE SODA.—200 bags in store and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
141 First avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ROSE'S
Mosquito Tapers.

These Tapers, in burning give off a very pleasant odor, that although perfectly harmless to the human family, is extremely repulsive to the Mosquito, so much so that they will leave any apartment that is pervaded by its fumes.

FOR SALE
BY ALL DRUGGISTS
AT
25 Cents Per Box.

RAZORS, SCISSORS,
AND ALL KINDS OF CUTLERY.

Ground and Repaired in the best manner. Also STAMPS, BRANDS and CANCELLING BRAND made and repaired at

JAMES BOWN'S, 136 Wood street.

$100,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES SECURED BY REAL ESTATE, in large or small sums. Apply to Lock Box 39, Pittsburgh P. O.

DIVIDENDS.

OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY GAS CO.,
ALLEGHENY, Nov. 7, 1870.

☞ **DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share, payable on and after the 15th inst.

J. S. DAVIDSON,
Treasurer.
no8:g89

☞ **GERMAN NATIONAL BANK** OF PITTSBURGH.—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of SIX PER CENT. on the capital stock out of the profits of the last six months, payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 10th inst. free of all taxes.

JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5, 1870. no7:g85

THIRD NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 5, 1870.

☞ **THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 12th inst. free of all taxes.

J. R. LIVINGSTON,
Cashier.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
PITTSBURGH, PA., November 1, 1870.

☞ **DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of

FIVE PER CENT.

payable on and after the 9th inst.

B. K. WILSON, Cashier.
nov2:g26

EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, November 1, 1870.

☞ **THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Bank have declared a dividend of (5) FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, free of tax, payable on and after the 11th inst.

A. LONG,
Cashier.
no2:g17

☞ **DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of the LAWRENCE SAVINGS BANK have declared a dividend of FOUR (4) PER CENT, payable forthwith.

W. W. YOUNG.
no5:g50

BANK OF PITTSBURGH,
November 1, 1870.

☞ **THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS OF THE BANK** have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on its Capital Stock out of the profits of the last six months, which will be paid to stockholders or their legal representatives after the 11th inst. free of Government, State and local taxes.

W. ROSEBURG, Cashier.
oc2:w

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH INSURANCE CO.,
PITTSBURGH, November 2, 1870.

☞ **DIVIDEND.**—The Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of FIVE DOLLARS per share, payable on demand, free from all tax.

D. C. HULTZ, Secretary.

IRON CITY NATIONAL BANK,
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1, 1870.

☞ **THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have this day declared a dividend of

SIX PER CENT.

on the cash stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable, free of U. S. tax, to stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after the 11th inst.

J. MAGOFFIN,
Cashier.
nov2:g19

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE—Establishing the Grade of 47th street, from the Allegheny Valley Railroad to Butler street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the grade of 47th street be and the same is hereby established a uniform width of 0.833 feet per 100 feet from the Allegheny Valley Railroad to Centre street; thence across Centre street a rise of 2 feet per 100 feet; thence a rise of 5.686 feet per 100 feet to Butler street, in accordance with plan in the City Engineer's Office.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Common Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the opening of Smallman street, from 31st street to 33d street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Smallman street, from 31st street to 33d street, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby. Samuel McKee, Wm. Hammond and James B. Hill are hereby appointed, in accordance with an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this be and the same are hereby repealed so far as the same affect this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the opening of Frank street, from Hazlewood avenue to Hazlewood avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to survey and open Frank street, from Hazlewood avenue to Hazlewood avenue, and to appraise damages and assess benefits caused thereby. John Kircher, Wm. Barker, C. Ohlenhousen, are hereby appointed in accordance with an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Webster avenue, from Arthurs street to Roberts street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading paving and curbing of Webster avenue, from Arthurs street to Roberts street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an Act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of 23d street, from Penn street to Liberty street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading, paving and curbing of 23d street, from Penn street to Liberty street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of Erin street, from Bedford avenue to Centre Avenue.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading of Erin street, from Bedford avenue to Centre avenue, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem. Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Constructing a Public Sewer on 17th street, Pike street and 16th street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the construction of a Public Sewer on 17th street, from the Allegheny River to Penn avenue, and on Pike street, from 17th street to 16th street, and thence up 16th street to Mulberry alley; and to let the same in accordance with Acts of Assembly and Ordinances of the city providing therefor, and to assess the costs of the same on property benefitted thereby [illegible], are hereby appointed.

SEC. 2. That any Ordinance, or part of Ordinance conflicting with the passage of this Ordinance at the present time be, and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this Ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law, in Councils, this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of Shingiss street from Old avenue to Eagle street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the grading of Shingiss street, from Old avenue to Eagle street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an Ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or parts of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading, Paving and Curbing of 37th street, from Butler street to Penn avenue.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading, Paving, and Curbing of 37th street, from Butler street to Penn avenue, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE—Authorizing the Grading of Boyd street, from Forbes street to Locust street.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for grading of Boyd street, from Forbes street to Locust street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning Streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also an act concerning Streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils this 31st day of October, A. D. 1870.

A. H. GROSS,
President pro tem of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. no9

AUCTION SALES.

BUILDING LOTS!
BUILDING LOTS!
BUILDING LOTS!
ON
Fremont St., Allegheny.
Fremont St., Allegheny.
Fremont St., Allegheny.
POSITIVE SALE
For P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

On THURSDAY, November 10th, at 2 o'clock, will be sold on the premises without reserve, the balance of the P., Ft. W. and C. R. W. Co's vacant lots on Fremont street, consisting of 5 lots, each 22x160 feet, 1 lot 22½x160 feet, and 13 lots each 20x160 feet. There is a 22 feet alley in rear of all these lots. They all have an eastern front, being on the west side of Fremont street, between Franklin street and Washington avenue.

TERMS—One-fourth cash; balance in three equal annual payments, with interest. A deposit of one Hundred Dollars required at time of sale.

Public opinion is now sufficiently convinced that Fremont street is one of the most desirable for building, and that these sales present more solid attractions to real estate buyers than any during this year.

Large purchases have lately taken place on this street, and the character of the buyers is such as to give confidence that intended improvements will be good. A better opportunity to buy for personal use or investment will not be found for many a day.

☞ The sale being peremptory, this is the last chance.

A. LEGGATE,
n08 AUCTIONEER.

FREE
RAILROAD EXCURSION
To the Great Sale of
251 EXTRA LARGE LOTS,
At Verner's on Allegheny Valley Railroad,

ONLY 2½ MILES FROM CITY LINE AND LOCATION FOR A. V. R. MACHINE SHOPS.

MONDAY MORNING, November 14th, at 10½ o'clock precisely, will start from Union Depot, Pittsburgh, a comfortable and commodious train of cars, furnished by the Allegheny Valley Railroad, to convey FREE, all ladies and gentlemen to and from the above Great auction sale of Lots. The sale will commence on the premises immediately on the arrival of the excursion train. No boys or children admitted on the train.

The selection of this convenient and beautiful site for immediate location of the extensive machine shops of the Allegheny Valley Railroad, steadily employing a very large force of mechanics and laborers, whose accommodation for their families requires

A New Town,

will at once secure to it a large and prosperous population, with rapid and permanent improvements on these grounds, so beautifully adapted for comfortable homes. The entire plan of lots is is really laid out, with very wide avenues and streets. A large number of the lots are sufficient to form a half acre each, extending from street to street, and no lot less than 50 by 150 feet.

A DOUBLE TRACK is now being laid by the Valley Road to BEYOND VERNER, which will ensure reliable

Accommodation Trains,

and bring this lovely suburban spot in easy and constant connection with our city business centre. In healthfulness and beauty of situation, extreme choiceness of grounds, and abundance of fine springs and pleasant shades, This property is not surpassed in the county.

Terms of sale, one fourth cash, balance in one, two and three years, with interest. $20 of the cash payment to be made on each lot at time of sale.

A. M'ILWAINE, Auctioneer.
no8:g56

Valuable City Property
AT AUCTION.

The valuable BANKING HOUSE and LOT, No. 35 Fifth avenue, belonging to the "Pittsburgh and Boston Mining Company," will be offered at Public Sale at the sales Rooms of Alexander McIlwaine, No. 106 Smithfield street, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of November next, at 8 o'clock P. M. The lot is 25 feet front by 140 feet in depth, and the building one of the most substantial and convenient in the city. The lower story was constructed expressly for a Banking Room and contains two excellent vaults. The three upper stories being conveniently arranged for offices with large fire proof vaults in the second story.

Also, will be offered for sale at 10½ o'clock in the morning of the 15th day of November next, on the premises that valuable piece of property between Braddock street and the Monongahela River, adjoining the Copper Rolling Mill of C. G. Hussey & Co. Said property has a front on Water street of 177 feet, and on Braddock street of 230 feet, containing an area of one acre seventy-two and a half perches, on which is erected One Brick Copper Smelting House 104 by 60 feet, containing two reverberatory furnaces; one Brick Building 50 feet by 40 feet, containing one engine and boiler, two blast cylinders and one cupola furnace. Also, three Dwelling Houses, one of which is brick, and all in good order. The front on Water street to include the right of the parties to low water line in the Monongahela River.

The foregoing property is offered for sale by order of the Stockholders of the "Pittsburgh and Boston Mining Co." with a view to the liquidation of the affairs of said Company.

Plans of the property may be seen and terms of sale ascertained on application to

THOS. M. HOWE, Trustee.
PITTSBURGH, Nov. 1st, 1870. no1

AUCTION! AUCTION!

N. Whiting & Co., Auctioneers.

Bankruptcy. Important to the Trade and Public. Great Bankrupt Sale of

DRY GOODS,

At No. 61 Wood street, under Lafayette Hall, commencing on FRIDAY, October 7th, 1870.

A large consignment of Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods, consisting of West of England and Yorkshire broad and narrow Woolen Cloths, Corduroy, Fancy Tweeds, Vestings, Cloakings, &c. Also, British and Foreign manufactured Shawls and Dresses, in Silk, Satin, Poplin, Brocades, Merinos, Berages, Stuffs, etc., together with a large stock of Flannels, Blankets, Carpetings, House Rugs, Table Covers, Hosiery, Prints, Muslins, and a variety of other Goods too numerous to mention.

Sale to continue from day to day until the entire stock is disposed of, the whole being sold without reserve, in lots to suit, for cash.

Sale will commence at 10 A. M. and 2 and 7:30 P. M. no5:tf

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

R. & W. JENKINSON,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Tobacco and Cigars,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
(Third door from Suspension Bridge,)
ALLEGHENY, PA.
AGENTS FOR
Louisville Tobaccos.

C. D. ARNSTHAL. ...... L. G. ARNSTHAL.
ARNSTHAL & SON,
Virginia and Louisville
Tobacco Agency,
SEGARS
Fine Cut Chewing and Smoking Tobaccos,
73 SMITHFIELD STREET Pittsburgh.
my17

A PROCLAMATION.—City of Pittsburgh ss.

I, JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor of the city of Pittsburgh, do issue this my proclamation, that on the FIRST TUESDAY in December A. D., 1870, being the six day of the month, the freemen of said city qualified to vote for members of the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth, will meet at their several places of holding the elections in their respective wards and elect by ballot the following members of Select and Common Council:

The electors of the First ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Second ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and four members of Common Council.

The electors of the Third ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Plumbing Shop of Addy & Williams, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Fourth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Fifth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Sixth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House on Ann street, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and four members of Common Council.

The electors of the Seventh ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Eighth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the house of Henry Wilson, corner of Franklin and Fulton streets, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Ninth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Tenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Lamb Tavern, corner of Penn and Sixteenth streets, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Eleventh ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Twelfth ward of the city of Pittsburgh, First precinct, to meet at the Public School House, corner of Twenty-fifth and Smallman streets; Second precinct at the Public School House on Smallman street, near Thirtieth, and elect one member of Select Council and five members of Common Council.

The electors of the Thirteenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Fourteenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and four members of Common Council.

The electors of the Fifteenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and four members of Common Council.

The electors of the Sixteenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at James Dougan's feed store, on Greensburg pike, near Allen street, in said ward, and elect one member of Select and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Seventeenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and three members of Common Council.

The electors of the Eighteenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Public School House in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Nineteenth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Highland School House in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Twentieth ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the office of Moreland & Hitchcock in said ward and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Twenty-first ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Lincoln School House in said ward; Second precinct to meet at the River Side School House, on Negley's Run Road, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Twenty-second ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the Irwin School House, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

The electors of the Twenty third ward of the city of Pittsburgh to meet at the [illegible] School House, in said ward, and elect one member of Select Council and two members of Common Council.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the city of Pittsburgh this seventh day of November, A. D. 1870.

JARED M. BRUSH, Mayor.
no8:g75

SODA ASH.
100 casks Comm [illegible].
50 casks Refined.
For sale by J. B. CANFIELD,
no1 141 First avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ OPERA HOUSE.
Lessees and Managers ... HENDERSON & CANNING

Last night but three of the brilliant engagement of the beautiful English actress,

Mrs. Scott Siddons,

Who has been greeted by crowned and fashionable audiences.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, November 9, 1870.
Sheridan's great five act Comedy of the
SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL.
Lady Teazel .... Mrs. Scott Siddons.
Thursday Evening—THE HUNCHBACK.
Mrs. Scott Siddons' Matinee on Saturday.

☞ ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
LIBERTY STREET.
V. E. BEAMER .... Lessee and Manager.
Re-engagement for positively only Six Nights and One Matinee, with the celebrated
LISA WEBER BURLESQUE TROUPE.
Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 9 and 10
PLUTO.
Friday—First benefit of LISA WEBER.
LURLINE.
Saturday Matinee and Evening—LURLINE.

☞ SATURDAY EVENING NEXT, Nov. 12th.

MADAME RENTZ'S
Great Original Female Minstrels.

The best in the World!!! Twenty five Performers! Every Artist a Star! Will appear at MASONIC HALL, five nights commencing SATURDAY EVENING, Nov. 12th, 1870.

Remember, SATURDAY EVENING, November 12th, is the Grand Opening Night. Look out for full particulars. no8

☞ TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATRE. FRED. AIMS .... Manager.
Four Great Troupes To-night! All at one cheap admission! 1. Delehanty, Hengler & Bloodgood's Mammoth Combination of Artists! 2. Professor Kisley's Star Troupe—Miss Emma Alford, Mr. Sidney Franks, M'lle Rosetta, Female Gymnasts and other Stars! 3. The Dancing Blonde Sensation Troupe! 4. The Great Varieties Troupe! Two Orchestras and Two Brass Bands.

☞ MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings,
NOVEMBER 10th, 11th and 12th, 1870.

THE GREAT REPUBLIC
ALLEGORY AND TABLEAUX!
Will be given by the Pupils of the
PITTSBURGH HIGH SCHOOL,

Assisted by others, for the benefit of the school.

MISS F. A. HAGER, Pianiste.

A splendid Steinway Concert Grand Piano furnished by H. Kleber & Bro. will be used.

Admission, 50c. Reserved seats, 75c. For sale at H. Kleber & Bro.'s Music Store, No. 112 Wood street, on Saturday morning, Nov. 5th. Doors open at 7 o'clock, commencing at 8 o'clock.

MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON, November 12, 1870. Children, 25c; adults, 50c. Doors open at 1 o'clock. Commence at 2 o'clock.

nov3:g35

☞ THE GREATEST NOVELTY OF THE SEASON.

MISS ADA TESMAN'S
FEMALE MINSTRELS AND OLIO TROUPE.

The Latest Sensation. FEMALE MINSTRELS at Masonic Hall, MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, November 7th and 8th. The strongest combination ever organized as a Company. TWENTY-FIVE first class Artists, accompanied by a FULL BRASS BAND and ORCHESTRA. Admission 50c; reserved seats 75c. no4:g28

☞ ST. BRIDGET'S
FAIR,
ELEVENTH WARD.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
no6:g33

☞ POINT CHAPEL.
GRAND FAIR.
OPEN THIS EVENING.
For the benefit of St. Mary's Church. oc27

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH November 8, 1870.

NOTICE.—The assessment for grading, Paving and Curbing 41ST STREET from Fifth avenue to Bluff street, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, November 15, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
no8 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Nov. 4, 1870.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of Manhattan street, from Sheffield street to Washington avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, November 14, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the collection of same.

CHARLES DAVIS,
no5:g55 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY, Nov. 21, 1870.

NOTICE.—The assessment for the grading, paving and curbing of JEFFERSON STREET, from Beaver street to Shields' alley, is now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until SATURDAY, November 12th, 1870, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHARLES DAVIS,
nov2:g25 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY, October 27, 1870.

NOTICE.—The assessments for the grading, paving and curbing of ADAMS STREET, from Fulton street to Beaver avenue; also, the grading, paving and curbing of PATTERSON ALLEY from Rebecca street to Smith's line, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, November 7th, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHARLES DAVIS,
oc27:f93 City Engineer.

OPENING OF CLARK STREET, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of CLARK STREET, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF ROSE STREET, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of ROSE STREET, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF LANG AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of LANG AVENUE, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, cost and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF REBECCA STREET, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of REBECCA STREET, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF HERRON AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of HERRON AVENUE, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF ELLSWORTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of ELLSWORTH AVENUE, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF AMBERSON AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of AMBERSON AVENUE, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF MAIN STREET, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of CLARK STREET, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

OPENING OF FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.—NOTICE.—The assessments made by the Viewers in the opening of FIFTH AVENUE, are now in my hands for collection. All persons on whom assessments were made, are required to pay the same within thirty days from this date, or liens will be filed for the same, with interest, costs and fees.

J. F. SLAGLE, City Attorney.
PITTSBURGH, Oct. 13, 1870. oc15

LEGAL.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of fiere facias issued out of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to Public Sale, at the CUSTOM HOUSE, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the

10th day of November, 1870,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A. M.,

All the right, title, claim and interest of WILLIAM BAGALEY, of, in and to the following described property, to-wit: All that certain tract of land situate in Scott township, Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and bounded by the Washington and Pittsburgh Turnpike Road, by lands of [illegible] McKee, Robert Lea, the heirs of Robert Lea, dec'd, and William R. Lea, containing 96 acres and 1 rood, more or less, on which is erected a two story frame tenement house. The interest of the said William Bagaley being the one undivided half of the said tract of land.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of William Bagaley, at the suit of the Baltimore Park Bank of New York.

A. MURDOCH, Marshal.

MARSHAL'S OFFICE, Pittsburgh, Pa., October 18th, 1870.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.—Letters testamentary upon the estate of SARAH B. PATTON, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them, and those owing said estate pay the same to

JOSEPH HUGHEY,
Monroeville, Pa.
oc22:f1 w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of MARGARET CRAWFORD, deceased, late of Elizabeth Township, all persons indebted to the said estate are hereby notified to make payment, and all those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

J. M. CRAWFORD, Administrator,
Ohio Tp., Oct. 15th, 1870. oc22:f71

NOTICE.—Letters C. T. A. on the Estate of HARRIET RANKIN, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against the estate of decedent, will present them without delay, and all persons indebted will make payment.

THOS. M. BAYNE,
Administrator, C. T. A.,
No. 97 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh.
OCTOBER 21, 1870. oc25

PROPOSALS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, November 3, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the construction of stairs on the side of the hill at Second street, and up Marion street, and at or near the Washington Pike, will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., THURSDAY, NOV. 10th, 1870.

Also, for the grading, paving and curbing of HAZLETT STREET, from Page avenue to Sheffield street.

The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Specifications can be seen and blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be received unless made upon blanks furnished by this office.

H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.